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Press & Tribune.

CHICAGO.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

Election Tuesday, Nov. 8.

County Treasurer.............A. H. BOYDEN.
County Surveyor.............ALEX. WOLCOTT.
School Commissioner.............J. F. EBERHART.

SOUTH CHICAGO.

Town Supervisor—Frederick Tuttle.
Assistant Supervisor—Aaron Gibbs.
Town Collector—Martin Dodge.
Town Clerk—William H. Wilber.
Assessor—Seth Wadhams.
Commissioners of Highways—C. T. Boggs, L. W. Stone, D. C. Hawley.
Overseers of Highways—1st District, W. P. Comstock; 2d do, Thomas Hall.
Pound Master—Jacob Kibler.

NORTH CHICAGO.

Town Supervisor—A. H. Burley.
Assistant Supervisor—Augustus Sechel.
Town Collector—J. J. Richards.
Town Clerk—Theodore Frese.
Assessor—R. J. Paulson.
Commissioners of Highways—Martin Lewis, Jacob Portman, Ephraim Ward.
Pound Master—Phillip Hills.

WEST CHICAGO.

Town Supervisor—A. G. Throop.
Assistant Supervisor—A. B. Johnson.
Town Clerk—E. L. O'Hara.
Town Collector—F. H. Sleeper.
Assessor—Roswell Scott.
Commissioners of Highways—William Windoes, Anson Piper, John Burth.
Overseer of Highways—A. Pierce, John Ritter.

WARD SUPERVISORS.

1st Ward—	Peter Page,	6th Ward—	R. Cleveland,
2d "	Isaac Speer,	7th "	Carl Erler,
3d "	Geo. A. Flagg,	8th "	George Webster.
4th "	O. H. Salsbury,	9th "	A. H. Burley,
5th "	C. P. Bradley,	10th "	H. Niemayer.

OLD BROWN'S SPEECH.

We presume not one man in a thousand of those who have read John Brown's speech, when asked if he had anything to say why sentence of death should not be pronounced upon him, but inwardly exclaimed that it was a powerful and most telling appeal—that it condensed the points of his case into the narrowest compass and presented them with a force which the most eloquent lawyer in the world might not hope to surpass. His sudden reference to the Bible, which had been so freely handled and kissed in Court, and his quotation of the golden rule and the text, "Remember those that are in bonds as bound with them," must have added solemnity to the impressive scene. We need not wonder that when he ceased the stillness of a funeral reigned in the court room. And if we come to judge of the righteousness of all that John Brown uttered from his standpoint—if we place ourselves beside him in the prisoner's dock with a verdict of guilty lodged upon our heads—we can but applaud the noble firmness with which he vindicated himself and his conduct throughout. That he ought not to have been at Harper's Ferry at all on an errand of insurrection, all are agreed, but that he has borne himself with the utmost bravery from first to last, all brave men must also agree. His conduct has so touched the heart of that old pro-slavery organ, the New York *Journal of Commerce*, that we find it now calling on Gov. Wise to commute his sentence to imprisonment for life! We doubt not this appeal will find an echo even in many quarters of the slave States. Since Brown has said, in the face of his sentence, that he had no design to commit treason nor to excite an insurrection, (but merely to lead slaves to Canada), we believe that he had not. We quite agree with the New York *Times*, that "Virginia is strong "enough to undertake the custody of criminals "of whatever character within her borders. "And even if Brown and his associates were "to be turned loose again and sent home to "the North, we do not believe them capable of "inflicting half as much injury in their lives as "would be caused by their deaths."

The Warning to Secretary Floyd.

The following is the anonymous letter received by Gov. Floyd, of which mention has been made:

"CINCINNATI, Aug. 20, 1859.

"SIR—I have lately received information of a movement of so GREAT IMPORTANCE that I feel it to be my duty to impart it to you without delay. I have discovered the existence of a secret association, having for its object THE LIBERATION OF THE SLAVES AT THE SOUTH BY A GENERAL INSURRECTION. The leader of the movement is OLD JOHN BROWN, of Kansas. He has been in Canada during the winter, drilling the negroes there, and they are only waiting his word to start for the South to assist the slaves. They have one of the leading men, a white man, in the armory in Maryland; where it is situated I have not been able to learn. As soon as everything is ready, those of their number who are in the Northern States and Canada are to come in small companies to their rendezvous, which is in the mountains in Virginia. They will pass down through Pennsylvania and Maryland, and enter Virginia at HARPER'S FERRY. Brown left the North about three or four weeks ago, and will ARM THE NEGROES and strike the BLOW in a few weeks, and so that whatever is done must be done at once. They have a large quantity of arms at their rendezvous, and are probably distributing them already As I am not fully in their confidence, this is all the information I can give you. I dare not sign my name to this, but I trust that you will not disregard the warning on that account."—*Albany Atlas and Argus.*

We submit that all the Forbes revelations, and all other allegations importing that prominent Republicans had fore-knowledge of the Harper's Ferry outbreak, put together and multiplied by seven, do not amount to so much in the way of direct and positive evidence as this short letter addressed to the Democratic Secretary of War two months before the insurrection took place.

MARYLAND.

The Americans are reported to have 17,000 majority in the city of Baltimore, and they have thus elected their State ticket by a very large majority. The Democrats appear to have carried one branch of the Legislature and the Americans the other. The delegation in Congress stands:

	AMERICANS.	DEMOCRATS.
Dist. I......		James A. Stewart.
" II......	E. H. Webster	
" III......	J. M. Harris	
" IV......	H. Winter Davis	
" V......		J. M. Kunkel.
" VI......		Geo. W. Hughes.

The last delegation was like this, equally divided between the two parties.

That Memorial Again.

We publish another communication from another member of the late Republican County Convention on the subject of that memorial. The suggestions of the writer accord with common sense, and we believe with the opinions of nine out of ten of the Republicans of the city. A third member of the Convention, who was understood to have spoken in favor of tabling the memorial, informs the *Evening Journal* that he "moved to refer it to the Central Committee "with power to act." That motion should have prevailed, and we doubt not would have prevailed but for the circumstances set forth by the writer whose communication we print herewith. If the Central Committee shall proceed upon this hypothesis, they will find themselves sustained by all who believe in fair voting rather than foul.

Receipts of Flour and Wheat at the West.

The receipts of Wheat and Flour at the principal receiving points in the West during the last week compare with the week previous as follows:

	PAST WEEK.		PREVIOUS WEEK.	
	Flour, brls.	Wheat, bu.	Flour, brls.	Wheat, bu.
Chicago	33,892	583,103	28,868	461,128
Milwaukee	12,806	394,620	10,663	349,423
St. Louis	11,257	133,886	8,168	125,979
Cincinnati	21,840	46,738	17,103	27,522
Toledo	29,771	115,808	34,508	89,917
Cleveland	22,400	76,248	7,400	69,818
Detroit	37,184	50,029	30,873	50,868
Total	168,030	1,351,250	137,728	1,114,746

The above table shows an increase in the receipts of upwards of 30,000 barrels flour and 200,000 bushels wheat. This was brought out doubtless by the advance which ruled about ten days ago. Since then the markets all over the United States have declined materially, and the receipts show a heavy falling off. On Wednesday the receipts of wheat here were only 47,000 bu, and yesterday 69,000 bu.

☞ Gov. Randall, of Wisconsin, has appointed Thursday, the 24th day of November, inst., to be observed as a day of Thanksgiving and praise to Almighty God.

THE CHICAGO LUMBER TRADE.

Receipts and Shipments Since Jan. 1.

ESTIMATE OF STOCK ON HAND.

The Lumber trade of this city during the past two months has been very much depressed, and prices have sunk to about the lowest point of last year—thus disappointing the manufacturers as well as the dealers. At the commencement of the season, estimates of the quantity of logs cut and the amount of lumber which would probably be turned out during the year, were prepared by the manufacturers, which was placed at about 200,000,000 feet. With an unusually light stock of lumber on hand, both dealers and manufacturers, especially the latter, were sanguine of fair prices and a brisk trade. And, indeed, for a time, prices did advance and an active business was done both for the country and the city trade; but no sooner did manufacturers receive a fair profit for their lumber, than they set actively to work and cut logs during the summer—running their mills day and night, and pouring the lumber into this port at the rate of 12,000,000 feet per day. With these large receipts came the sudden collapse of the Breadstuffs markets, which had been unduly excited on account of the European war; and this tended to diminish the demand very materially, both by the city and country, till prices have fallen below the actual cost of manufacture.

The receipts since the opening of navigation to the 1st inst., compare as follows:—

RECEIPTS OF LUMBER &C., FROM JAN. 1, TO NOV 1.

	1859.	1858.	1857.
Lumber, feet	271,440,565	237,683,000	428,412,000
Shingles, No.	141,474,000	111,836,000	77,303,000
Lath, Pcs	44,462,000	45,219,000	121,826,000

The entire receipts of lumber last year were 273,000,000 feet—so that it will be seen that we have already reached within two million feet of those figures. If we receive as much during the present month and December as last year, the total receipts of 1859 will amount to a trifle over 300,000,000 feet.

The shipments during the present year, too, while the exceeded 1858 at the beginning of the season, have fallen off since then sufficient to make a deficit of about 20,000,000 feet. The following table shows the shipments up to the 1st of November for two years:

RECEIPTS OF LUMBER, ETC., FROM JAN. 1, TO NOV. 1.

	1859.	1858.
Lumber, ft	189,450,000	210,140,000
Shingles, no	146,987,000	131,878,000
Lath, pcs	34,704,000	45,526,000

As we have no means of ascertaining the amount of lumber used in the city, so as to arrive at the stock on hand, it will be necessary to estimate the city consumption by the sales of 1858. In that year, according to the report of the Board of Lumbermen, the sales of lumber amounted to 323,961,579 feet, while the shipments out of the city amounted to 242,793,368 feet—thus leaving for the city's use for the year 81,188,211 feet—or about 6,764,000 feet per month. With such figures as a basis, the amount of lumber on hand may be arrived at as follows:

On hand Dec. 15, 1858—feet		128,456,000
Receipts since Jan. 1, last—feet		271,440,565
Total stock and receipts		399,896,565
Shipments from Jan. 1, to Nov. 1	189,450,000	
Ten month's city use, (according to above figures	67,640,000	
Destroyed by fire	10,000,000	
		267,090,000
Estimate of stock now on hand		132,806,565

The shipments of lumber during the past five or six weeks, average about 4,500,000 weekly. If this demand continues up to the close of the year, and the receipts do not increase—of which at present there is no probability—our stock of lumber will be much lighter than it has been for several years past.

In this connection it must also be borne in mind that the proportion of good merchantable lumber on hand is smaller than usual, on account of the unusual efforts of the manufacturers on the east shore of Lake Michigan to get logs in the summer months—inducing them to cut up everything they could find in the woods which had the shape of tree, and in this manner doubling their estimates made at the opening of the season.

The N. W. Railway Accident.

An article in the *Times* of yesterday commenting upon the cause of the late fearful tragedy on the Chicago & Northwestern Railway, does injustice to that company, in basing its strictures on a misstatement of facts. All will confess the prime necessity of guarding the safety of property and life by fencing in a line of railway, and it is the best evidence that the managers of the line in question entertain the same opinion, the fact that they have wrought with unusual spirit and diligence towards an end so desirable, as will appear from the following:

From Chicago to Janesville, ninety-one miles the line has been entirely fenced, also from Watertown to Oshkosh, forty-eight miles. The intermediate link whose completion was effected on the 10th of August, is eighteen miles, or from Junction to Watertown. This, too, has since been entirely fenced. That portion of the new line from Watertown to Junction was only opened on the 12th of October, less than a month since. Yet two miles of fencing has been completed, and fencing material has been distributed along the entire length, large gangs being at work erecting the same. Among the victims of the sad calamity on Tuesday, were the men Alden, Lion and Boardman of the fencing gang going from Watertown to another portion of the line. The universal verdict of all must be, in view of these facts that the Company are guilty of no neglect of aught that can conduce to the safety of their passengers, if within so short a time they will, as now promised, have enclosed their entire line from Chicago to Oshkosh. Censure of this nature should be reserved for older roads centering here, who year after year have run their trains over miles of unclosed track.

The Death of U. S. Marshal Thomas.

Among the victims of the terrible accident on the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad on Tuesday last, was Mr. M. J. Thomas, of Fond du Lac, the United States Marshal for Wisconsin. As was stated in yesterday's paper, Mr. Thomas probably died from suffocation, having been precipitated, head foremost, into a ditch, partly filled with mud and water—from which, stunned by the shock, he was unable to extricate himself. When his body was first seen, it was so completely covered with mud, that it was some time before he could be identified. He seemed to have a presentiment of some danger ahead; for he was quite low spirited and at Watertown he urged a friend to leave the Excursion train there and come on to Milwaukee. Yielding, however, to the strong solicitations of some officers of the road, he finally consented to continue on the excursion, and in a few minutes met the fate, whose dark shadow clouded his brow and chilled his spirits on the fatal morning.

In the sad and sudden death of Mr. Thomas, we have lost an old and valued friend. We knew him intimately in Albany more than twenty years ago, and though differing politically, our friendly relations continued uninterrupted to the last. He was a genial and refined gentleman, a frank and sincere friend, a faithful and devoted husband and father, a good neighbor and a loyal citizen. He had filled several offices of trust and responsibility in this State, and at the time of his death held the appointment of U. S. Marshal. He was about 42 years of age and has left one son and a wife, who is in very delicate health, to mourn his sad fate. Ever since the death of his father-in-law, John B. Macy, who was drowned in Lake Michigan some three years ago, Mr. Thomas has had the management of the estate, and was working hard to extricate it from embarrassments. He had partially succeeded in his appointed work when death cut short his labors. Mr. Thomas himself had a moderate property, and there was an insurance of $5,000 on his life.—*Milwaukee Sentinel.*

Robbery of the Bank of Eau Claire.

We learn from a gentleman who arrived in town last evening from Tomah, that on Monday morning, about three o'clock, the safe in the above banking house was blown open and robbed of about $7,000 in mortgages, land warrants and cash. Two persons, supposed to be the robbers, were apprehended at Tomah, one on Tuesday and the other yesterday, while in the act of taking the cars to leave town. One of the parties, when arrested had in his possession a fine horse supposed to be stolen. None of the stolen property of the bank has as yet been recovered. The explosion of the safe in the bank was heard by several people in the vicinity, but owing to the mad dog excitement and the frequent shooting of animals at all hours, it was supposed to be the report of a gun, and no notice was taken of it.—*Milwaukee Sentinel.*

Important Railroad Decision.

Judge Whitman of Perry County, Ohio, has just given a decision that has created great consternation among the holders of railway mortgages. His decision denies to all railway corporations the right to mortgage or sell their roads without special legislative authority.

THE CITY.

Public Meeting.

We are requested to state that a public meeting will be held this evening at the Briggs House, at half-past 7 o'clock, to take appropriate action in relation to the late disaster upon the Chicago and Northwestern Railway. The committee of reception and all who were in any way connected with arranging for the reception of our guests from Wisconsin, are specially invited to attend.

☞ Members of the Common Council are requested to meet at the Mayor's office to-day, at 2 o'clock, in order to attend in a body the funeral of Ex-Mayor James Curtis.

JOHN C. HAINES, Mayor.

TENTH WARD REPUBLICAN MEETING.—There will be a Republican Meeting in the 10th Ward, at the house of Chas. Lind, corner of Twelfth and Union streets, on Friday evening the 4th inst., to which all Republicans are invited. Good speakers will be in attendance.

☞ This morning Gilbert & Sampson sell, at their store, No. 82 Lake street, at 10 o'clock, a large and general variety of furniture, carpets and household goods.

GYMNASTIC EXHIBITION.—The Gymnastic company, "*Vorwoerts*," will give an exhibition of their skill at the German Theatre this evening. After the performance of the Gymnasts, there will be a concert and ball. See advertisement.

☞ The *Times* don't like the resolutions passed by the Republican County Convention; and we did not suppose it would. We have not the remotest idea that the Committee who presented them cared one farthing whether they would please the *Times* or not.

ARREST FOR RAPE.—A man named John O'Neal, who keeps a saloon on the North Side, was arrested on Wednesday on the chacge of committing a rape on an old woman named Elizabeth Radford, a tenant of his. The case was continued for further examination.

CITY RAILROAD.—The cars on the Randolph and Madison street railways are now running by a new time table. They leave every seventeen minutes and perform the trip either way in twenty-five minutes. This will afford increased accommodation to the people of the West Side.

CHICAGO ACADEMY OF MEDICAL SCIENCES.—The annual address will be delivered before the Academy by Dr. James Bloodgood, this evening, at 7 o'clock, in the lecture room of Sloan's Commercial College, Methodist Church Block.

The profession and those interested in Medical Sciences are invited to be present.

PERSONAL.—Among the sojourners at the Richmond House, are the following distinguished gentlemen: Hon. John P. Hale of New Hampshire, Hon. Anson Burlingame of Massachusetts, Hon. George Green of Iowa, Judge Catlin of Wisconsin, Judge Cornelison of New Jersey, Capt. J. M. Dolliver of Massachusetts, Hon. Owen Lovejoy, Hon. J. F. Farnsworth, and Hon. E. B. Washburne of Illinois.

HEAVY FREIGHT.—We are informed that the Galena Railway Company are receiving 100 cars per day over the Dixon Air Line, freighted with grain; and notwithstanding this heavy rate of transportation, that the fertile territory along the Cedar Valley Railroad pours down its agricultural wealth to the banks of the Mississippi, faster, sometimes, than it can be forwarded to Chicago.

OPENING OF CALVARY CEMETERY.—This cemetery was opened on Wednesday for the reception of the dead, according to the rites of the Catholic Church. Rt. Rev. James Duggan, Bishop of Chicago, with fifteen priests, were present, and took part in the ceremony. The Bishop delivered a discourse appropriate to the occasion.

"CIDER, SWEET."—We acknowledge the receipt of a barrel of splendid cider—pure as the real old fashioned New Jersey—from Messrs. Webster & Baxter, 197 Kinzie street. It was manufactured in Elkhart, Indiana, by B. F. Brown, Esq., and does the State and the manufacture great credit. Messrs. W. & B. have a large stock of the same sort on hand.

They have also a large stock of Brown's celebrated apples and Neshannock potatoes.

☞ A large manufactory has just been opened by Messrs. Willson & Co., 377 South Clark street, for manufacturing a new and certainly a very desirable Fire Kindler. It is composed of resinous substances which light quickly with a match, and to start a blazing fire either of wood or coal is but the work of a moment, and for economy and cleanliness it certainly cannot be excelled. We use it in our office and at our dwelling as well and do heartily commend its use to all lovers of cheerful fires and smiling faces.

☞ A countryman named Frederick Finney, from Duncan's Grove, was arrested at the instance of one Peter Florence, a grain buyer, charging him with an assault. Finney came in with a load of corn which Florence agreed to purchase. Finney hauled the grain to Florence's place on the North Side, but upon arriving there, Florence refused to stick to his bargain, which so enraged Finney that he gave him a vigorous booting. Finney acknowledged the corn, and was fined $3 and costs.

WHERE SHALL I SEND MY BOY?"—Parents are frequently at a loss where to find a suitable school for their children, in the West. Until recently the Eastern States have monopolized this business, but we are happy to learn that provision is being made to educate our sons and daughters nearer at hand. Among the most valuable schools, a friend at hand tells us that the new department fitted up and governed by an admiral corps of teachers, at Racine College, is worthy of the attention and patronage of all who are seeking a first rate school for their children. The apartments are neat, and the boys receive the especial care of two estimable ladies as Matron and assistant. See advertisement in another column.

ANOTHER FATAL ACCIDENT IN A GRAIN WAREHOUSE.—Coroner James was called Wednesday evening to hold an inquest on the body of Philip Dairing, who was instantly killed in Pomeroy's grain warehouse, No. 72 South Water street, on the afternoon of that day. It seems that a number of men were engaged in feeding a corn sheller, and the deceased being crowded, reduced the speed of the sheller, by slipping the belt off around the shaft. He was accustomed to kick the belt off with his foot, although he had often been cautioned not to do so. While the rest were away to fill their baskets, he attempted to kick it off as usual, but making a miss, got his boot caught in the belt and was carried around the shaft, his head striking against a beam. He was killed instantly. The jury returned a verdict in accordance with the facts. Dairing lived on Larrabee street, in the North Division, and leaves a wife and three children.

MINISTRY AT LARGE.—The Minister at large is made to know more of the struggles poor men and women will make for bread than perhaps any other organization in Chicago. It has some power to relieve directly, but this cannot come to much at the best, and the managers feel at all times that if they can get a poor man or woman the chance to earn a dollar, it is far better for them as for all besides, to do that than to give one. The present bright, pleasant weather is but the prelude to winter, and the poor feel it. So every morning numbers of persons come to us, seeking what we have not power to give them—work, to get bread, and fuel and clothing for the winter. Two cases are very painful to us; one is a Polish man; the other a German. Both will most gladly work at anything they can do, and they can do a great many things; can be useful about a warehouse or large place of any kind; both are well recommended. Both came and have come many days inquiring with heavy hearts if there is yet any application for a man. All they can do will be useless, if they cannot get work. Will any firm or gentleman needing help, let us know? Both can write a good hand, but will do any possible manual labor.

Office rear of the Unitarian Church, Washington street.

THE BELLEVILLE CALAMITY.

FURTHER NEWS FROM THE INJURED.

LAST OBSEQUIES TO THE DEAD.

PARTICULARS OF THE RETURN TO FOND DU LAC AND OSHKOSH.

MEETING AND RESOLUTIONS OF THE EXCURSIONISTS.

Since the great calamity which on Tuesday overtook the party of excursionists bound for this city over the Chicago and Northwestern Railway, a gloom and sadness has pervaded the breasts of our citizens, in sympathy with those who more keenly experienced the heavy blow.

Perry H. Smith, Esq., Vice-President of the C. & N. W. R. Co., returned to this city yesterday from Fond du Lac and Oshkosh whither he accompanied the mournful return train on Tuesday. From him we learn particulars of interest in connection with the tragedy.

The dead and more seriously wounded belonging in Fond du Lac were left in Watertown on Tuesday, the train proceeding to Oshkosh with its sad burden. The news had reached that place by the up train a few hours previous, but gave no details nor names, and there being no telegraph line thither, the most painful anxiety of course prevailed among those who had friends on the train. At 10.30 P. M. the train reached Oshkosh, when a concourse of citizens, many hundreds in number, rushed about it in most agonized and fearful eagerness to learn as to their own loved ones. Some little time elapsed before the many could be relieved, and the heavy burden of their own woe placed upon hearts to whom it had been decreed in this fearful disaster. The entire city, however, was shrouded in grief as the dead and wounded were taken to their homes. On Wednesday by the regular train at 6.25 P. M. the dead belonging in Fond du Lac reached that place, there to be received by an entire population in mourning. A large concourse of citizens, the Fire Department and others, surrounded the depot, and formed a mournful escort to the poor remains of those who lately had gone forth so joyous and gay.

To-day at both places the last obsequies will be paid to the dead. At Oshkosh the following five:

EMERSON, SHERWOOD,
PETERSILEA, ALDERS,
LUNT.

At Fond du Lac the following six are to be interred with the last honors paid by the entire public as in Oshkosh:

SICKELS, GILLET, SNOW,
THOMAS, MASON, BOARDMAN.

The last remains of Dr. Miner were followed to the grave in Watertown by a large number of citizens. Making twelve, the present number of the dead by this calamity.

We learn that McCabe, the fireman, at Watertown, will doubtless die. His injuries prove more serious than were at first supposed. He has a severe contusion on the back, and his lungs are ruptured. He will probably, as is hoped, be the only one to swell the sad list of victims.

From the wounded we hear encouraging tidings. Mr. Craig, of this city, at Watertown, is in a highly favorable condition, and will re[illegible] hoped he may be able to be removed to Chicago within a week.

V. B. Smead, at Fond du Lac, is in a more favorable condition, though previously reported dead. Judge Flint of the same place is doing well. Bonesteel also is comfortable, but will be crippled for life it is feared, the head of his thigh bone being badly shattered.

James Page is recovering. His dislocation of the hip joint was skilfully reduced by Dr. Brainard of this city, who was sent up by a special train on Wednesday evening. Amos Page is also recovering.

All cognizant of the same, unite in according the highest praise to the noble hearted citizens of Watertown for their generous and quick sympathies and efficient attentions to the sufferers by this calamity. The same finds appropriate embodiment in the following resolutions passed at a meeting of the excursionists from Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, and Appleton:

Resolved, That we, the friends and neighbors of the killed and wounded on the excursion train of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway Company, most sincerely return to the citizens of Watertown, the surgeons, and all others who administered and sympathised with the afflicted, our grateful and heartfelt thanks.

Resolved, That such generosity and kindness from the municipal officers and citizens of Watertown, although they may never be repaid, can certainly never be forgotten by the people of Fond du Lac, Oshkosh and Appleton, while they retain a recollection of the terrible disaster which has clothed their respective cities in mourning.

Resolved, That we also acknowledge our deep obligations to the officers of the Milwaukee, Watertown and Baraboo Valley R. R. Co.; to the Mayor, physicians and surgeons of Milwaukee, for the prompt and efficient aid they rendered, and the great and unremitting efforts put forth to give the sufferers the benefit of their skill and experience.

Resolved, That we are satisfied that the accident which has occasioned this great calamity was unavoidable, and could not be foreseen, and that the Company and its officers have done all in their power to alleviate their sufferings, and provide for the living and dead.

JOHN POTTER,
President of the meeting of the Excursionists from Fond du Lac, Oshkosh and Appleton.

To-day let our citizens remember our two sister cities of Wisconsin shrouded in gloom as the dead are borne to their last resting place. These dead and many of these mourners were to have shared our hospitalities the present week. Let them receive, as they doubtless will, the tribute such grief will command from many hearts here.

HON. JAMES CURTISS.—We announced yesterday the sudden death of the Hon. James Curtiss, formerly Mayor of this city, at Joliet. We are indebted to a friend, a relative of the deceased, for the following brief biography of Mr. Curtiss. He was born in Weathersfield, Ct., in 1803. At an early day he went to Philadelphia, where he served an apprenticeship at the printing business, and worked in that city several years. From Philadelphia he went to Eastport, Maine, and was for some time editor of the *Northern Light*, published in that place. In 1834 he came to this city, and shortly afterwards commenced the publication of the *Democratic Advocate*, which he continued for some time, when he was appointed State's Attorney for this District, which embraced all of the State north of the Kankakee river, a position which he held for four years. He was subsequently elected Alderman for several terms, and in 1846 he was elected Mayor of this city. He filled the place for one year, and was then appointed or elected Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas for Cook County. In 1850, he was again elected Mayor, and in 1851 retired. Since 1855 he has been extensively engaged in farming in Champaign County, in this State. He was a gentleman who commanded the respect of all, and in every public or private position which he occupied discharged his duty faithfully.

His remains were brought to this city yesterday, and will be buried to-day at half-past two o'clock P. M., from the Second Presbyterian Church, (Rev. Dr. Patterson's,) on Wabash avenue. The obsequies will be according to the rites of the Odd Fellows, of which organization he was a member.

CARD FROM DR. BELL.—When the reporter of the *Journal* called upon me to give him a detailed statement of the Belleville casualty, I told him frankly that I had engaged to write a statement for the PRESS AND TRIBUNE, and I felt I should do injustice to that paper if I gave it to any one else, but took extra trouble to find Mr. Edmonds, an intelligent gentleman, who was on the train, and introduced him to Mr. Upton, the Reporter of the *Journal*, in order that he might obtain the facts from him. Could I have honorably done otherwise? S. T. BELL.

Mt. Vernon Ladies' Association.

The first meeting of the lady managers of the Mt. Vernon Association, for Chicago, was held on Thursday, Oct. 27, at Mrs. M. O. Walker's, when the following resolutions were adopted viz:

Resolved, That the ladies present at this meeting, appreciating the truly patriotic and national design of the Mt. Vernon Ladies' Association of the Union, for the purchase of the home and the tomb of the sainted father of our country, will cordially unite our endeavors to bring the claims of that Association to the attention of the citizens of Chicago, and to effect a complete canvass of the city at the earliest day.

Resolved, That the lady managers in each Division be organized by the selection of a principal Directress, who shall also act as Secretary and Treasurer of her Division, or appoint a substitute; and that the ladies associated with her shall proceed, without delay, to select assistant managers for the purpose of collection, and distribute the various streets or blocks among the assistants appointed, so that every family in the Division shall be visited, and opportunity shall be offered to every inhabitant, old or young, to contribute their voluntary offering to the shrine of our great national benefactor.

Resolved, That the lady managers in each Division shall meet together in their respective Divisions, from time to time, in the prosecution of their labors, and that a general meeting of all the lady managers of all the Divisions shall be held on the fifteenth and thirtieth of each month, until the work is completed.

Resolved, That to render the collections in our city as extensive as possible, affording to all an opportunity of participating in this tribute of grateful and reverential love for the memory of Washington, all our citizens, of whatever nationality, shall be appealed to; and that no sum exceeding *twenty-five* cents shall be solicited by the ladies collecting, except for membership of the Association for such as desire it, the established charge for which is one dollar.

Resolved, That it is expedient that the entire canvass of the city should be completed, if possible, during the month of November.

The following ladies compose the Board of Managers thus far appointed, viz:

SOUTH DIVISION.

Mrs. John R. Case, Manager, Mrs. James Peck,
Mrs. William Brackett, Mrs. Dr. W. Wagner.
Mrs. F. Mahla,

WEST DIVISION.

Mrs. John C. Haines, Mrs. D. P. Livermore,
Mrs. Charles N. Holden, Mrs. Augustus Magnus.
Mrs. Fred. W. Krause,

NORTH DIVISION.

Mrs. J. F. Barnard, Mrs. O. E. Hosmer,
Mrs. Caspar Butz, Mrs. V. C. Turner,
Mrs. A. C. Hessing, Mrs. Edward Wright.

The organization is to be thoroughly systematised, so that the public may be assured whatever is contributed will reach its true destination. Every authorized collector will be furnished with books prepared by the Association, and signed by the Vice Regent, or the lady manager who distributes them. The memberships are subsequently copied for publication in the *Mount Vernon Record*, a valuable paper, devoted to the interest of the cause, and published monthly by Devereux & Co., Philadelphia, the profits of which are given by them to the Association. After the State collections are completed, the subscription books are to be bound for future preservation in the archives of the State, and copied, to be kept always open for inspection at Mount Vernon. The funds, as they are collected, are deposited with the State Treasurer—Mr. Luther Haven—and all those henceforth to be collected are to be devoted to the restoration and care of the estate, and not to its purchase. This will entirely remove all objections which have hitherto existed on account of its late proprietor. Be these objections as they may, the estate has now become a national possession and trust; and long after he shall have passed to other mansions, Mount Vernon shall stand a beautiful and cherished monument to the immortal Washington and his associates, to perpetuate the great principles their lives illustrated, and the holy patriotism of the nation.

We now bespeak for those, who, in this spirit, generously undertake the labor of collection, the sympathy and aid of all those who have hearts to appreciate the noble work; and we trust the small tribute asked for their country will be [illegible] It may be asked if the purchase money is already raised, why it is not paid?

A moment's reflection will show that as soon as possession is taken, means will be required to take care of the place; and by an estimate of competent gentlemen, it is found that less than twenty-five or thirty thousand dollars would be inadequate for the immediate demands of possession, and the indispensable repairs, which, it is well known, are already begun.

This amount the ladies are anxious to collect before the 22d of February next, when they hope to be able to proclaim Mt. Vernon the property of the Nation.

It may be well to state that the funds of the Association in Illinois are not consumed by expenses. No officer receives compensation, most of the ladies throughout the State defraying their own charges for travel, stationery, etc.

The Vice Regent would here gratefully acknowledge the great liberality of the PRESS AND TRIBUNE, *Times* and *Journal* in printing, C. H. & L. Laflin, and Munson & Bradley, in furnishing stationery, and Jones, Perdue & Small, in binding books.

The merits of this great national movement, it is not proposed here to discuss. If there is an individual living in the enjoyment of the privileges purchased by the struggles of the Revolution, who has no heart to appreciate this national tribute to that period, we have only to say, the loss is his own.

There are hearts, it is believed, large enough to contribute to the fund now required for the permanent care of the place, and in a manner creditable to this prosperous Republic, and, before their labors cease, the ladies hope to see this fund established on a durable basis, so that no future appeal to the nation in behalf of Mt. Vernon will be required.

A WORK OF GENIUS.—We have been permitted to see a group in clay, modeled by Mr. John Rogers, a young artist of this city, which, we predict, will give him a high and enduring reputation among the lovers of the beautiful in this country. The work is called the *Slave Mart*; and though the figures are minute, the story and the whole design of the artist are told by a glance at the group. On a platform and behind an auctioneers desk is standing the slave dealer with hammer in hand. Before him is a family consisting of the slave man, his wife and two children—one an infant in arms. The woman is evidently offered for sale, and to her the seller is pointing as he goes over an enumeration of her points. She is bowed down with grief at the thought of separation from all that she holds dear, and strains her child to her bosom with a nervous clutch, while on the face of the husband and father, standing at the auctioneer's right, are traced lines of profound despair and determination akin to revenge. A child of tender years, partly concealed by the mother's scanty skirt, peeping out in alarm at the unusual crowd, completes the group. But no words can convey to the reader's mind a sense of the exquisite fidelity with which these figures are wrought, nor the effect which they produce upon the sympathies of those who behold them. Mr. Rogers, who will not be long unknown to fame, goes to New York to put his conception in more durable material than clay. He and his work will be heard of hereafter.

POLICE.—The following is the docket for Thursday, Judge Milliken presiding:

Matthias Stateman was fined $15 for abusing his wife. He purchased two quarts of whisky, over which he got drunk and then commenced amusing himself by throwing the crockery at his wife, which pleasantry the police interfered with by arresting him.

John Orrent, who pretended to be insane, was fined $5, and ten days in the Bridewell, for driving his wife out doors and beating her.

Edward Kinney, for beating his wife, while drunk, $5.

Frances Nye and Nancy Nye, two amazons, were caught fighting together, and the frail Nancy in the act of beating the fair Frances with a pop bottle. They were fined $3 each.

A dwarf about four feet high and 21 years of age, was fined $1 for drunkenness. The Lilliputian was found endeavoring to whip a six-footer, and after being arrested, expressed his desire to thrash the whole police force, singly or collectively.

Ann Somers, who came out of the Bridewell Wednesday, was fined $5 and sent back for twenty-five days, for being drunk and taking possession of a saloon and refusing to leave.

Geo. Melville was fined $5 for disorderly conduct in Osband's cigar store under the Tremont House. He was ejected and out of revenge commenced breaking windows.

"Chicago Bill," *alias* Moses Hopkins, a colored cook, Edward Hicks, Patrick Dawson and Terrence Gibbons were fined $2 each for simple drunks.

James Brown, violation of bridge ordinance, was discharged by the Mayor.

J. Stewart, violation of liquor ordinance, case continued.

IN THE SERVICE OF THE STATE.—Sixteen State prisoners were sent to Joliet on Wednesday evening, under the charge of Marshal Jacob Behm.

SEWING MACHINES.—We are glad to copy the following, which we find in the *Christian Times* of this city:

The idea that the sewing machine must be a complicated mass of delicate machinery in multiplied parts and worth from $50 to $150, is now thoroughly done away, and families are beginning to realize the fact that machines, far more simple in mechanical construction, with a tenth of the machinery, entirely reliable, durable and strong, equal in every working quality, requiring not half the skill necessary to successful management, as rapid and less noisy in operation, and doing a greater variety of work, are superseding and taking the precedence after every thoroughly practical test, and still sold at less than half what is even now occasionally paid for a machine. The machines which prove reliable and practical in all family and manufacturing sewing in the hands of any one, those which are sold at a price within the pocket of the million, have but lately made their appearance. We know there are many in market, claiming to be "the best," for from $7 to $30, but when put to the test, nearly all prove comparatively worthless. There are really first class machines, in every working quality, which sell at $35 to $40, whose extreme simplicity, strength, size and capacity, if not their reasonable price, make them more desirable and really better, in the hands most persons, than the complicated and costly machines patented years ago.

These facts were made clear beyond a chance for doubt upon examining L. Cornell & Co.'s newly patented machines, and the testimony of the very many of our acquaintances who are using them with the highest satisfaction and the most perfect success.

Their machine is a wonderful simplification of the best principles of mechanics as applied to the manufacture of sewing machines. There are but two working parts underneath, and these are very strong and never need change through all kinds of work; they are effectually secured from dust, and never expose goods or dresses to oil from the machine. It is entirely unnecessary for the operator to learn the adjustment of the machine, for the best of reasons—the parts never need change and never get out of order. Besides, these machines are almost noiseless, and would not tax the most delicate in operating and handling them, so easily do they run. Both spools are on the top of the machine; the tension of one can never get wrong; the other is managed by a simple screw. It's strong under drop feed; the great room for passing goods through are very great improvements; the heaviest and lightest goods are handled with the greatest precision. We speak of these machines more particularly because we think the inventors and manufacturers sailed clear of all those many objections raised against the high-priced and complicated, as well as those invariably charged against the little petty machines which claim to be "the best."

From our own personal knowledge of these machines and the proprietors, Messrs. C. & Co., and from the testimony of a great number using their machines, we can most unhesitatingly and sincerely recommend them both as worthy of the entire confidence of all. We believe these machines are among the very best in the market; they are certainly great favorites wherever they are known, even among machines at $125. With these machines we find another new and very important invention, the Universal Hemmer, the only one yet known which is adjustable to different widths of hem and thicknesses of cloth. Such a machine and such a hemmer, at such a price, is just what we have long been waiting for and wishing to find.

We are glad to see these great improvements, glad to see real merit dislodge and supersede the presuming exclusives on the one hand, as well as the flaming pretenders on the other. Again we say, good cheer to the household! A new and most serviceable assistant is here for you. See advertisement.

I. O. O. F.—The members of Chicago Encampment No. 10, are requested to meet at Odd Fellows' Hall, Randolph street, this Friday at 10 o'clock, to attend the funeral of their late brother, Patriarch James Curtiss.

The members of Germanian Encampment, and the several Lodges of the city, are invited to unite with us, in paying the last sad tribute of respect to our departed and esteemed friend and brother.

By the order of the C. P.
THOMAS CHALMERS, Sec'y.

LOCAL MATTERS.

☞ Go to John Jones, 119 Dearborn street, and get your clothes cleaned and repaired. They will be well done and at prices to suit the times.

STRANGERS AND CITIZENS REQUIRING PRESENTS, will find every variety of chaste, rich and elegant fancy goods, at J. D. Park's Bazaar of Fancy, 124 Lake street. Also, elegant Bridal and Party Fans, in pearl sticks, painted parchment backs; Pearl Sticks in white cherry, blue and painted silk; Ivory Sticks in white cherry, blue and painted silk. Sandal Wood, in silk, linen and paper. Hair Pins, in coral and gold; blue and gold, pearl and gold. Fancy Combs, in coral and gold, blue and gold, black and gold. Head Dresses, in coral and gold, blue and gold, black and gold. Tuck Combs, in steel, shell inlaid in gold. Steel Buckles, Slides, Belt Clasps and Bracelets. Purses with Chains in Berlin Wire, in Velvet and Florentine Sets, in Ivory, in Leather, in Shell, in Pearl richly carved. Garters in White Cherry, Drab and Blue Silk, with bows and rosettes, in kid, buck, linen and velvet embroidery. Satchels, Bags, Cabas, Dressing Cases, Card Cases, Souvenirs, Necessaries, Tablets, etc., etc.

J. D. PARK, 124 Lake street,

THE FAVORITE, AS USUAL—THE WHEELER & WILSON MACHINE has received the highest awards this season at the U. S. Agricultural Fair, and the Fairs of the American Institute at New York, the St. Louis Mechanical Association, and the State Fairs of Maine, Vermont, New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, and California, and scores of County Fairs.

At the United States Agricultural Fair about thirty Sewing Machines were exhibited. The award to this machine was the Society's grand medal, and a special award of a silver pitcher valued at $100.

GEO. R. CHITTENDEN, Gen'l Agent.
nov4-3t. 167 and 169 Lake street.

CONFECTIONERY.—The question is often asked, "Where can I get some good Candy?" As a good article every one knows is rather scarce, we must remind our readers, in answering the above, that by the removal to the spacious Store, No. 47 South Clark street, SEELEY has made ample provisions in addition to his wholesale trade for the retail department. His Candies are always fresh and the varieties are numerous. no2-b2-4t

☞ SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES FOR TAILORING AND LEATHER SEWING, AT 66 LAKE STREET. no2 1w

☞ *Singer's Family Sewing Machines, at 66 Lake street.* no2 1w

GAS FIXTURES.—Brown & Wilder are now receiving from Cornelius & Baker, and other manufacturers, a large assortment of late patterns of Chandeliers Pendants and other Gas Fixtures, Globes, &c. All in need will please call at 47 and 49 State street. oc17:2m

☞ See advertisement of Cornell & Co.'s two-thread noiseless premium Sewing Machine and universal hemmer, No. 133 Lake st. au27-1y

☞ Vichot! Conchas!! Comerciante La Orleans Regalia de Londres!!!! La Mejer De La Habana!!!!! Choice and select brands of Cigars just received by D. W. Corbin & Co., 65 South Clark street. Try them.

INSURANCE, INSURANCE.—
CARLILE BOYD &
T. G. VAN BUREN

Springfield F. and M. Ins. Co.
Capital and Surplus $448,315.86.

MASSASOIT INSURANCE CO.,
Capital and Surplus $231,097.65.

HOPE FIRE INS., CO.,
Capital and Surplus $179,541.53.

HANOVER FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Capital and Surplus $242,104.94.

Knickerbocker Life Ins. Co.,
Capital and Surplus $220,000.00.

Office No. 1, Dole's Building, Corner of South Water and Clark Sts.
[se22 a 304-3m 1st p]

FURS. FURS. FURS.
We are receiving a splendid assortment of
LADIES' FURS,
Consisting in part of
Russian Sable, Mink, Stone Martin and Fitch
CLOAKS, CAPES, VICTORIENS,
MUFFS, CUFFS, GLOVES, MITTENS, &c.
Also a large Stock of Low Priced Furs.
Children's Goods in Great Variety.
GENTLEMEN'S FUR CAPS, MUFFLERS, GLOVES
Wolf, Bear, Gennett, Tiger Cat, Racoon and Buffalo Robes. Our Furs are manufactured expressly for us, and in the best possible manner. An examination of our stock is solicited.
BASSETT & HAMMOND,
no3-a804-2m-1stp 192 Lake st., cor. Wells.

AVON FIRE BRICK, FIRE CLAY, Cupola Brick and Tile for sale at 187 & 189 Washington street, Chicago, Ill.
No 1 Brick from $40 to $50 per thousand—according to quantity taken.
oc26a745 dly JOSEPH SMITH, Agent.

LOW'S WINDSOR SOAP AT
BUCK & RAYNER'S
Central Prescription Drug Store, 93 Clark street.

PRICE'S GLYCERINE SOAP,
AT BUCK & RAYNER'S
Central Prescription Drug Store, 93 Clark street.

CLEAVER'S HONEY SOAP,
AT BUCK & RAYNER'S
Central Prescription Drug Store, 93 Clark street.

New Advertisements.

☞ C. H. SCRIVEN, *Advertising Agent, 63 Dearborn-st. is authorized to receive Advertisements for this and all the Leading Papers of the North West.* ja1-b694-y

WANTED—A young man who understands the English and German languages, wants a situation in a Hardware, Grocery, Commission or Wholesale Business, or at private families. Good references given. Address, through the post office, "H. M.," box 3260. no4x3t

WANTED—An active young man as Solicitor for Coal. Apply at 186 State-st. no4x1t

WANTED—By a young lady from the East, a situation as Governess in a family, or as Music Teacher in a school. References given. Address TEACHER, post office box 2879, Chicago. no4x1w

WANTED—A young man of good business capabilities, with small cash capital, would like to buy an interest in a retail grocery, well located. South Side preferred. Address box 3066. no4x3t

WANTED—Day board in a private family where there are few or no other boarders, by two young men. Satisfactory references given. Address box 4258 post office. no4x3t

NO RENT TO PAY.—A small Cottage on Wabash avenue, below Twelfth street, will be sold for less than a year's rent. Apply at 234 Lake street. no4x3t

THERE will be a meeting of all those interested in the construction of a bridge across the South Branch, at Halsted street, at Kittemyer's Saloon, 293 Twelfth street, on Friday evening at 7½ o'clock. All those interested are requested to attend. no4x1t

CHICAGO, November 4, 1859.
COLLECTOR OF SOUTH CHICAGO.
The undersigned announces himself a candidate for the above office and respectfully solicits the votes of all parties.
no4x4t DAVID RUNNION.

MONEY TO LOAN, upon Real Estate in Chicago, in sums from $500 to $2,000. E. H. CUMMINGS, Room 12, No. 102 Randolph st. no4x3t

FRENCH TOOTH BRUSHES,
Of the finest quality for sale by
J. H. REED & CO.
Apothecaries and Chemists, 144 and 146 Lake street.

GLYCERINE JELLY,
FOR CHAPPED HANDS AND FACE.
For sale by
J. H. REED & CO., 144 & 146 Lake-st.

DRESSING CASES,
LADIES' PURSES, PORTMONNAIES, &c.
For sale by
J. H. REED & CO., Apothecaries,
144 and 146 Lake street.

CLEAVER'S HONEY SOAP,
FANCY SOAPS highly perfumed, in great variety, for sale by J. H. REED & CO.,
144 and 146 Lake street.

NEW BUCKWHEAT FLOUR,
This day received from New York.
no4b15-2t D. B. WINTON, 109 State street.

TO LUMBER DEALERS.—We have a house and lot on North Market street and some cash which we wish to trade for Lumber. Apply immediately to POPE & SLOCUM, No. 8 South Clark street. no4x3t

TO MERCHANTS, MANUFACTURERS, LUMBER DEALERS, MECHANICS, ETC:—A considerable portion of my time being unoccupied, I shall be glad to devote it, during the winter months, to writing up the books and making out the accounts (either in my own office or in theirs,) of those who cannot afford to keep a first class book keeper. Assignees of Estates will find this a favorable arrangement. Terms reasonable. The strictest secrecy regarding books may be relied on. References given. Apply to or address
JAMES CAMERON,
Office No. 4 Taylor's Block, South Water street.
Post Office Box 3869. no4x3t

CORPORATION NOTICE.
City Clerk's Office, Nov. 4, 1859.
Public notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that the Common Council of the City of Chicago, intend to appropriate and take the land necessary to open an Alley fourteen feet wide, running north and south through the centre of block forty six, Kinzie's addition to Chicago, according to the order passed by the Common Council August 29th, 1859. no4-10t H. KREISMANN. City Clerk.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.
Under and by virtue of an Assignment made to me by
EDWIN E. GRIGGS,
Bearing date the twenty-seventh day of April, A. D. 1859
I will,
ON WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER NINTH,
At ten o'clock in the forenoon at Store No 89 South Water street, in the third story of said building, expose
FOR SALE AT PUBLIC AUCTION,
A large stock of miscellaneous
SCHOOL AND CLASSICAL BOOKS.
A Large Quantity of Stationery.
Also [illegible] recently purchased at the best publishing houses in the city of New York. Also a large sized
SHOW CASE
Suitable for a Bookstore, and one OFFICE DESK—Good new and in good condition, and three OFFICE CHAIRS. Comprising the entire stock in trade of the said Griggs, recently occupying store No. 186 Lake street.
Said sale to be positive without reserve. Terms cash.
ALFRED BELLANY, Assignee.
Dated Chicago, November 3d, A. D. 1859. no4-b14-td

TEXT BOOKS FOR SALE
AT THE
LAW BOOKSTORE OF
D. B. Cooke & Company,
NO. 111 LAKE STREET.

I.
STEPHEN ON PLEADING. Treatise on the Principles of Pleading in Civil Actions; comprising a summary view of the whole proceedings in a Suit at Law. 8th edition, 8vo. Price $3.

II.
BARTON'S HISTORY of a Suit in Equity. New edition. Price $2.25.

III.
DEVEREUX'S KINNE'S BLACKSTONE. The most material part of Blackstone's Commentaries, from the twenty-first English edition, reduced to Questions and Answers. By John C. Deveraux, Counsellor at Law. One vol. Price $3.50.

IV.
DEVEREUX'S KENNE'S KENT. New edition. $4.00.

V.
TAYLOR'S LAW GLOSSARY. The Law Glossary being a selection from the Greek, Latin, French, Norman and Italian Sentences, Phrases and Maxims found in the leading English and American reports and elementary works, with Historical and Explanatory Notes, alphabetically arranged and translated into English, by Thomas Taylor. Fourth edition, revised, corrected and enlarged. $4.

VI.
PARSON'S CONTRACTS. Two volumes. $11.

VII.
GREENLEAF ON EVIDENCE. Three vols, $15.50.

VIII.
CHITTY'S BLACKSTONE. Two volumes. $4.50.

IX.
CHITTY'S PLEADING. New edition. Three volumes. Price $12.

*** A liberal discount will be made to students and others buying in quantities. Catalogues furnished gratis.
D. B. COOKE & CO., Law Booksellers,
111 Lake Street.

☞ The history of Dr. J. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the most remarkable medicine of the day, and the many cures that have been performed with it in cases of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, and other diseases arising from a disordered stomach or liver, places it at once among the most astonishing discoveries that has taken place in the medical world. The diseases to which Bitters are applicable are so universal that there are but few of our friends who may not test their virtues in their own families or circle of acquaintances and prove to their own satisfaction that there is at least one remedy among the many advertised medicines, deserving the public commendation.
Sold by Druggists and dealers generally everywhere.
no4-2w-d&w

A. M. WARD, AGENT
CHARTER OAK LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
No. 8 CLARK STREET, CHICAGO.
Insures at the lowest price consistent with security. Capital and Surplus over $600,000, and rapidly increasing.
no3-b9-2w

CITIZENS OF CHICAGO AND COMMUNITY GENERALLY.
You are cordially invited to call and examine the
BEAUTIFUL STOCK OF GOODS
Now offered at the New Store
123 LAKE STREET, 123
Consisting of fine
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
Beautiful and entirely New Patterns of Coral, Lava, Carbuncle, Etruscan, Cameo, Turquoi, Garnet and all other kinds of
PINS, EAR-RINGS AND BRACELETS,
VEST AND CHATTELAIN CHAINS,
Rings, Thimbles, Sleeve Buttons, Studs, Spectacles, Wedding Rings, Coral, Jet, Etruscan and Plain Gold Necklaces, Pure Silver Forks, Spoons, Knives, Coffee, Cream, Sugar and Salt Spoons, Soup, Oyster and Gravy Ladles, Cups, Goblets, Napkin Rings, and a great many of the most beautiful goods, that it has been the pleasure of the lovers of the beautiful to look upon. Also entirely New Patterns of Tea Sets, Coffee Urns, Cake Baskets, Castors, Liquor Stands, Egg Stands, Butter Dishes, Cups, Goblets, Table Ware, and other articles too numerous to mention, and which you are cordially invited to call and examine at the new store, 123 Lake Street, one door east from Clark street.
H. R. CABEREY.

MASONIC and other Regalia on hand and made to order by H. R. CABEREY,
123 Lake street.

SPECTACLES—A full assortment of Gold, Silver, Silver Plated and Steel Spectacles selling cheap at 123 Lake st. H. R. CABEREY.
no3-b7-4w

A CARD.—H. R. CABEREY, formerly of the firm of CARTER & CABEREY, begs leaves to return thanks to all his old friends and patrons for their favors bestowed upon him during the time he was in the old firm, and earnestly solicits a continuance of their patronage at his New Store, 123 LAKE STREET, one door from the corner of Clark Street, where he will endeavor, as times will warrant, to keep on hand all the most desirable styles of
WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY,
SILVER AND PLATED WARE,
Gilt and Plated Laces, Fringes, Cord, Tassels, Bullion, Stars, Spangles, Masonic and other kinds of
REGALIA, MILITARY GOODS,
And Trimmings.
Masonic Publications, Jewels, and Working Tools,
And other goods too numerous to mention. Feeling assured that his many years' residence in Chicago, and acquaintance with its citizens, enables him to select a class of goods perfectly adapted to the wants of our citizens and the community generally, and to sell them cheaper than ever before offered. Please call and examine for yourselves the beautiful assortment now offered at 123 Lake street.
no3-b6-1w H. R. CABEREY.

GAS STOVES.
GAS COOKING STOVES,
GAS FLAT HEATERS,
GAS HEATING STOVES,
GAS STEAK BROILERS,
GAS BREAD TOASTERS,
GAS NURSE LAMPS,
At WALWORTH, HUBBARD & CO
se16a333-3m 1stp 233 Lake Street.

Wanted.

WANTED.—A Private Residence well located, worth from $8,000 to $10,000. Address P. O. Box 684. no3-x3t

WANTED.—A Practical Double Entry Book-keeper, one-half of each day. Salary $25 per month. Address Box 2163 Post Office. no3-x3t

WANTED—By a Young Man, a situation as salesman, or book-keeper in a dry goods or grocery store. Satisfactory city reference given. Address W., Box 3922, Chicago. no3-x3t

WANTED.—A WET NURSE, English or American preferred. Apply at Dr. Andrews' office, No. 7 Lind's Building, cor Clark and Washington sts. no3-x3t

WANTED—By a Respectable, healthy woman, a situation as Wet Nurse, has no objection to go to the country. Can be heard of at Mrs. Bates' Intelligence Office, 171 Washington street, corner of Wells. no3-x3t

WANTED—A Stock of Goods or Lumber, worth $10,000 to $30,000, for which
PART CASH AND PART REAL ESTATE
will be paid. Address post office box 1047. oc29a755-1m

WANTED—In exchange for Lumber and Hardware,—Groceries, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Dry Goods, Provisions, Hay, Grain, Mill Feed, Flour, and Produce of all kinds. E. WING, 132 Canal street. P. O. Box 1898. oc24x1w

WANTED—To hire immediately,
for a term of years,
A ROOMY FIRST-CLASS STORE
on Lake or Randolph streets, East of Clark. Apply to
MARSH BROTHERS,
oc26a754-1m 110 Randolph street.

WANTED—By a Young Married man, a theoretical book-keeper, a position as assistant book-keeper or general assistant in any kind of business, would be willing to go to any part of the United States, but prefers this city. I will accept any position that offers. Please address L. J. L. at this office and it shall be promptly attended to. no3-x3t

WANTED—Any parties having a stock of
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS AND SHOES, OR CLOTHING,
can hear of an opportunity to exchange the same for Real Estate, Secured Paper and Cash, by addressing Post Office Box 3758. oc29-1w-a791

WANTED! WANTED!
BROOM CORN,
By C. H. SEAVERNS,
oc28-a776-4w 73 Dearborn Street.

To Rent.

TO RENT—A Two-Story Frame DWELLING, No. 41 Hubbard Court, between Wabash avenue and State street. Inquire of Dr. E. A BOGUE, 141 Lake street. no1-x1w

TO RENT—No. 378 Wabash avenue, cheap to a good tenant; has 8 rooms, with water and gas. Inquire on the premises. Possession given within ten days. oc29a785-1w

TO RENT—On very favorable terms, a Store on the North Side of Randolph street, between Lasalle and Wells streets. Inquire of JONA. BURR, No. 12 Metropolitan Block. oc28x3w

TO RENT—Pork Packing House in the city with steam and every convenience. Apply to HAYWARD BLOMFIELD & CO., 170 North Water-st, Chicago. oc18a779-1w

TO RENT—The three story brick dwelling No. 123 Oak street, half a block West of Clark street horse-railway, will be rented low to a responsible tenant. Apply to WM. GAMBLE, No. 3 Lind's Block, Randolph street bridge. no2-a806-1m

TO RENT—Five new brick houses with marble fronts, fronting Union Park. The houses are furnished with gas, hot and cold water throughout, and all other modern improvements. Good brick stables. For particulars apply to WM. CARPENTER, or to F. H. CHANDLER, 122 South Clark street. no1x1m

TO RENT—Store No. 195 Lake street. Lot, 163 feet on Clark, near Old street.
Lot—100 feet on Grove street, near Old street.
Lot and Barn on State street, North of Twelfth street.
Lot—100 feet on Aberdeen street, near Morgan street,
Lots on the corner of West Madison and Clinton streets,
Lot—100 feet on O'Brien street.
Lots 7, 8, 9, 10, West Randolph street, near Market House.
Lot on State street, South of Harrison street.
320 acres in Section 17, Town 39, Range 13
80 " " 1 " 38 " 13
64 " " 15 " 39 " 13
11 " " 3 " 38 " 13—on canal.
Six acres town of Brighton.
Good offices in Dearborn Block.
☞ Apply at Room No. 8 Dearborn Block, opposite the Post Office. [oc8x1m] J. B. RICE.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—A [illegible]ship in the North western University of Cook County, at Evanston. Apply to Box 1186. no2-x3t

FOR SALE—Or in exchange for property in Chicago—A large STEAM SAW MILL at Green Bay. It is in good and complete running order,—capable of cutting fifty thousand feet of lumber in twelve hours. There is, also, fifteen hundred acres of pine land. For particulars address P. O. Box 3673. oc20x1m

FOR SALE—Drug Store at the Capital of Illinois for Sale. A long and well established Drug Store, and one of the best stands for business in the city is offered for sale on account of the wish of one of the partners to retire from business. Apply to CANEDY & JOHNSTON, Druggists, Box 331, Springfield, Illinois. oc7-a620-1m

FOR SALE OR RENT.—Warehouse at West Urbana—The Brick Warehouse situated on the Illinois Central Railroad at West Urbana, two stories high, 50x40 feet, well adapted for receiving and delivering produce, together with a superior corn crib, capable of storing from ten to fifteen thousand bushels corn. Apply to JOHN GILBERT & CO., 156 South Water street, Chicago. oc31 a797-1m

FOR SALE OR IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS—2,000 acres choice improved and unimproved Lands in Rock, Walworth and La Crosse Counties, Wisconsin; Winnebago and Ogle Counties, Illinois. These lands comprise Prairie and Timber, well watered, situated near thriving cities and villages. None better to be found in either State. Address Box 1256, or call at 136 Kinzie-st., Chicago, Ill. J. S. CURTISS, Agent. oc6-a613-1m

FOR SALE. FOR SALE.
PACKING BARRELS,
City made, constantly on hand and for sale by
GEO. A. SEAVERNS, Or C. H. SEAVERNS.
no1-a801-1m 73 Dearborn st.

Boarding.

BOARDING.—A Few Gentlemen can be accommodated with pleasant rooms and board in a private family. Also a few day boarders wanted. For particulars inquire at No. 25 Michigan Avenue. no3-x3w

BOARDING can be obtained at the Waverly House, 223 and 225 Kinzie street for $2.75 and $3.00 per week, with a good single room.
oc29x2w A. H. COLBY, Proprietor.

BOARDING—A pleasant suit of rooms to let with board to a gentleman and lady, or a few single gentlemen. A few day boarders can be accommodated. Inquire at 162 Michigan street, 2d door west of Rush street. oc29x2w

BOARDING—A gentleman and lady can be accomodated in a private family with board and an unfurnished front room lower story, at 42 South Jefferson street. Terms low. P. O. box 3917. oc29x1w

BOARDING.—A Pleasant Suit of furnished rooms, suitable for Gentleman and Lady or a few single gentlemen, to let with Board in a small private family. Also a few day boarders desired at No. 20 South Adams street, between Wabash and Michigan Avenues. no3-x1m

A GENTLEMAN AND LADY can be furnished with a pleasant suit of front rooms unfurnished, and board in a private family at 288 Michigan street, in the new brick house east of Rush street. Good references required and given. no3 b13-1w

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE can be accommodated with a pleasant suit of rooms and board in a private family at 40 Van Buren street, between Wabash Avenue and State. no3-x3t

Lost and Found.

STRAYED—From the Barn of the subscribers on the 1st inst., a BLACK HORSE. Both hind feet white, scar on left shoulder. Also a white spot or scar on top of his head. Hoof of left fore foot cracked. Whoever will return said Horse, or give information where he can be found, will be liberally rewarded.
HUNTINGTON BROS. & VOGELL.
no3-b11-1w 188 Kinzie street.

FOUND—By Ferdinand Connupstan, a large sized Red and White Cow, about seven years old. The owner can have the same by applying to
F. JACKLIN,
no3-x3t Cor. North Avenue & Sibley sts.

OIL PAINTING.
MRS. BLAIN
Respectfully announces to the Ladies of this city that she is prepared to give
INSTRUCTION IN OIL PAINTING,
AT HER ROOMS, NO. 457 WEST LAKE STREET,
Where she would be pleased to meet them.
The Course of Instruction comprises twenty-four lessons, in which a lady can paint from two to four pictures, valued at from twenty to fifty dollars each.
Terms—Ten Dollars Per Course.
☞ Ladies desirous of securing instruction in this art at their residences, can do so by application to Mrs. Blain, at her rooms as above, or by addressing her through the Post Office, Box 1649. oc29x1w

PREMIUM FLOUR.
We have the sole agency of
ST. JOSEPH XXXX FLOUR,
Manufactured by J. H. Swartwout & Co.
FROM PURE WHITE WINTER WHEAT,
Expressly for the CITY TRADE, and we are prepared to fill orders for from ONE to FIVE HUNDRED BARRELS.
CULVER & TAYLOR,
oc11-a656-3m-1stp 243 South Water-st.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,
That there will be a meeting of the Stockholders of the British American Mining Company, held at No. 6 Washington street, Chicago, Ill., on November 17, at 3½ o'clock P. M., for the purpose of completing the organization of said Company.
H. A. TUCKER,
J. B. VALENTINE.
JOEL ELLIS.
no3-b6-2w

GYMNASTIC EXHIBITION.—The Celebrated Gymnastic Troupe, "Vorwaerts," will give a Grand Gymnastic Exhibition and Concert on Friday, Nov. 4th, at the German Theatre Hall, corner of Wells and Indiana streets. To conclude with a Ball. Price of Admission—Dress Circle, 25 cents; Family Circle, 25c. no3-b12-2t

BILLIARD TABLES—WITH Marble Beds, Improved Cushions, and everything complete for $200 to $250. Also two Second-hand Tables will be sold cheap. Inquire at the factory of
A. B. GRIFFITH,
nov1-tz No. 85 Randolph st., Chicago, Ill.

BANK OF FOND DU LAC,
FOND DU LAC, WIS. S. E. LEFFERTS, Cashier.
A. G. RYERSON, Pres't. Collections made free of charge, and remitted promptly at current rates of exchange. no3-1y

PRESS AND TRIBUNE
ADVERTISING SCHEDULE.

The following are the rates of advertising in the DAILY PRESS AND TRIBUNE:

One Square, (8 lines agate,) one insertion	$ 50
" each subsequent day, (to 6th)	[illegible]
" two weeks	[illegible]
" one month	[illegible]
" three months	[illegible]
" six months	[illegible]
" one year	[illegible]

☞ A Schedule of Prices for more space than One Square can be seen at the Counting Room.
☞ All Transient Advertisements to be paid in Advance.
☞ All Changes charged 50 cents per Square.

RATES OF ADVERTISING IN WEEKLY PRESS AND TRIBUNE:
$ 1.00 per Square, each week, for first month.
2.00 " for each subsequent month.
20.00 " for one year.

Amusements.

McVICKER'S THEATRE.
Madison street, between State and Dearborn.
FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 4.
Great hit of the New Drama of
PAULINE.

Miss Woodbury	as	Pauline.
Mr. Tilton	as	Count Horner.
Mr. Myers	as	Lucien.
Mrs Hough	as	Gabrielle.
Hungarian Dance		Mons. Constantine

Little Mary McVicker will appear for the second time in her new character of
SUSY.
Introducing the popular comic ditty of
MY MARY ANN.

Mr. Bradley	as	The Nurse.
Mr. Dillon	as	The Barber.

☞ In rehearsal—IS IT A BOY OR A GIRL, a new farce written for Little Mary McVicker. Also, LITTLE NELL, a dramatic sketch in two acts adapted from Dickens's "Old Curiosity Shop," by A. Wallace Thaxter, Esq., of Boston, expressly for Little Mary McVicker.

NOTICE—CHANGE OF TIME.—Doors open at 7; Curtain rises at 7½ o'clock, precisely.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.—Parquette and Dress Circle, 50c. Second Circle, 25c. Lower Private Boxes, $5. Upper Boxes, $4.

☞ Box Office open from 10 o'clock, A. M. till 5 o'clock, P.M., when seats can be secured three days in advance.
Z. G. SHERMAN, Treasurer.

SECOND GIFT CONCERT
AT
Metropolitan Hall,
ON
WEDNESDAY EVEN'G, NOVEMBER 9TH.
THE BEST VOCAL TALENT OF THE CITY
Will appear,
TOGETHER WITH THE LIGHT GUARD BAND.
☞ PARTICULARS IN PROGRAMME.
After the Concert the following valuable gifts, (which are warranted as represented) will be distributed among the audience, in the same manner as at the last Gift Concert.

1 Splendid seven octave Piano	$400
2 Hunting cases English patent lever Gold Watches	[illegible]
2 do Ladies do do do	[illegible]
2 do do do do Silver	[illegible]
2 Gents' heavy Guard Chains	[illegible]
2 Ladies' do do	[illegible]
1 pair Ladies' Bracelets	[illegible]
5 setts enamelled Locket Pin and Ear Drops	[illegible]
5 do Cameo do do	[illegible]
5 do Florentine do do	[illegible]
5 do Gold Stone do do	[illegible]
5 Swing Cameo Pins	[illegible]
5 Meerchaum Pipes and Stems, warranted genuine	[illegible]
5 Setts Knives and Silver Plated Forks	[illegible]
5 do Silver Plated Spoons	[illegible]
5 Double Lockets	[illegible]
4 Meerchaum Cigar Holders	[illegible]
5 Sets Silver plated Tea Spoons	[illegible]
5 Silver-plated Butter Knives	[illegible]
5 Gold Pen [illegible]	[illegible]
25 Finger Rings	[illegible]
50 Setts Shirt Studs or Sleeve Buttons	[illegible]
50 Pure Silver Thimbles	[illegible]
[illegible]	$1,400 00

Tickets limited to 2,000 at $1 each, to be had only at ROOT & CADY'S Music Store 95 Clark street, where the articles can be seen.
The list of the drawing numbers will be published the day following the Concert.
Parties abroad, by inclosing the money and postage stamp will have their tickets sent by return of mail, by addressing ALEX SCOTT, Box 3456,
Leader Light Guard Band.
N. B.—Positively no postponement. oc24a733-2w

MIRASOLE'S DANCING ACADEMY,
CORNER OF CLARK AND MADISON STS, [Entrance on Mad'n.]
G. Mirasole, in returning his thanks to his friends and patrons, has the pleasure of announcing that his Dancing Academy is now open for the season. The Children's Class under the direction of Madam Mirasole, is now open. For terms and particulars apply at the Academy. se22-a[illegible]

Auction Sales.

GREAT AUCTION SALE:
JOHN WEST,
No. 111 LAKE STREET, (Up Stairs),
On TUESDAY, November 8, 1859,
And following days—Commencing at 9½ o'clock A. M. each day, JOHN WEST will sell, without reserve, his large and
VALUABLE STOCK OF
CARPETS!
Curtain Materials, Cornices,
TASSELS, OIL CLOTHS, SHADES, BEDDING, &c.
[illegible] goods of the best English and American manufacture, [illegible]
Velvet, Tapestry, Body Brussels, 3 Ply and Ingrain Carpeting.
The goods will be cut in any length required, and sold in quantities to suit purchasers.
JOHN WEST,
No. 111 Lake Street.
GILBERT & SAMPSON,
no2 Auctioneers.

LARGE AUCTION SALE OF
FURNITURE,
CARPETS, MELODEON,
AND
SILVER PLATED GOODS,
ON THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, NOV. 3d AND 4th.
Commencing at 10 o'clock, we will sell, without reserve, at our store, No. 82 Lake Street, a large and Splendid Variety of the above goods, viz:
Rosewood, Mahogany, Walnut and Oak Parlor, Dining Room and Chamber Furniture
Of every style, kind and description, all of which we warrant for strength and durability equal to any manufacture. Also one Melodeon in perfect order.
CARPETS—A large variety of Carpets, Oil Cloth, Rugs, and Mats. The carpets we cut to suit purchasers.
SILVER PLATED GOODS—Castors, Tea Setts, Salvers, Spoons, Forks, Knives, Salts, &c., with a variety of other goods. Goods packed and shipped for the country.
GILBERT & SAMPSON,
no1-b4-8 Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE of CITY LOTS.
Notice is hereby given that I will sell for and on behalf of Charles H. Doolittle, at public auction, at the north door of the Court House, in the City of Chicago, Cook County, Illinois, on the Second day of December, A. D. 1859, at twelve o'clock noon of that day, for cash, the following property, to wit:—That piece and parcel of land situate in the city of Chicago, Cook County, Illinois, known and described as follows: The west one-half of outlot number eighteen (18) in Canal Trustees' Subdivision of west one-half of section number twenty-seven (27), town thirty-nine north, range fourteen east.
H. G. SPAFFORD,
Attorney for C. H. DOOLITTLE, Chicago, Ill.
Chicago, Oct. 31 1859. no1-a801-4td

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO.,
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS,
76 - - Dearborn Street, - - 76
A few doors North of the Post Office, Chicago, Illinois.
☞ Prompt attention given to the sales of all kinds of property at our Auction Rooms, or any part of the city.
We refer, by permission, to Messrs. Brown & Wilder, Gas Fixture Dealers; J. A. Smith & Co, Hat and Fur Dealers; A. J. Galloway & Co., Land Agents; D. B. Cooke & Co., Booksellers; Rosenfield & Rosenberg, Dry Goods; G. W. Gage, Esq., Tremont House; H. O. Stone, Esq.; Liberty Bigelow, Esq.; William Price, Esq.; Obadiah Jackson, Esq.; [illegible] Thomas & Roberts, Attorneys; B. F. Carver, Esq., Marine Bank; Chas. Tobey & Bro., Furniture Dealers, all of Chicago. [illegible]

JOHN RANKIN, General
AUCTION and COMMISSION MERCHANT.
No. 177 Randolph st., third door east of the Briggs House.
Cash Advances made on Goods for Public and Private Sale. Particular attention given to out-door sales.
Regular sale days, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Ample Storage Rooms for rent at low rates. [illegible]

Money and Exchange

MONEY TO LOAN—At Ten per Cent for
FIVE YEARS.
☞ Commercial Notes wanted.
je23-y B. F. DOWNING & CO., 48 Clark street.

MORTGAGES ON REAL ESTATE.—The undersigned is ready to negotiate loans in sums of Two Thousand Dollars and upwards, at ten per cent interest per annum, payable semi-annually in Boston, and for three, five, seven, or ten years, upon improved property in this city. No loans made upon any other kind of property.
oc10-a[illegible] J. M. PARKER, 48 Washington-st.

TELEGRAPHIC EXCHANGE
ON NEW YORK.
Drafts, Acceptances, and Notes paid in New York on the day of maturity, or last day of grace, and money deposited for account in the city of New York, and sent to cities in the vicinity of New York, on Telegraphic Orders.
ap18 1y c855 [illegible]
Telegraph Office.

MONEY TO LOAN.—I Lend Money on Chicago Real Estate Securities running from six months to two years.
I Discount first-class Commercial Notes.
I Negotiate three to five years loans bearing ten per cent. Interest.
my7-y CHARLES E. [illegible], [illegible] Clark street, Chicago.

CHAMBERS, FENTON & CO.,
EXCHANGE AND NOTE BROKERS,
HAVE MONEY!
To Loan on Real Estate.
Office, 121 Lake, corner Clark Street, Room No. 1. [illegible]

FARM TO EXCHANGE.—We have a farm of 170 acres to exchange for city property. A large portion of the farm is fenced and has been cultivated; has a farm house, a large frame barn and other outbuilding; has a well supplied with timber and water, and situated within three miles of a town of two thousand inhabitants. Apply to SWIFT & JOHNSON, [illegible] Lasalle street. oc30x1m

MONEY TO LOAN ON
IMPROVED FARMS IN ILLINOIS
Within one hundred miles of Chicago, on one year's time.
Apply to GEO. W. NEWCOMB & CO.
69 Dearborn street,
no3-1m-b1 Room 8 (up stairs).

TO ADVERTISERS!
"THE COMMONWEALTH"
Has the LARGEST CIRCULATION, and is therefore the best Advertising medium in Northern Wisconsin.
BRYANT & [illegible],
oc28a775-[illegible] Publishers and Proprietors, Fond du Lac, Wis.

"THE JONES LAMP,"
Manufactured in every variety and style, and sold at greatly reduced prices, by TARBELL & WYMAN, 17 Central street, Boston, (Successors to E. F. Jones & Co.)
B. B.—The Jones Burner, recently improved, gives more light and consumes less oil, than any other Kerosene or Coal Oil Burner manufactured. [illegible]

Press & Tribune

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1859.

THE JONESBORO PEST.

We print elsewhere a letter from a reliable source giving further details of the transactions of the Jonesboro kidnappers. It has been suggested to us that the Illinois Central Railroad Company should be memorialized on the subject of the protection due to the holders of its tickets against lawless violence. The company itself is protected in the premises by a decision of the Supreme Court, (*Rodney vs. the Illinois Central R. R. Co.*, 19 Ill. 42.) The kidnappers do not pretend to be arresting passengers in pursuance of the Fugitive Slave act. As to all other law or color of law the decision in the Rodney case is conclusive as to the right of the company to carry all persons who pay their fare, without let or hindrance from any quarter, except as to federal warrants in the hands of a U. S. Marshal. Nothing then, would seem to be plainer than the duty of the officers of the road, to put an immediate stop to these outrages. We are pleased to learn that one of the conductors, not long since, chased a kidnapper from his train with a revolver and threatened to blow his brains out if he ever molested a passenger under his care again. We think he ought to be presented with a gold watch and a pair of improved shooting irons, and we trust he will faithfully fulfill his promise if a like exigency occurs again.

THE BALTIMORE RIOTS.

It is not for us to say who is most to be blamed for the rioting and bloodshed which marked the last election day in Baltimore; it is not for us to sit in judgment upon the respective claims to decency of the American yahoos who now hold sway, [illegible] the Irish yahoos who but lately have been in the habit of practising the same illegalities and barbarities which are now being visited upon them. But this we do say: if there can be any possible or conceivable excuse for the disturbances with which that devoted city is afflicted, the Opposition party need only to recur to their experiences when they were in a minority to find, if not justification for, at least palliation of, their acts; and we say, further, that if Baltimore must be governed by ruffianism and violence, we prefer the ruffianism of the native citizens to that of any of the Irish that were ever born. We justify neither the one party nor the other; and we recur to their evil doing now, only to point out to our readers, especially of this city, their criminality in refusing to local politics that vigilant care and attention, which faithfully bestowed, would make scenes like those transpiring in Baltimore, impossible. If they, like the men of property and influence in that city, choose to give up the management of ward and primary meetings, the nomination of candidates and the control of election boards, to the organized clubs of rowdies, who, unopposed, will surely take possession of all the avenues to power, while they are enjoying their supposed ease at home, upon them must rest the responsibility of these alarming municipal disorders. Their property and perhaps their lives will be sacrificed in atonement for the sins of omission with which they are chargeable. Who supposes that if the solid men of Baltimore—the men who own the real property, manage the manufacturing establishments, sell the merchandise, and pay the taxes of that municipality—had done their duty, and had not surrendered their sacred trusts to the irresponsible politicians who live by plunder of the public, the "Blood-Tubs," "Rough-Skins," "Killers," and other like associations of ruffians would have ever acquired the power that they now wield with such merciless determination? Neglect of what concerns every man's safety, and particularly every man's property, by those who are entitled by their wealth education, social position and general intelligence to the controlling influence in municipal affairs, is at the root of the evil; and we say now to the men of like character in our own city, that unless their duties in municipal matters are not more promptly and cheerfully discharged, they may look for a repetition of the Baltimore disorders at home, and that in a day not far off.

We believe, in spite of the doubts that latterly have embarrassed that belief, that popular institutions are adapted for the government of cities, and the experiment upon which we are now engaged, meets with discomfiture more signal than it has yet encountered, that it should not be abandoned for any of the violent and decisive measures which are already proposed. But to avoid the anarchy which makes life in Baltimore almost as insecure as among the Digger Indians, the co-operation of all men who have a greater interest in the permanent good government and welfare of the community than in the triumph of party, is necessary not only at the polls, but at the ward and primary meetings as well. Will they heed the warning voice in time?

A BIT OF PLEASANTRY.

We cut the following from the Chicago *Herald* of the 1st inst:

> "Mr. Editor.—I am much surprised that the morning papers have passed over, or neglected to notice the slanderous attack made on the Catholic Clergy, and through them on the entire Catholic community, by the *Press and Tribune*, on the 25th ultimo. That paper, claiming to be respectable is constantly slandering and villifying Catholics, their clergy and their religion. If the conductors of that sheet had been dealt with according to their deserts, they would have been long ago *summarily chastised* for endeavoring to incite the Catholic population of this city to riot, and breach of the peace, as well as for its gross and libellous articles respecting the Catholic Church, its clergy, and Catholics in general.—Such a course has heretofore more than jeopardized the tranquility of several cities, and *it would not be surprising should it do so here*. And it is to be hoped, should any such disturbance occur, that the *retribution* would fall on those "*only*" who may be the cause of it. ALPHA."

We agree with the writer of this solemn paragraph, that it is very much to be hoped that *when* an Irish mob takes possession of our office, the banking institutions, law offices and innocent shoe stores in our vicinity may not be demolished at the same time. We need not make words with Gen. "Alpha" as to the moral rectitude of his suggestion, or his novel way of throwing the blame on us if his fellow religionists should assume the precarious job of turning our office inside out or personally "chastising" any member of our corps. We will say, however, that we have made no assault upon individual members of the Catholic church or clergy. If Mr. "Alpha" reckons citations from history, in reply to the late Papal allocution, to be assaults on the Pope and the Catholic Church, we submit that his quarrel lies with history and not with us. If he construes our exposure of the late published falsehoods of Father O'Flaherty, in reference to "White Slavery in the West," to be an assault on anybody whomsoever, we recommend him to go to the source of the difficulty for his satisfaction. For the rest, we tell him to "bring on his bears."

Two Lies.

The Ottawa *Free Trader* and other pro-slavery papers continue to state that Old Brown had $8,000 on his person when taken prisoner; and that Mr. Giddings gave him $300 to assist him in his Harper Ferry foray! The editors of these pro-slavery papers know very well that they are telling untruths when they publish these statements. Brown had only $250 in his possession, and when he was captured he fell into the hands of thieves, and every cent in his pockets were stolen from him by the chivalry. Giddings gave Brown's son *three* dollars last spring to relieve the old man's poverty. But the lying Democratic operator telegraphed the amount as *three hundred* dollars of "stock"—and the amount of money in Brown's pockets as $8,000. The Republican papers have pointed out these errors, but the pro-slavery sheets are repeating them on the principle of a lie well stuck to, &c.

Editorial Change.

We neglected to state at the time it occurred, that C. N. Pine, Esq., had retired from the editorial charge of the Chicago *Herald*, and L. S. Everett, Esq., takes his place. Pine found that his official duties occupied too much of his time to give the requisite attention to the editorial management of the *Herald*. Mr. Everett has performed most of the editorial labor for some time past. He is an able writer, and a most inveterate Administrationist.

SOUTHERN VIEWS.

The Harper's Ferry raid is bringing out two widely diverse opinions in the South itself. The Democratic papers lay the blame on the Republicans, and the Opposition charge it upon the authors of the repeal of the Missouri Compromise,—the Democrats themselves, who re-opened the agitation of slavery, caused the civil war in Kansas, and sowed the seeds that produced Old Brown and the Harper's Ferry *emeute*.

The Richmond *Enquirer*, the leading Southern Democratic paper, demands that there shall be intervention by the Federal Government for the protection of the peculiar institution. Slavery, it says, must be protected by Federal law, *not only in the Territories but in the States*. The slave in Virginia must be held in servitude by the direct interposition of Federal power, and unless the Federal Government will abandon its theory of non-intervention, and acknowledge its obligation to interfere for the protection of slavery in States as well as Territories, there will be no more Democratic National Conventions, and "the day of disunion will speedily dawn."

The *Enquirer* declares that in all the northern counties of Virginia, slavery has already been virtually abolished by the mere failure of the General Government to afford adequate protection to the institution. "Non-intervention," says this leading organ, "has practically liberated the slaves of *one entire tier of counties in Virginia*." The principle of non-intervention by the Federal Government, it adds, "is practically abolitionizing Virginia, and gradually but surely undermining the institution," that "if the negroes at Harper's Ferry did not rally to Brown's standard, it was because non-intervention had already rendered them free;" that thus, in Northern Virginia, "the authority of the master does not exist;" that the negroes of that section "remain in the State because it suits them to remain," and that the enforcement of authority or labor there "results in the certain loss of the slave." On the other hand, it appears "that when this unrestrained liberty becomes insufferable to the white, the negro is converted into money, and thus white labor gradually undermines the institution" of slavery in the Old Dominion; that not only Northern, but Western Virginia, has, practically, become free soil, and that the feelings of the white inhabitants, are gradually becoming alienated towards the slave holders and the "divine institution" of the State.

We are told that in "the days of Harper's Ferry *emeutes* we want the enforcement of laws, and not their negation," that "protection of slavery is demanded by the blood of slaughtered citizens;" that the Southern man who dares deny this right is even more criminal than the inmates of the Charlestown jail," and that this right to federal protection comprehends "protection to slavery in the States and Territories."

To render this remedy effective, the ways and means must be provided by Congress for a more satisfactory enforcement of the Fugitive Slave Law in the Northern States, and a special code of laws must be passed by Congress for the protection of slavery in the Territories while they remain in the territorial condition," and, unless this be granted we are again menaced with a dissolution of the confederacy.

This is probably the position the Southern Democracy will take in Congress this winter. Northern Doughfaces must succumb to their modest demands; because to be a *National* Democrat it is necessary for the Northerners to concede all the slaveholders ask. It would make them *sectional* to refuse, and *traitors*, to resist the orders of their Southern lords, and masters.

The Nashville *Banner*, the leading Opposition paper in Tennessee, and the home organ of John Bell, thinks that there has been too much Congressional legislation in behalf of the South already, and "that the worst enemies of the "South are those who are asking for more." It says, that "the folly and weakness of the "Southern people in their incessant demands "for more slavery legislation is exhibited in a "strong light, when we come to trace this terrible Abolition experiment of Brown back to "the Kansas Nebraska bill and the repeal of "the passage of the time honored Missouri "Compromise—the pet measures of the Democratic party." What, it asks, "caused the "fierce and revolutionary Kansas border ruffian "wars, and this five years internal agitation of "slavery, culminating in this Harper's Ferry "outbreak—how were all these troubles brought "about? By that one solitary act—the repeal "of the Missouri Compromise, which the Democratic party wickedly forced upon the country."

It advises that the South should cease to agitate the question of slavery; that it should make no more demands upon Congress for special legislation; that it is dangerous to farther inflame the minds of the Northern masses by more aggressions upon their rights and feelings, and that the conservative people of the South should resolutely refuse to elevate men to political offices who seek to ride into power by incendiary appeals to sectional prejudices, and that, if this remedy were resolutely applied, the slavery excitement in the North would soon be allayed, and the evil of slavery agitation would be put to an end.

The New York *Herald*, which is Southern in principle and feeling, takes the ground that "the *crisis* demands something more than the suspension of the slavery agitation, and the question it says, recurs, what can we do that will meet the exigencies of the day?" It answers the inquiry in these words:

> "The answer is at hand. *Restore the Missouri Compromise line*. Undo the mischief which was done in 1854, and put us back upon Henry Clay's substantial peace treaty of 1850. That peace gave such universal satisfaction to the country, that both the Democratic party and the old Whig party made it their Presidential platform in 1852; but as W. H. Seward stood in the way of the Whig party, it was borne down and destroyed by the general rally of the people, North and South to the Democratic party. Thus, when poor Pierce entered the White House he was backed by the most powerful party, in position and numbers, that ever existed in the United States. Then he might have secured his party in power and the peace of the country for twenty years without a break; but instead of this, in the second year of his administration, we find the Democracy trampled down by an Opposition majority in Congress, and beaten and broken to pieces throughout the country. That Compromise was the Pandora's box, the opening of which let loose all this train of evils upon the country. Pierce and Douglas wanted the votes of the South in the Cincinnati Convention; Jefferson Davis coaxed them on; Caleb Cushing joined the league; Marcy stood aloof, strong enough to stop the movement, but afraid to resist it; Atchison; ruled out of the Senate from Missouri, saw a chance to come back to the Senate from Kansas, with the door opened so that Kansas might be made a slave State. The door was opened, Atchison and his pro-slavery Missourians began their work; but as the Kansas Nebraska bill opened the door to free soilers as well as to pro-slavery squatters, the anti-slavery legions of the North came pouring in. The results comprehend the blackest and most disgraceful chapter in the history of our popular institutions.

Primary Elections.

Editors Press and Tribune:

The criticism in your Wednesday's issue, upon the action of the late County Convention, relative to the memorial of the County Committee, is eminently just and proper. The memorial was read pending the count of a ballot for School Commissioner, and at a late hour, while members of the Town Conventions were anxious to proceed to the nomination of Town officers.

These circumstances combined to prevent a proper discussion and understanding of the proposition for registration, and to this, I attribute its failure in the Convention.

The evil of admitting Democrats to vote at the primary meetings of Republicans, needs no comment. The day of its general recognition and adoption, will chronicle the downfall of Republicanism in the city and county. It produced the appearance, in the County Convention, of a double delegation from the town of Jefferson, and in one other town in the county, will probably result in the running of two Republican tickets for town officers—thus distracting and demoralizing the party. The sooner this dangerous practice is put down the better, and if there resides in the county, or Town Committees, authority to require a registration of voters prior to the assembling of primary meetings, it should by all means be exercised. If not, measures should be taken to secure the desired object, either by calling a County Convention, or Town Conventions. The importance of the subject would justify such a Convention, especially as we are on the eve of the great campaign of 1860.

I believe the necessary power to redress the evil rests with the County Committee. They have authority to prescribe the time and place, and why not determine the manner of holding primary elections. Their powers are general, and to a great extent implied—necessarily so. Surely there can be no duty more clearly apparent, or more obligatory, than that of preserving the purity of the ballot-box. I doubt if five true-hearted Republicans, can be found in the county, who after due reflection would oppose the registration of voters.

A MEMBER OF THE COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Jonesboro Kidnappers.

Notes from the Hunting Grounds.

[Correspondence of the Press and Tribune.]

ANNA, Union County, Ill., Nov. 1, 1859.

There is perhaps no section of our whole country that can furnish more zealous advocates of the institution of Slavery than the Southern portion of Illinois, familiarly known as "Lower Egypt." Egypt may fairly boast of her unequalled fertility of soil and salubrity of climate, but she cannot boast of a clear conscience or a healthy political complexion. She is, in principle, emphatically a land of Slavery, and bids fair to claim the prominent position in history as the hunting ground of the runaway negro. As the pages of Kansas history are polluted by the records of high-handed villainy perpetrated by disciples of the pro-Slavery school, so the history of Egypt is stained by the most consummate meanness and rascality by members of the same party. I intend to withdraw the veil that has so long shielded us from the gaze of "outside barbarians," in order that the world may know what is almost a daily occurrence in our midst. The press of Southern Illinois is as mute as a drumstick on this and kindred enormities, and it belongs to you, to the free and independent press of Chicago, to make a record of that part of our history which our own could not notice without a blush. It may possibly reach the sensibilities of the tender-hearted participators, and bring them to their true level in the eyes of every refined community. But that is *their fault*; it is *our misfortune* to hand their deeds over to the chronicler. All of your readers know something of the notorious pro-Slavery Sheriff of Kansas, who prowled about the community seeking the destruction of all who dared breathe aught against Border Ruffianism or Slavery; but few know anything of his scarcely less notorious namesake, the slave hunter of a small town on the Illinois Central Railroad, not a thousand miles from Jonesboro. His long and varied experience has made him quite an adept at his profession; he has found out what wires to pull to make the business most profitable, and has by this means been enabled to acquire some property. He is the leader of a band of negro-hunters, (but it must not be supposed that this is the only one that infests our country), and lest he feel proud as being the hero of a newspaper article, I suppress his name, and call him "Blank," feeling assured that he and "birds of like feather" are blanks in a moral point of view, which renders it no misnomer. Were I an advocate of capital punishment and had I the power, I would compel every professional man-hunter in this region to raise the requisite amount of hemp to hang himself with, forthwith. I dismiss the moral considerations of the topic with the self-evident truth that these persons are freebooters, both at common and statute law, and that society is bound to mete out to them the freebooter's portion without further delay, since they do not pretend to carry on their operations under the Fugitive Slave law, and since the "black law" of Illinois appropriate to their case has been declared null and void by our Democratic Supreme Court. As citizens of Union County, they have no interest in slaves or slavery, except such as is implied in an occasional reward for the return of a fugitive, or his *absolute sale* (for it too often happens that the captive is not returned to the one having the best claim, but to the one having the most *ready cash*).

But the work goes on, as will be seen from the following notice, which appeared in the Jonesboro *Gazette* of the 17th September: "John "B. Jones, of Anna, on last Monday night took "a negro, supposed to be a runaway slave, from "the cars of the Illinois Central Railroad, and "carried him to the jail in this place. The "negro has a trunk of good clothing and $56 in "money. On Tuesday night he took another "negro boy, who is also in jail awaiting a requisition from his owner." The first of these proved to be a slave who was sent through this State on business for his master, but unfortunately did not escape the vigilance of Jones, who dragged him from his seat in the cars, and marched him off to jail according to custom.

On a subsequent evening he jerked the porter of the sleeping car from the train, dragged him round the station-house for the purpose of kidnapping him, and would have carried him direct to Jonesboro jail had the fact not come to the ears of the conductor, who went to his relief and assured "Blank," *with a revolver*, that the porter was a freeman and owed service only to himself, his country and his God. "Blank's" party had an exciting hunt only a few days ago, in which the son of an antiquated M. D. took a leading part. They met the negro with an axe on his shoulder, and demanded his surrender. This he did not feel disposed to do without legal authority, and prepared for defence, but at the display of revolvers he fled. They pursued him about eighteen miles, and took him near Carbondale, having fired upon him several times. Examples of this species of villainy are furnished us almost daily—they are absolutely "too numerous to mention." But I will give a few particulars of another case, as it involved consequences of a serious character. About two years ago, "Blank" and three accomplices passed through the town with a tall, well-built, intelligent looking mulatto man (decidedly whiter and nearer the Caucassian type than "Blank") on their way to Jonesboro to deposit their prize in the County Jail. He was pinioned and led with a halter by "Blank," who carried the rope in one hand and a revolver in the other, his aids guarding him on either side. "Blank's" general bearing and appearance might be called angelic in contrast with his appearance on this occasion. He presented to my mind the most striking picture of a demon I had ever seen or conceived of. Time rolled on and "Blank" hunted up a master, and was on his way home in a steamboat, accompanied by the master's son, when the boat blew up, and "Blank," though badly injured, was able to swim ashore, but his unfortunate companion was either killed or drowned. "Blank" might have been, long after, seen hobbling around town on crutches, trying to reach a sympathy that found no place in the hearts of good men.

Were he a man of any note *intellectually*, it might have been surmised that the Buchanan Administration, in giving him the appointment of Postmaster, designed killing two birds with one stone, for certainly they could not have found a more abject menial, or one so ready to do their dirty work, as the man of their choice. He did not, however, act long in this double capacity. He installed his son, a promising young man of twenty, as deputy, and betook himself to his favorite and more lucrative pursuit. Unfortunately for his son he had too much of the "old man" about him and followed too closely the paternal example. Missing letters began to excite suspicions of his integrity, and during his visit to the State Fair at Centralia, an old mail bag and a stove were discovered, containing a great number of opened letters. He was tried and convicted on a charge of robbing the mail, and is now serving an eight years' apprenticeship in the Penitentiary at Alton.

The son's action is not so flagrant as the father's, yet the latter is allowed to go at large and violate the laws of the State and the dearest rights of his fellow men with impunity. Shall this state of things continue, or shall justice be done in the premises through the agency of the law? ARGO.

A Banner County.

St. Lawrence Co., New York, was the home of Silas Wright, and was the old banner Democratic county, in the days when the party was *democratic* in principle. It is now the banner Republican county in the Empire State. The active men of the party have completed their organization and preparations to get the voters to the polls, and report to headquarters, at Albany, that the Republican State Ticket can draw on that county for **5,000** majority over everything—pro-Slavery and cork-leg combined. The election is next Tuesday.

Iowa.

The Dubuque *Times* publishes returns of the vote for Governor, official from all the counties in the State but three, and the following are the majorities: Kirkwood, 8,297; Dodge, 5,167. Republican majority, 3,140. The counties to hear from are Audubon, Plymouth and Cherokee, which last year gave an aggregate Republican majority of 30. Rusch for Lieut. Governor, runs quite as well as Kirkwood.

☞ The Albany Evening *Journal* says:

ANOTHER PARTY WANTED!—The kid-glove, Fifth avenue members of the Democratic party in the city of New York, organized, professedly, to check-mate *rowdyism*. The manifesto of these salient men demonstrates the necessity of another organization, to check-mate *lying*. The rowdies make no profession to decency. The utterers of falsehoods do.

The *Tribune* calls the Fifth avenue noodles the "Democratic House of Lords," and calls on them to retract their lying charges or prove them.

☞ Rev. T. [illegible] of the M. E. Church at [illegible] Tuesday night last.

THE HARPERS FERRY TRAGEDY.

Various Items Relating Thereto.

BEECHER ON OLD BROWN.

The N. Y. *Tribune*, of Monday, has the following:

The Rev. Henry Ward Beecher gave an eloquent discourse, last evening, upon the subject of the late riot at Harper's Ferry. He was particularly severe upon the cowardice of the Virginians, dwelling impressively upon the fact that 2,000 of the latter were held in awe by an armed force of seventeen men, led by a lunatic. He paid a tribute of respect to the character and attitude of John Brown, declaring that, even out of his senses, he was, morally, "head and shoulders above his captors, Gov. Wise the militia of Maryland and Virginia, the Executive and Federal forces." The orator strongly denounced all of that class of Abolitionists who go among slaves to stir up disaffection, incite to rebellion, and entice them away, declaring that they were, in his experience, untrustworthy with money, or with the interests of the slave. His attitude toward both the slave and his owner he defined as one of strict impartiality and justice, founded on a spirit of Christian love and forbearance. His remarks upon the proscription of free negroes at the North from all honorable and profitable employments, created a marked sensation among his audience. The negro must be raised to the platform of equal rights among ourselves, ere he could be aided elsewhere. The day was past with him when he could fear that Slavery would destroy the Union. No! Slavery was doomed to fall before the wholesome reforms that would be enforced by public sentiment. The right of chastity for slave-women, the the institution of matrimony, the inviolability of the family relation—these alone would cause slavery to become unwieldy, unprofitable and inexpedient. For with these common decencies of life conceded, the slave would become a serf, would no longer be, individually, a currency—would assume personal rights and relations inconsistent with a chattel condition, would cease to be a thing, and be recognized as a man. Thus would the Rev. gentleman abolish slavery by the practice of Gospel precepts. The reporters who heard the opening of his discourse would be disappointed, but they might make the most of it. He loved the slaveowner. He loved the slave. They were his brothers in Christ. He loved the wronged ones. He loved the wrong doers; they were fellow sinners with himself, and coheirs with him of salvation through the blood of the Savior. If he went South, he would not be muzzled. He would preach as he now preached. He would inculcate obedience to their masters as the best policy, as the Christian duty, of the slave. But the Gospel did not forbid the slave to break his chains, although it certainly made docility a duty while the relation of slavery was involuntary sustained. He would, never the less, aid the slave when he had escaped, considering that the resumption of his rights as a man came of the direct inspiration of Deity. The base attempts of a portion of the Press to implicate the best and brightest men of our country in the mad escapade of Brown were foolish, and their authors self convicted of a malignity and insignificance. The intelligent public would soon know all the truth, and laugh at and despise the miserable creatures now attempting to mislead them by false reports. This effort of the Reverend gentleman was received with great satisfaction by a congregation literally overflowing.

THE INSURGENT PRISONERS AT CHARLESTOWN—COOK WRITING A CONFESSION.

A dispatch from Charlestown, Virginia, states that on Sunday last the United States Guards of Frederick City paid a visit to the prisoners.

They first visited the cell of Brown and Stevens, Brown was in good spirits. He rose from his couch and took the visitors by the hand remarking: Gentlemen, I am glad to see you.

In reply to questions put to him, he said he was still suffering some pain about the left kidney. He said he was treated with all humanity, and bore testimony of the efficiency of the volunteer soldiers. He thanked Captain Sinn for the manly and truthful manner in which he had testified, and said he would always recollect him for his many noble traits of character. During the conversation Brown occasionally played with the little children of the jailor, who were present. He remarked that he had fought on the frontiers in the war of 1812, and during his life had endured many hardships and knew how to bear them. Stevens was suffering much but is still getting better. He shook all the company by the hand.

Coppee said he was prepared to meet his fate like a man, and told Capt. Sinn that he should want him to testify on his trial, which Sinn promised to do. All stated that they were well treated. Capt. Cook's cell was not entered. He had been all day busily engaged in writing, and is understood to be prepairing a full confession by advice of Gov. Willard, in the hope of a pardon. During the visit, the the jail was surrounded by a large crowd, but good order prevailed.

GOV. WISE AND OLD BROWN.

A Richmond correspondent of the N. Y. *Herald* writes about the interview between Wise and Brown the day after the capture of the latter, as follows:

I have heard Gov. Wise questioned to-day regarding the nature of the interview which he had with "Old Brown" at Harper's Ferry; and whether the statement circulated by the press, that Brown in an impertinent manner said to the Governor, "If you have your opinions about me I have my opinions about you," was true. The Governor positively denied the truth of this statement; and, moreover, added that "Old Brown," during their interview, never uttered a single word which was personally offensive to him. The Governor says that somebody in the crowd applied to Brown the epithet "robber," and that Brown retorted by saying, "You" (alluding to the slaveholders) "are the "robbers." And it was in this connection that he said, "If you have your opinions about me, I have my opinions about you." At this time the Governor remarked to him, "Mr. Brown, the silver of your hair is reddened by the blood of crime, and it is meet that you should eschew these hard allusions and think upon eternity. You are now suffering from wounds which, perhaps, may terminate your existence, and should you perchance escape death from these causes, you will have to submit to a trial in our courts which may involve that result. Your confessions are of a character which might well justify the presumption that you will be found guilty; and even now you are committing a felony under the laws of this State by uttering sentiments like those you have just expressed. It is better you would turn your attention to matters concerning your eternal future, than be dealing in denunciations which can only injure you."

Brown replied by saying, "Governor, I have, from all appearances, not more than fifteen or twenty years the start of you in the journey to that eternity of which you kindly warn me: and whether my tenure here shall be fifteen months, or fifteen days, or fifteen hours, I am equally prepared to go. There is an eternity behind and an eternity before, and the little speck in the centre, however long, is but comparatively a minute. The difference between your tenure and mine is trifling, and I want to therefore tell you to be prepared; I am prepared. You all (referring to slaveholders) have a heavy responsibility, and it behooves you to prepare more than it does me."

Such, as I gathered them from Governor Wise, were the substance of the remarks on both sides. The Governor denies that Brown uttered them to give offence; on the contrary, he states that Brown disclaimed any such purpose, having merely expressed what were his convictions, and this in a manner indicating no design of offending. This explanation the Governor was anxious should be made public as an act of justice to Brown.

HOW IT WORKS.

"Occasional," the Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press*, writes under date of October 30th, as follows:

I regret to notice that some of the Southern papers—the Richmond *Enquirer* inclusive—are falling into the very error against which I advised them a few days ago—that of demanding additional safeguards for slavery, on account of the Harper's Ferry insurrection, from Congress and the Government. Nothing can be more mischievous than a persistence in this theory, and nothing is so certain to change the sentiments of the free States. The very fact that the slaves of Virginia refused to respond to the appeals of the fanatics, and that honest and patriotic men everywhere—without reference to latitude—denounced these fanatics, is the best assurance that the South could have, and the best protection that could be furnished to them. Let Southern statesmen take this advice calmly and kindly to heart. If it should be disregarded the next session of Congress will be the most violent and portentous our country has ever witnessed. This very community may be made the theatre of turbulence and of fatal excitement. I do not now refer to the fact that there is a large free colored population here, nor yet to the publication of two decided anti-slavery journals in our midst. It is to the credit of the first that they are a peaceful, orderly, and law-obeying people, and the latter have taken great pains to disavow all sympathy in the Harper's Ferry raid. I allude to the circumstance that Washington City is the great central meeting place of Northern and Southern men—that it is the common property of all the nation—that the Republicans will constitute almost a majority of the next House, and that if the South should come here for the purpose of insisting upon extreme and impracticable legislation for the protection of slavery, it may lead to a revival of the worst passions, and to the beginning of a sectional strife, ending Heaven knows where.

GOVERNOR WILLARD IN THE FIELD.

Governor Willard, of Indiana, has come to the rescue of his brother-in-law, the fugitive Cook, but whether he will accomplish his purpose by his prowess as military commander of a sovereign State, or by his powers of cajolery as a Democratic politician, is not known. A Fifth Avenue democrat suggests that it would be a good idea to let Cook off on condition that he would make the right sort of confession. A document of this kind, implicating leading Republicans in the Harper's Ferry movement, would be worth at least a hundred thousand dollars for party capital, and might make up for the sad *fiasco* of poor Forbes.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

SOME OF THE "PERSONNEL" OF THE HARPER'S FERRY OUTBREAK.

PERSONAL APPEARANCE OF CAPT. BROWN.—Benj. Mills, of Janesville, happened to be at Harper's Ferry at the time of the Brown Insurrection, and was one of the persons who was imprisoned by Capt. Brown in the arsenal, thus describes his personal appearance:

> "He is a tall man, rather stooping, about sixty years old, has a long beard, his teeth are out, a Roman nose, his head is long, high and narrow, talks fluently, is cool and firm. I took particular notice of his acts; he spoke to us prisoners with kindness, and after one of his sons was shot down dead, and the other mortally wounded, I could not see a muscle of his face draw, nor his lips tremble. He gave his orders perfectly cool. I think he is a perfect fanatic, and crazy on the subject of slavery."

GERRIT SMITH AND BROWN.—The Syracuse *Journal* learns from a gentleman who has conversed with Gerrit Smith in regard to the trouble at Harper's Ferry, that he was in no way identified with or privy to Brown's scheme. His explanation of the matter is this:

Two years ago, Mr. Smith, in order to help the free state movement in Kansas, gave Brown a note of about $300, against a man then in Kansas. Brown could not collect the note, so he returned it to Mr. Smith, who agreed to give him, at some future time, cash to the amount of the note. After that he lost sight of Brown until about the first of June last, when he received a letter requesting him to send a draft for a certain amount, $100, we think, payable to the order of another party.

Mr. Smith, in compliance with the request and his former promise, promptly forwarded the draft, supposing it was a *bona fide* firm to whom it was addressed.

He probably believed also that the money was to be used, at least indirectly, in assisting fugitive slaves, as that was the last "Kansas work" that he knew anything about. Mr. Smith says, distinctly, that he had no knowledge or the least suspicion that Brown was engaged in planning an insurrection. This agrees perfectly with Brown's statements, that he alone originated and carried on his scheme.

CHARLES BLAIR.—Among the letters found in "Old Brown's" possession, was one from Chas. Blair, of Collinsville, in Connecticut, in relation to a certain contract. Mr. Blair is a workman of the "Collinsville Axe Company," employing the men under him, and taking what contracts he pleases. Some time in 1856 or 1857, "Old Brown" came to Collinsville, and contracted for a thousand pikes to be used in Kansas. Five hundred were finished for him at this time, and the other five hundred were left in the hands of the contractor. Last June "Old Brown" again made his appearance in Collinsville, and requested Mr. Blair to finish up the remainder of the pikes. Blair asked him to what use he intended to put them, now that the Kansas disturbances were over? To this question he gave an evasive reply. The finishing of the contract was given to a Mr. Hart, of Unionville. It was found, however, that it would be impossible to furnish more than four hundred and fifty of the number due on the contract—making nine hundred and fifty in all. When these were sent, Blair sent with them the letter that has been published.

LIEUT. COPPIE.

The Muscatine *Journal* says: "Lieut. Coppie, one of old Ossawatomie Brown's men, is a young Quaker, from the Springdale neighborhood, in Cedar county, Iowa, where old Brown himself was quartered several weeks in the summer of 1858 with a number of runaway slaves. We doubt very much, however, whether the staid Quakers of Springdale approve the rash doings of Brown and Coppie at Harper's Ferry."

BUCHANAN IMPLICATED.

Forbes, one of the abolition conspirators, in a letter to Dr. Howe, has the following ominous note:

"See my letter to J. B., dated 23d February."

Alas! After the first false step from the ways of virtue the path is all the way down hill. From rewarding Kansas invaders and murderers what more natural than that the President should turn conspirator himself? Just as we expected!

The Boston *Journal* says:

We have seen a copy of the correspondence between Mr. Forbes and Dr. S. G. Howe, which shows clearly enough that the latter had no connection with the conspiracy of Brown, or responsibility for his acts. The letters of Dr. Howe will be published."

Tom Corwin in New York.

[From the N. Y. Tribune.]

Lamartine Hall was crowded last evening by an assemblage of the citizens of the Twentieth Ward. A speech was made by E. Dalafield Smith, Esq., in the midst of which several members of the Association entered the Hall, accompanied by the Hon. Tom. Corwin of Ohio, who was received with tremendous cheers. Mr. Smith having concluded his speech,

Mr. Corwin addressed the meeting. He said they certainly would not expect an address, especially from a man who had not been *undressed* for thirty-six hours. [Laughter.] But he confessed to a feeling of gratification at meeting his fellow citizens here to-night. He felt as if he were a stranger, and something like the man who had slipped into the wedding party, when he had not been invited. [Laughter.] Two or three times he had thus intruded himself, and he always observed that the party were unusually attentive in their efforts and showed a most amiable disposition. [Laughter.] As a citizen of the United States he was just as much at home as he was on Turtle Creek in Warren Co. Ohio, where he had resided for the past sixty years. It had been unfortunately true that men had begun to talk of citizens of the North, of the South, and of the East, and of the West, as if in the political geography of the Republic there could be any North, any South, East or West. [Cheers.] He did not yet understand this question of the wrongs of the North and the wrongs of the South. If he did he should begin at home, and should speak of the peccadillos of the North, to use as mild a name as possible [laughter,] and of the almost unforgivable sins of the South, [laughter]—committed, however, all the time through a joint agency of a united South and a fragmentary portion of the North. He ought to say that he had some right to discuss that question, for he had been discussing it by night and by day, every day for the last two months—in fact, he had heard and dreamed of nothing else. [Laughter.] Indeed it did seem to him at last that the chief end of man was to discuss the difference between a white man and a nigger. [Laughter.] Just now a class of men—the Democratic party—who had always been characterized by such tender consciences, delicate sensibilities, and great regard for the happiness of mankind [laughter,] were mourning that an insurrection had been attempted by 17 white men, all of whom, if they were in the County of Warren, in the State of Ohio, and on Turtle Creek [laughter] he could convict them every one of insanity [laughter,] and send them to the Lunatic Asylum at Columbus. Yet these 17 white men and five negroes had thrown two powerful States of this Republic into a State of consternation, which could not have been greater had the 400,000 men of the armies of Italy landed at Norfolk.

And now they were attempting to make out poor Brown the scape-goat of the Republican party of the North; and they tried to make it out that some man of that party had made a declaration that had so seized upon the imagination of Old Brown that he could not shake it off—that there was an "irrepressible conflict" between white and negro labor. [Laughter.] That man would never have been known in the public records in this country, had it not been that a few men in Washington, in 1854, repealed the Missouri Compromise Law, which produced civil war. He did not know how it would fare with us to have sons dying, with clanking chains about their limbs, or to have our daughters become maniacs because of suffering, but these things had produced insanity in Old Brown. This was one of the fruits of Popular Sovereignty. [Applause.] Kansas—the boy Kansas—was left to do as he pleased: to take his own way. Hence he was not put to school, and being without the pale of parental control, he cut up capers. [Laughter.] For amusement he took to cutting throats, and for three years the military power of these United States either would or could not suppress the insurrection in that Territory. Utah, too, was instanced by the speaker as an instance of the beauties of Popular Sovereignty. He reviewed the doctrine of Mr. Douglas. Going back to the formation of the Constitution, no such idea was either expressed or implied, and until 1854, successive Congresses had acted upon the idea of the power of the Federal Government to control the Territories. It was reserved for a little gentleman 4½ or 5½ feet high to find out, eighty years afterward, what the framers of the Constitution meant. They should be grateful to Divine Providence. [Laughter.] Yet there was something melancholy in the thought that thirty millions of human beings should be subjected to such empiricism in politics. But Popular Sovereignty gave birth to Old Brown; and though he did not see it, yet had his attempt succeeded in arming the slaves, it would have been followed by the butchery of the whites for a time, but finally when reaction came by the extermination of the blacks. But Old Brown and his fellows will die from the gallows, glorying in their martyrdom. It would be so with the men who believed in Popular Sovereignty—they would die clinging to their faith. [Laughter.] Mr. Corwin then called the attention of the meeting to the importance of the issues now pending, and the necessity that existed for earnest work in behalf of principle. They had heard the voices of Pennsylvania [cheers], Ohio [cheers], Illinois [cheers], Iowa [loud cheers], Wisconsin [cheers], and Minnesota [loud cheers]. Would it not be a burning shame for the State of New York not to join in the chorus. [Loud cheers.]

Washington News.

Washington, Nov. 1.

Judge Black has not done with Douglas yet, but is preparing a rejoinder to him which will score the Little Giant severely.

The war in the Administration ranks in Philadelphia continues to rage. The President, it is said, has absolutely displaced men from office for no other reason than their failure to carry the respective Wards or Districts for the party last October.

The indications are that the time for holding the National Democratic Convention will be fixed at the middle of April.

Members of Congress are beginning to come on, and the organization of the House is a prominent topic of conversation. The Administration men will make a determined effort to prevent the junction of the Northern and Southern Opposition men, by dexterously using the Harper's Ferry affair to frighten the Southerners out of their propriety. The device will not succeed, as the Republicans have so nearly a majority that it will not be difficult to pick up floating votes [enough to carry their nominee through.

Wendell is working like a beaver for the public printing, and has gone on a pilgrimage to Albany to help him out, but I think his chance is hopeless.

The Tehuantepec route is in a bad way. Senator Benjamin, one of its strongest friends, has returned empty handed from a trip to Europe in pursuit of funds.

PROFITS OF ORCHARDS.—We are informed, says the *Eastern Illinoisan*, that two farmers in this (Marshall) county, who, in addition to the usual products, have sold from their orchards, during the present fall, over $500 worth of Apples. They are small farmers, too so far as extent of land is concerned. These facts ought to be enough to open the eyes of our farmers to the value of orchards. It should be remembered that the annual cost of cultivating an orchard of ten acres is less than that of a kitchen Garden of half an acre.

AUBURN BURNED DOWN.—We received the following report from Auburn by Freeman's Express, this evening:

> "Auburn is about half burned down; fire caught about half-past seven o'clock this morning. Our office, Empire and American hotels, and most of the fire-proof buildings are safe. Loss estimated at fifty thousand dollars at least. The telegraph line was burned down, and we cannot give full particulars before to-morrow."

The Tremendous Murder and Mangling at Solferino.

Three days after the battle of Solferino the Emperor Napoleon stated the loss of the French army at 15,000 men, and his Italian allies at 6,000; total Allies loss 21,000. Considering that the battle lasted sixteen hours, and was fought over a front of more than ten miles, this number of casualties has always seemed incredibly small. The Austrians placed their loss at 24,000. Intelligent correspondents have stated their belief that the allied loss reached 40,000, at least, and that of the Austrians 50,000, and that the number of men engaged on each side was fully 200,000. We have now what looks like a confirmation of these estimates.]

The Paris correspondent of the N. Y. *Times*—Malakoff—who was a spectator of the battle of Solferino, writing on the 18th, says:

I have just met in an Italian medical journal an official statement from one of the principal surgeons of Brescia, Dr. Bartolomed Gualla, which shows that instead of 24,000 as the Allied loss at Solferino, in killed and wounded, it ought te be about 45,000. Dr. Gualla gives the following statistics: After the battle of Solferino thirty-seven hospitals were opened at Brescia. The number of French wounded who entered these hospitals was 17,345; of Italians, 13,959; of Austrians, 1,612. Total wounded in the hospitals of Brescia, 32,916. This is for Brescia only. Now, if you will recollect that large numbers who were mortally wounded died at the towns of Castiglione, Lonato, Desenzano, Montechiaro, and other places between the battlefield and Brescia, and that very many of those treated in these villages and entered into a state of convalescence there, never entered the Brescia hospitals at all, the total of casualties ought to be increased on the statistics of Dr. Gualla some five or six thousand for the Allied arms; and thus we arrive at a total of losses for the Allied arms of about 45,000. It is true, that by the 5th of July the hospitals of Castiglione were evacuated; but those of Desenzano had wounded men as late as the 10th of July, while at the city of Bergamo, further away from the battle field than Brescia there were 1,100 wounded men.

Of the 31,916 wounded men received into the hospitals of Brescia, 1,273 (according to Dr. Gualla), died, 26,028 were discharged cured, and the balance, 1,605, are either in a state of convalescence, or have wounds which have degenerated into chronic sores and have been sent to their families or to the military hospitals of Paris.

Now, since the French Government has thus far concealed from the public the facts in regard to the losses at the battle of Solferino, I propose to fix here finally and irrevocably an approximate figure of those losses, based upon the statistics of Dr. Gualla and upon my own observations the day of the battle and for a fortnight succeeding that event. Of the French wounded that entered the hospitals of Brescia, 17,345; wounded that convalesced or died in other towns and villages, 2,500; died on the field of battle, 5,000; total, 24,845, or say 25,000. Of the Piedmontese wounded that entered the hospital of Brescia, 13,959; wounded that convalesced or died in other towns and villages, 2,000; dead on the field of battle, 4,000; total, 19,959, or say 20,000. Grand total of losses for the Allied army, in killed and wounded, 45,000.

The number of dead bodies found on the field of battle has never been stated officially in any reports yet published. The approximate figures assumed above will not be considered too high in proportion to the number of wounded men—a low figure—since the battle, and thus we have a total of deaths from the battle of Solferino, in the ranks of the allied army of 14,000 men.

Of the casualties in the Austrian army we know nothing upon which we can place reliance. We learn from travelers that their hospitals were crowded with wounded, and we know that, all things being equal, an army that retreats can fire fewer shots than an army that advances. At Solferino the whole Austrian army retreated during sixteen hours over the ground between Castiglione and the Mincio, a distance of eight miles, and must have had many men shot in the back; and when the back is turned there is no longer an equilibrium between the two destructive forces; instead of 1—1 it is then 2—0.

The above figures will give a better idea than we have yet had of the magnitude of the great closing battle of the Italian campaign. The reader must have remarked that the official reports have never yet spoken but in vague terms of the numbers of combatants on both sides on that day. They content themselves with the unsatisfactory assertion that they contended against superior forces. But if there were 45,000 casualties on the victorious side, and as many and perhaps a fifth more on the other, it is tolerably sure that four hundred thousand men, at least, were engaged in the battle, and probably more. It is a little singular that the War Departments of the respective countries do not publish faithful and complete statistics on this subject.

☞ The London *Telegraph* gravely states that in the United States, "among the candidates of the Democratic party for the Presidency, the most prominent is *Stephen A. Douglas, a black man* who for many years has conducted an Abolition and emancipation paper with signal success."

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se17 a479 3m President and Proprietor.

GARDEN CITY INSTITUTE—
No. 26, Harrison street, near State. The Eighth School year will commence on Monday, September 5th. Terms from $6 to $12, according to the studies pursued. For further particulars apply from 8 to 9 o'clock, A. M. to
au30-a176 3m H. O. SNOW, Principal.

Wines and Liquors.

W. T. SHUFELDT & CO.
MANUFACTURERS FOR
A. F. CROSKEY,
51 - - South Water Street - - 51
(Corner of Wabash Avenue.)
Distillers of
ALCOHOL, PURE SPIRITS AND WHISKIES,
Also Manufacturers of
Domestic Liquors, Burning Fluid
—AND—
DEALERS IN HIGHWINES & RECTIFYING COAL.
☞ The Trade Supplied at Market Rates and on Liberal Terms. au14a409-1y

BOGEN'S DRY AND SPARKLING WINES
AT HALSEY & KING'S.

BOGEN'S PURE CATAWBA Brandy at HALSEY & KING'S.

JOHN JAQUE'S PURE CATAWBA and Isabella Sweet Wines at HALSEY & KING'S.

HALSEY & KING, 168 Clark street, only authorized Agents in Chicago for the sale of Bogen's and Jaque's Pure Wines and Brandies

MAYFLOWER WHISKY.—100 barrels Fabian's celebrated brand, for sale by CORL, FABIAN & CO., 107 So. Water street.

IMPERIAL WHISKY.—50 barrels Fabian's celebrated brand, for sale by CORL, FABIAN & CO, 107 So. Water st.

SMITH'S OHIO WHISKY.—200 barrels, for sale by CORL, FABIAN & CO. 107 So. Water street.

BANK SAFE—One large Burglar and Fire Proof Safe for sale by CORL, FABIAN & CO., 107 So. Water street.

BRANDIES, WINES AND GINS. A fine assortment of the above, guaranteed pure as imported. For sale by CORL, FABIAN & CO., 107 So. Water street.

NEW HEAVY MESS PORK.
We have the only
NEW HEAVY MESS PORK
In the Market, which we offer
AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICE.
TOBEY & BOOTH,
No. 11..........South Clark st..........No. 11
oc28a775-1w

EXTRA
LEAF LARD,
OUR OWN BRAND,
For sale by
TOBEY & BOOTH,
No. 11..........South Clark Street..........No. 11
oc28a775-1w

KENOSHA WATER CURE.—This Institution is situated in one of the pleasantest cities on Lake Michigan, 55 miles north of Chicago. It has lately been thoroughly refitted for the reception of patients. The building is large and commodious, and beautifully situated with pleasant grounds. Every attention will be given to the comfort of patients. For particulars and circulars, address [illegible] Proprietor.
Kenosha, Wis., May 30, 1859. my30 6m

Medicines, &c.

THE GREATEST WONDER OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY.
Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative.
Says the St. Louis, Mo., Democrat: Below we publish a letter to Dr. Wood, of this city, from a gentleman in Maine, which speaks glowingly of the superior merits of his hair tonic. Such evidence must have its effect, when coming from a reliable source. If certificates are guarantees of truth, the Dr. needs no encomiums, nor useless puffery from the press:
BATH, MAINE, Jan. 20, 1858.
Professor O. J. Wood & Co.—Gentlemen: Having my attention called a few months since to the highly beneficial effects of your hair restorative, I was induced to make application of it upon my own hair, which had become quite grey, probably one-third white; my whiskers were of the same character. Some three months since I procured a bottle of your hair restorative, and used it. I soon found it was proving what I had wished. I used it about twice a week. I have since procured another bottle, of which I have used some. I can now certify to the world that the grey or white hair has totally disappeared, both on my head and face, and my hair has resumed its natural color, and I believe more soft and glossy than it has been before for twenty-five years. I am now sixty years old; my good wife at the age of fifty-two, has used it with the same effect. [illegible] that whoever will rightly use, as per directions, will not have occasion to contradict my statements. I am a citizen of this city and a resident here for the last fifteen years, and am known to nearly every one here and adjoining towns. Any use you may make of the above, with my name attached, is at your service, as I wish to preserve the beauties of nature in others as well as myself. I am truly yours, A. C. RAYMOND.
BALTIMORE, Jan. 23, 1858.
WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
Professor Wood—Dear Sir: Having had the misfortune to lose the best portion of my hair, from the effects of the yellow fever, in New Orleans in 1854, I was induced to make a trial of your preparation and found it to answer as the very thing needed. My hair is now thick and glossy, and no words can express my obligations to you in giving to the afflicted such a treasure. FINLEY JOHNSON.
The undersigned, Rev. J. K. Bragg, is a minister in regular standing, and pastor of the Orthodox Church at Brookfield, Mass. He is a gentleman of great influence and universally beloved. WM. DYER.
BROOKFIELD, Jan. 12, 1858.
Professor Wood—Dear Sir: Having made a trial of your Hair Restorative, it gives me pleasure to say that its effect has been excellent in removing inflammation, dandruff and a constant tendency to itching with which I have been troubled from my childhood; and has also restored my hair which was becoming grey, to its original color. I have used no other article with anything like the same pleasure or profit. Yours truly, J. K. BRAGG.
O. J. WOOD & CO. Proprietors, 312 Broadway, New York, (in the great N. Y. Wire Railing Establishment,) and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo. And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. no1

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR,
Never Debilitates.
It is compounded entirely from Gums, and has become an established fact, a Standard Medicine, known and approved by all that have used it, and is now resorted to with confidence in all diseases for which it is recommended.
It has cured thousands within the last two years who had given up all hopes of relief, as the numerous unsolicited certificates in my possession show.
The dose must be adapted to the temperament of the individual taking it, and used in such quantities as to act gently on the Bowels.
Let the dictates of your judgment guide you in the use of the LIVER INVIGORATOR, and it will cure Liver Complaints, Bilious Attacks, Dyspepsia, Chronic Diarrhea, Summer Complaints, Dysentery, Dropsy, Sour Stomach, Habitual Costiveness, Colic, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Flatulence, Jaundice, Female Weaknesses, and may be used successfully as an Ordinary Family Medicine. It will cure SICK HEADACHE, (as thousands can testify,) in twenty minutes, if two or three Teaspoonfuls are taken at commencement of attack.
LIVER INVIGORATOR
All who are using it are giving testimony in its favor.
☞ Mix Water in the mouth with the Invigorator, and swallow both together.
Price One Dollar per Bottle.
—ALSO—
Sanford's Family Cathartic Pills,
COMPOUNDED FROM
PURE VEGETABLE EXTRACTS, and put up in GLASS CASES, AIR TIGHT, AND WILL KEEP IN ANY CLIMATE.
The Family Cathartic PILL is a gentle but active Cathartic which the proprietor has used in his practice more than twenty years.
The constantly increasing demand from those who have long used the PILLS and the satisfaction which all express in regard to their use has induced me to place them within the reach of all.
The Profession well know that different Cathartics act on different portions of the bowels.
The Family Cathartic Pill has, with due reference to this well established fact, been compounded from a variety of the purest Vegetable Extracts, which act alike on every part of the alimentary canal, and are good and safe in all cases where a Cathartic is needed, such as Derangements of the Stomach, Sleepiness, Pains in the Back and Loins, Costiveness, Pain and Soreness over the whole body, from sudden cold, which frequently, if neglected, end in a long course of Fever, Loss of Appetite, a Creeping Sensation of Cold over the body, Restlessness, Headache, or weight in the Head, all Inflammatory Diseases, Worms in Children or Adults, Rheumatism, a great Purifier of the Blood, and many diseases to which flesh is heir, too numerous to mention in this advertisement. Dose, 1 to 3.
CATHARTIC PILLS.
Price Three Dimes.
The Liver Invigorator and Family Cathartic Pills are retailed by Druggists generally, and sold wholesale by the Trade in all the large towns.
S. T. W. SANFORD, M. D.,
au2 6m] Manufacturer and Proprietor, 335 Broadway, N.Y.

TO THE BE-DRUGGED AND
POISONED CITIZENS OF CHICAGO.
You are overrun with a deluge of the vilest compounds in the form of
"ALCOHOLIC DRINKS"
that ever emanated from that pest of society, the Liquor Mixer.
They are sold to you as a luxury, or they are dispensed to you as a medicine, and in either case the effect is the same.
There is but one way to escape, and that is to use as a luxury or a medicine, a safe and reliable stimulant, sold under stamp and seal, which renders it certain that it has not been tampered with. Such an article is
Charles' London Cordial Gin.
Which is distilled under inspection of the British Government, is delicately flavored (unlike any other Gin) with some of the most valuable restoratives of the
VEGETABLE KINGDOM,
And is by far the most healthy beverage extant.
The most eminent physicians of Europe and America, not only recommend its use by the hale and hearty, but prescribe it as a medicine where a stimulant is required.
The female sex will find it not only a pleasant
CORDIAL,
But a certain relief in sufferings of a periodical character.
Analytical chemists of all ranks pronounce it perfectly pure, and its restorative merits incomparable.
Sold only in quart and pint bottles by all Druggists, Grocers, etc. PENTON & CO.,
jy14 94 Lake street, opposite Tremont House.

Stoves.

STOVES! STOVES!!
OF THE VERY BEST QUALITY
At the Lowest Prices,
AT 201 LAKE STREET.
NEW WORLD COOKING
STOVE.
This favorite is still in the market, at as low figures as common stoves, while it is
Fully Equal to the best Made.
So that all who wish can get one of the best stoves at the LOWEST PRICE by going to
NO. 201 LAKE STREET.

WARM AIR FURNACES,
with necessary
Pipes, Registers, Ventilators, &c.,
Put up at fair rates and WARRANTED by
THOMAS GEORGE.........201 Lake-St.
oc18 ly

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
—AT—
H. W. Landreth's,
NO. 310......STATE STREET......NO. 310
SELF-REGULATER STOVES,
Air-Tight Stoves for Wood & Coal,
AT MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.
CONQUEST COOKING STOVE.
Although the improvement in Stoves have, perhaps, kept pace with the advancement in style and quality of other articles of manufactures there are many who still look for something newer in principle, more perfect in construction, and more economical in the consumption of fuel. "The Conquest Stove" is made to meet this particular demand. It is manufactured in the highest style of workmanship, and combines with substantial advantages, new and important principles possessed by no other Stove.
For sale by H. W. LANDRETH,
oc18-a653-3m 310 State street.

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!
—AT—
ALLEN & DALTON'S,
71..........LAKE STREET..........71
Where may be bought at very low prices for Cash
COOK STOVES of various patterns,
PARLOR STOVES for Wood and Coal.
OFFICE STOVES for Hard and Soft Coal.
BOX STOVES for Hotels and R. R. Cars, &c.
RUSSIA IRON AIR TIGHT STOVES,
Also the famous Hard Coal Burner
RADIATOR.
Plain, Planished & Japaned Tinware,
Housekeeping Goods in General.
Stoves cleaned and set up at short notice. Remember the place
71 - - LAKE STREET. - - 71
JAS. T. ALLEN. JAS. P. DALTON.

STEWART'S COOKING STOVE STILL AHEAD.—The acknowledged superiority of the Stewart Stove has given rise to several imitations. The genuine article is manufactured for sale only by C. METZ AGENT, at 100 State street, between Monroe and Adams. Also, a good assortment of Housekeeping, Hardware and Tinware.

Furniture, &c.

FURNITURE—
The closing out of Judd & Corthell having thrown us out of our lease, we shall
Close Out Our Stock
AT
106..........LAKE STREET..........106
IMMEDIATELY.
We shall sell
FOR CASH
AT PRICES LOW ENOUGH
To effect our object, which is to reduce our
Immense Stock
Sufficiently to enable us to confine our business, this winter to 110 Randolph street. Buyers will do well to remember we offer them no inferior goods, but a
FRESH STOCK OF
Elegant Furniture
AT LESS THAN AUCTION PRICES.
FOR WE
MUST REMOVE,
AND WE WILL SELL.
Let no one wishing to purchase furniture fail to call and examine our goods and prices.
Marsh Brothers,
110 Randolph St. 106 Lake St.

BABCOCK & PEEK,
[Successors to Willard, Peck & Co.]
171..........Randolph Street..........171
MAHOGANY, ROSEWOOD AND WALNUT, ALSO CHAMBER, DINING-ROOM AND COMMON FURNITURE IN GREAT VARIETY.
Wood Seat and Cane Seat Chairs, Bedsteads and Bureaus.
☞ Particular Attention paid to Country Orders, and to Furnishing Hotels, etc. a14-a300-ly

Special Notices.

☞ Medical Notice.—Dr. E.
ing, who has been engaged in the treatment of
and other chronic diseases in this city for four
has returned from New York, and is now at hi
Matthews' Block, corner of State and Washingt
Room No. 2, where he may be consulted until
December, when he will leave for the South to r
ing the winter. During his absence, patients wi
attended to by his partner, A. J. Mead, who w
permanently in Chicago. The Doctor's treatm
knowledged to be eminently successful, and he
pleasure in explaining it to all who call on hi
hours from 9 o'clock, A. M. to 5 P. M. no1

☞ Fact Number One.—That
tadoro's Excelsior Dye has recently been an
Dr. Chilton the first Chemist in America. He p
the Dye absolutely harmless to the Hair and Skin,
FACT NUMBER TWO.
The Excelsior Dye is instantaneous in its effects;
the identical color, which is indistinguishable fro
nature; and actually strengthens and invigorates
This fact is established by competent affidavits.
FACT NUMBER THREE.
The sales of the Dye have increased two hundred
in one year, and every respectable druggist and ha
finds it necessary to keep it as a standard article.
rywhere, and applied by all Hair Dressers. C
No. 6 Astor House, New York.

☞ Moffat's Life Pills and Ph
bitters, by increasing the quantity of Life and vigor
part of the system, enable nature to make incredib
for the expulsion of disease before organic distru
gins. It is thus that in a very short space of ti
cure colds, coughs, rheumatism, flatulence, pai
stomach, cholic, and nervous disorders in all th
But their superior excellence is in affections of the
In female complaints, and the sufferings of
For sale by Dr. W. B. MOFFAT, Proprietor,
way, New York, and by all druggists.

☞ Those who are Curious to
ness the wonderful perfection to which A. Oswal
manager at Batchelor's, N. Y., has brought the m
ture of Wigs and Toupees, are invited to visit his W
Hair Dying Rooms, at No. 100 Lake street, and
these curious productions of art. No scrutiny ca
the artificial from the natural when adjusted to the
de5-ly

☞ Notice.—The undersig
stockholders in the Merchant's Bank of Macon,
are by the provisions of its Charter, made personall
for its issues. The notes of this Bank will be take
on deposit on the same terms as Kentucky, India
Ohio. H. A. TUCKER

☞ Dr. Seelye's Liquid Catarrh
medy.—Warranted to be a sure and permanent cure
tarrh. Office Room, 11 Marchants Exchange, corner
and Wells street. A circular, with full particulars
ease, etc., will be sent to any address upon the recei
penny postage stamp. my31-

Stationery &c.

JONES, PERDUE & SMA
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
STATIONER
—AND—
BLANK BOOKS,
WERE
Awarded the 1st Premiu
FOR
BEST BLANK BOOKS
OF THEIR OWN MANUFACT
AT THE LATE
UNITED STATES FAIR.
NO. 122.......LAKE STREET.......NO
[oc5 ly]

D. A. INGERSOLL,
Blank Book Manufacturer,
BOOK BINDER AND RULER
I am now prepared to manufacture Blank Books of
description, ruled and bound to any desired pattern
without printed headings. Particular attention pai
ders from County Officers, Banks, &c.
Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Shipping Bills, &c., Ru
Printed to order. Magazines, Periodicals, etc. bou
any style. Old Books bound and rebound. All ki
Printing done with neatness and dispatch. Terms
ate.
Northeast corner of Clark, (entrance on Clark
Post Office Box 3634. NO. 129 LAKE STREET

PRINT, BOOK AND WR
PAPER, for sale at manufacturers prices
By J. P. & E. A. BLACK & CO.
No. 216 . . . Kinzie street . . . No.
Mill address "Bristol, Kendall County, Ill."
☞ Cash paid for Rags.

BUTLER & HUNT, 48 State
have now on hand the following sizes of print
And are receiving a large assortment of BOOK PA
3,000 reams of Wrapping Paper, of different sizes.
1,500 reams Manilla do.
200 reams Cap and Letter, and a general assort
Printer's Stationery.
1,000 kegs of Mather's celebrated Book and News In
All of which will be sold for cash at the lowest p
rates.
nih19 ☞ Cash paid for Rags.

Pianos, Music, Etc.

H. M. HIGGINS, 45 Lake
Chicago, Ill.,
—DEALER IN—
Lighte & Bradburys' Piano For
—AND—
MASON & HAMLIN'S MODEL MELODEON
Music Publisher, and Sole Agent, Wholesale and Ret
OLIVER DITSON'S extensive Catalogue of Music
Publications.
IMPORTER OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF MUSICAL MERCHA
New Pianos to Hire, where satisfactory referenc
given.
PIANOS TO RENT.
The highest price paid for old Pianos in exchange fo
H. M. H. respectfully announces to the public, th
has made arrangements with these three most extensiv
reliable houses in the East (in the manufacture of
Fortes, Melodeons, and the publication of Music), fo
exclusive agency, in this State, for the sale of afore
icles of Musical Merchandise. ☞ References of th
est order, for the superiority of Lighte and Bradb
Piano Fortes, can be given at 45 Lake street, in the
Iron Front Block.

GREAT MUSIC DEP
FOR THE NORTHWEST.
Root & Cady,
95 . . . CLARK STREET, CHICAGO, Il
Music Teachers and Dealers would do well to reme
that ROOT & CADY keep the only complete stock of
MUSIC BOOKS OF EVERY DESCRIPTI
To be found in the Northwest, and that they sell for ca
Wholesale or Retail, at the Lowest Possible Prices.
They are sole Agents for
Steinway & Son's Gold Medal Pi
Fortes,
(Which, added to their already long list of honors, the
two Silver Medals and the highest prizes offered at th
U. S. Fair.)
Sole Agent for T. GILBERT & CO'S
CELEBRATED GRAND, PARLOR GRAND, SQU
AND ÆOLIAN PIANOS.
Sole Agents, wholesale and retail for MASON & H
LIN'S Improved.
Melodeons and Harmoniums.
Wholesale Agents for HALL & SON'S Guitars, F
and Banjos, Squiers Coronets and Sax horns, and th
French Brass Instruments, Sheet Music, Violins, Bass
Etc., Etc.
ROOT & CADY,
G. F. ROOT. 95 Clark street,
C. M. CADY.

Merchant Tailors.

CLOTHING AND GENT
men's Furnishing Goods, Wholesale and Retail
H. H. HUSTED,
131..........LAKE STREET..........
Has one of the largest and best assorted stocks of
Clothing and Furnishing Goods,
In the city, to which he would call the attention of his fr
and the public.
His stock of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings is comp
which we are
MADE TO ORDER IN THE LATEST STYL
And best manner. All goods warranted as represe
Gentlemen making their purchases here may depend
getting value received.
Also, a great variety of Youth's and Children's Clo
of good styles and quality.
Remember the number, 131 Lake street.
H. H. HUST

BURWELL AND WYANT,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS
8 Tremont Block..........Dearborn St
Would invite attention to their new stock of Fa
Winter Goods consisting of Golden Hill shirts of every
cription and pattern.
Collars, Gloves,
Half Hose, Undershirts,
Ties, Drawers,
Scarf Cravats, Bosoms,
Umbrellas, Dressing Robe
Traveling Shawls and Blankets,
JOUVIN'S BEST KID GLOVES, $1 PER P
SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER
From measure and warranted to fit.

Paper Hangings.

DRAKE & BROTHE
234 . . South Clark Street. . .
Solicit the attention of the citizens of the
SOUTH DIVISION
to their large and carefully selected stock of
WALL PAPERS,
CURTAINS, BORDER
which they offer at as low prices as genuine goods
sold. Paper Hangers and General Painters.

R. S. BARNUM'S
GREAT VARIETY STO
110 LAKE STREET,
Direct Importer and Wholesale Jobber of
FANCY GOODS, TOYS, BERLIN WORST
GERMAN BASKETS.
DEALER IN
Yankee Notions, Indian Beads,
TOYS in assorted cases of thirty dozen pieces for
dollars.
TIN AND WOODEN BIRD CAGES—Large va
Patent Rocking-Horse and Cradle—New.
Boys' Sleds, Carts, Rocking Horses, &c., &c.
low at
no1-a809 2m 110 LAKE STRE

WHITE COP WASTE
RAILROADS.—A large consignment of super
just received. JEWETT & BUT
33 Lake

Special Notices.

☞ Medical Notice.—Dr. E. Reading, who has been engaged in the treatment of consumption and other chronic diseases in this city for four years past, has returned from New York, and is now at his rooms in Matthews' Block, corner of State and Washington streets, Room No. 2, where he may be consulted until the 1st of December, when he will leave for the South to remain during the winter. During his absence, patients will be promptly attended to by his partner, A. J. Mead, who will remain permanently in Chicago. The Doctor's treatment is acknowledged to be eminently successful, and he will take pleasure in explaining it to all who call on him. Office hours from 9 o'clock, A. M. to 5 P. M. no1-a804-1m

☞ Fact Number One.—That Cristadoro's Excelsior Dye has recently been analyzed by Dr. Chilton, the first Chemist in America. He pronounces the Dye *absolutely harmless* to the Hair and Skin.

FACT NUMBER TWO.

The Excelsior Dye is instantaneous in its effects; produces the identical color, which is indistinguishable from that of nature; and actually strengthens and invigorates the hair. This fact is established by competent affidavits.

FACT NUMBER THREE.

The sales of the Dye have increased two hundred per cent. in one year, and every respectable druggist and hair dresser finds it necessary to keep it as a standard article. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Dressers. Cristadoro, No. 6 Astor House, New York. oc14-1md&w

☞ Moffat's Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters, by increasing the quantity of life and vigor in every part of the system, enable nature to make incredible efforts for the expulsion of disease before organic distruction begins. It is thus that in a very short space of time they cure colds, coughs, rheumatism, flatulence, pains in the stomach, cholic, and nervous disorders in all their forms. But their superior excellence is in affections of the stomach, in female complaints, and the sufferings of enfeebled youth. For sale by Dr. W. B. MOFFAT, Proprietor, 335 Broadway, New York, and by all druggists. oc26x3m

☞ Those who are Curious to witness the wonderful perfection to which A. Ohewaldt (late manager at Batchelor's, N. Y.) has brought the manufacture of Wigs and Toupees, are invited to visit his Wig and Hair Dying Rooms, at No. 100 Lake street, and examine these curious productions of art. No scrutiny can detect the artificial from the natural when adjusted to the head. de5-ly

☞ Notice.—The undersigned, stockholders in the Merchant's Bank of Macon, Georgia are by the provisions of its Charter, made personally liable for its issues. The notes of this Bank will be taken by us on deposit on the same terms as Kentucky, Indiana and Ohio. H. A. TUCKER & CO.

☞ Dr. Seelye's Liquid Catarrh Remedy.—Warranted to be a sure and permanent cure for Catarrh. Office Room, 11 Merchant's Exchange, corner of Lake and Wells street. A circular, with full particulars of disease, etc., will be sent to any address upon the receipt of a penny postage stamp. my21-d&1-6m

Stationery &c.

JONES, PERDUE & SMALL,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
STATIONERY
—AND—
BLANK BOOKS,
WERE
Awarded the 1st Premium
FOR
BEST BLANK BOOKS
OF THEIR OWN MANUFACTURE
AT THE LATE
UNITED STATES FAIR.
NO. 122.......LAKE STREET.......NO. 122
[oc5 ly]

D. A. INGERSOLL,
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER.
BOOK BINDER AND RULER.

I am now prepared to manufacture Blank Books of every description ruled and bound to any desired patterns, with or without printed headings. Particular attention paid to orders from County Officers, Banks, &c. Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Shipping Bills, &c., Ruled and Printed to order. Magazines, Periodicals, etc., bound in any style. Old Books bound and repaired. All kinds of Printing done with neatness and dispatch. Terms moderate. NO. 120 LAKE STREET, Northeast corner of Clark, (entrance on Clark street. Post Office Box 3654. my26 ly d391

PRINT, BOOK AND WRAPPING PAPER, for sale at manufacturers prices By J. P. & E. A. BLACK & CO.,
No. 216 . . . Kinzie street . . . No. 216
Mill address "Bristol, Kendall County, Ill." jy23 6m d847
☞ Cash paid for Rags.

BUTLER & HUNT, 48 State st., have now on hand the following sizes of print:
24x47 19x22 20x44 26x40 26x42 22x33
23x46 21x31 24x34 26x37 37x41 22x31
26x42 21x34 25x33 25x25 20x27

And are receiving a large assortment of BOOK PAPER. 3,000 reams of Wrapping Paper, of different sizes. 1,200 reams Manilla do. 200 reams Cap and Letter, and a general assortment of Printer's Stationery. 1,000 kegs of Mather's celebrated Book and News Ink. All of which will be sold for cash at the lowest possible rates. mh19 ☞ Cash paid for Rags.

Pianos, Music, Etc.

H. M. HIGGINS, 45 Lake-st.,
Chicago, Ill.,
—DEALER IN—
Lighte & Bradburys' Piano Fortes,
—AND—
MASON & HAMLIN'S MODEL MELODEONS,

Music Publisher, and Sole Agent, Wholesale and Retail, of OLIVER DITSON'S extensive Catalogue of Musical Publications. IMPORTER OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF MUSICAL MERCHANDISE. New Pianos to Hire, where satisfactory references are given.

PIANOS TO RENT.

The highest price paid for old Pianos in exchange for new. H. M. H. respectfully announces to the public, that he has made arrangements with these three most extensive and reliable houses in the East (in the manufacture of Piano Fortes, Melodeons, and the publication of Music), for the exclusive agency, in this State, for the sale of aforesaid articles of Musical Merchandise. ☞ References of the highest order, for the superiority of Lighte and Bradbury's Piano Fortes, can be given at 45 Lake street, in the large Iron Front Block. ja15-b995-1y

GREAT MUSIC DEPOT
FOR THE NORTHWEST.
Root & Cady,
95 . . . CLARK STREET, CHICAGO, . . . 95

Music Teachers and Dealers would do well to remember that ROOT & CADY keep the only complete stock of

MUSIC BOOKS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

To be found in the Northwest, and that they sell for cash at Wholesale or Retail, at the Lowest Possible Prices. They are sole Agents for

Steinway & Son's Gold Medal Piano Fortes,

(Which, added to their already long list of honors, the only two Silver Medals and the highest prizes offered at the late U. S. Fair.)

Sole Agent for T. GILBERT & CO'S CELEBRATED GRAND, PARLOR GRAND, SQUARE AND ÆOLIAN PIANOS.

Sole Agents, wholesale and retail for MASON & HAMLIN'S Improved *Melodeons and Harmoniums.*

Wholesale Agents for HALL & SON'S Guitars, Flutes and Banjos, Equitone Cornets and Saxhorns, and the best French Brass Instruments, Sheet Music, Violins, Strings, Etc., Etc.

ROOT & CADY,
E. R. ROOT, } 95 Clark street, Chicago.
C. M. CADY. }

Merchant Tailors.

CLOTHING AND GENTLEMEN'S Furnishing Goods, Wholesale and Retail.
H. H. HUSTED,
131..........LAKE STREET..........131

Has one of the largest and best assorted stocks of Clothing and Furnishing Goods, In the City, to which he would call the attention of his friends and the public. His stock of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings is complete, which will be MADE TO ORDER IN THE LATEST STYLE, And best manner. All goods warranted as represented. Gentlemen making their purchases here may depend upon getting value received. Also, a great variety of Youth's and Children's Clothing of good styles and quality. Remember the number, 131 Lake street. se13 a620 3m H. H. HUSTED.

BURWELL AND WYANT,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
8 Tremont Block,..........Dearborn Street.

Would invite attention to their new stock of Fall and Winter Goods consisting of Golden Hill Shirts of every description and pattern.

Collars, Gloves,
Half Hose, Undershirts,
Ties, Drawers,
Scarf Cravats, Bosoms,
Umbrellas, Dressing Robes,
Traveling Shawls and Blankets, Etc.

JOUVIN'S BEST KID GLOVES, $1 PER PAIR.
SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER
From measure and warranted to fit, se10 a399-3m

Paper Hangings.

DRAKE & BROTHER.
224 . . South Clark Street. . . 224

Solicit the attention of the citizens of the SOUTH DIVISION to their large and carefully selected stock of WALL PAPERS, CURTAINS, BORDERS, &c. which they offer at as low prices as genuine goods can be sold. Paper Hangers and General Painters. oc15-1y

R. S. BARNUM'S
GREAT VARIETY STORE,
110 LAKE STREET,
Direct Importer and Wholesale Jobber of
FANCY GOODS, TOYS, BERLIN WORSTEDS,
GERMAN BASKETS.
DEALER IN
Yankee Notions, Indian Beads, &c.

TOYS in assorted cases of thirty dozen pieces for fifteen dollars. TIN AND WOODEN BIRD CAGES—Large variety. Patent Rocking-Horse and Cradle—New. Boys' Sleds, Carts, Rocking Horses, &c., &c. The attention of wholesale buyers is solicited. Prices low at 110 LAKE STREET, no1-a808-3m CHICAGO.

WHITE COP WASTE FOR RAILROADS.—A large consignment of superior quality just received. JEWETT & BUTLER. 15 Lake street.

Business Cards.

GOUDY & WAITE,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
128 CLARK STREET,
Between Washington and Madison streets, Chicago, Ill.
WILLIAM C. GOUDY. [no1-1y-a813] CHARLES B. WAITE.

H. C. KELLY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY AND PROCTOR IN ADMIRALTY.
Office No. 42 Clark street, Room No. 2, (up-stairs,)
no1-1y-a806] CHICAGO, ILL.

JANSEN & BROSS,
ATTORNEYS, SOLICITORS, and PROCTORS IN ADMIRALTY, No. 17 Larmon Block, corner Clark and Washington-sts., Chicago, Ill. JOHN A. BROSS, U. S. Commissioner Northern District Ill. Notary Public of Cook Co.
ASA D. JANSEN. [oc24a741 6m] JOHN A. BROSS.

L. J. LANSING,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
AND
Proctor in Admiralty,
☞ No. 41 South Clark street. oc20-x1m

EDWARD G. ASAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
No. 37 South Clark Street,
Near the corner of Lake street, Chicago. my3-1y-1971

H. J. ATKINS,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
JACKSONVILLE, ILLINOIS.
Collections and professional business from abroad promptly attended to.
☞ Refers to Hon Richard Yates, Hon. J. J. Cassell Jacksonville; Hon. A. Lincoln, Springfield. se9a871 2m

ANDRICK & BALLARD,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
No. 6 Methodist Church Block,
Corner of Clark and Washington streets, Chicago.
LOUIS M. ANDRICK. (au11 a107 3m) HENRY C. BALLARD

SPIES & BURT,
COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
No. 75 Chestnut, North Side,
Between Third and Fourth streets, St. Louis, Mo.
Mr. B. Is Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds for every State in the Union.
References in Chicago—Scripps & Bross.
FREDERICK SPIES. [jal-1y-v186] CALVIN C. BURT

J. THORNE CLARKSON,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW,
No. 5 Portland Block,
NOTARY PUBLIC. Chicago, Ill. my24-1y

A. W. SLAYBACK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
ST. JOSEPH, MO.
Attends the Courts of Buchanan, Andrew, Holt, Atchison and Nodaway Counties. Refers by permission to Samuel & Allen, St. Louis; Child, Pratt & Co., St. Louis; Smyth, Gore & Co., St. Louis; Dudley, George & Tureman, Chicago; Abbott, John & Co., Philadelphia; Kilgore, Wilson & Co., Philadelphia; Russell, Majors & Waddell, Leavenworth City; Mooney, Cohn & Co., New York; Bela M. Hughes, Esq., St. Joseph. se5-a814-6m

G. H. & L. LAFLIN,
WHOLESALE PAPER WAREHOUSE,
49 South Water Street,
Are now receiving their spring stock of Fine Papers and Eastern Book Papers, which they offer at low prices. Printing paper of every size and best quality. oc7-b103

CRAWFORD, SHARP & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS in Crockery, Glass and China Table Cutlery, Looking Glasses, Castors and Britannia Ware, No. 103 Lake street, Chicago, Ill. mh27.58-1y

Co-Partnership Notices.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP OF CHANDLER & BAKER is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
C. R. CHANDLER.
D. W. BAKER.
Chicago, Nov. 1st, 1859.

The Flour, Feed and Commission business will be continued at the old stand, 170 South Clark street, as heretofore, by no5 x3t D. W. BAKER & CO.

DISSOLUTION.—The Firm of Charles H. Ham & Co. was dissolved on the 1st day of May, 1859, George D. Whittle retiring from the business, and also retiring from the firm of Ham, Chambers & Co. at the same time.

The firm of Ham, Chambers & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
CHARLES H. HAM,
B. B. CHAMBERS.
Chicago, Nov. 1, 1859.

The undersigned will continue at the old office and business, at 24 Clark street. CHARLES H. HAM.
Chicago, Nov. 1, 1859. no2-x6t

DISSOLUTION.—The Firm of STRONG & WILEY BROTHERS is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled by Wiley Brothers & Co.
D. O. STRONG,
C. V. WILEY,
B. B. WILEY.
Chicago, Oct. 27th, 1859.

The undersigned will continue the BANKING AND EXCHANGE BUSINESS under the name of Wiley Brothers & Co.
C. V. WILEY,
B. B. WILEY.
Chicago, Oct. 27th, 1859. no1-1m a808

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, under the style of Ryerson, Miller & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All parties indebted to, or holding claims against the late Firm, either by account, or otherwise, will settle the same with Ryerson & Morris, who alone are authorized to settle the business of the Firm.
MARTIN RYERSON,
WATTS T. MILLER,
se27-a542-2m ROBERT W. MORRIS.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between Dickson Watson, James A. Crawford, Perry A. Wilbur, and J. Nevin Dickson, under the style and title of Watson & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled up by James A. Crawford and Perry A. Wilbur, who are alone authorized to use the firm name and to make collections.
DICKSON WATSON,
J. A. CRAWFORD,
P. A. WILBUR,
J. N. DICKSON.
NEWCASTLE, Sept. 24, 1859.

Notice.—The above firm of Watson & Co., having heretofore done business at No. 26 South Market street, Chicago, Ill., under the name of Crawford, Dickson & Co., the same is hereby discontinued and dissolved, by reason of the above dissolution. WATSON & CO.
NEWCASTLE, Sept. 24, 1859. oc14-5wx

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.—The Co-Partnership heretofore existing between Charles Andress, Sen., of Cincinnati, Ohio., and Henry W. Andress, of Chicago, Ills., under the firm name and style of H. W. Andress & Co., has been this day (September 10th, 1859,) dissolved by mutual consent. The said Henry W. Andress assumes all the indebtedness of said firm, and is alone authorized to settle all of its affairs of any and every kind whatsoever.
CHARLES ANDRESS.
HENRY W. ANDRESS.

I will continue the Paper Hangings and Window Shade business in my own name, at the old established stand, No. 83 Randolph street, as heretofore.
se16-a473-3m H. W. ANDRESS.

Leather and Findings,

CONDICT, WOOLLEY CO.
No. 52.....Lake Street.....No. 52
Manufacturers and Dealers in
SADDLES,
Saddlery Hardware!
HORSE BLANKETS,
Carriage Trimmings,
LEATHER,
SHOE FINDINGS, RUBBER AND LEATHER BELTING, LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.
se3-a297-3m

LEATHER! LEATHER!!
We have now in store, and daily coming forward our Fall Stock of
Oak and Hemlock Sole Leather,
Oak and Hemlock Upper,
French and Domestic Kip,
French and Domestic Calf,
Waterproof Kip, Calf & Upper,
Splits, Cordovan, Buff Upper, &c., &c
Also, the largest assortment of
Kit and Shoe Findings,
TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY,
And at prices that will ensure satisfaction. Orders from the country carefully and promptly attended to.
HARDENBERG & WILLIAMS,
jy27-'59-1y No. 20 Lake street, Chicago.

Bags.

BAGS! BAGS!! BAGS!!!
Corn Exchange Bag Manufactory.
HART, ASTEN & CO., 157 South Water street, Chicago,
S. E. CLARK & CO., 128 Broad street, New York.
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
BAGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Millers' and Grocers Bags, made and printed to order with beautiful brands. New and second-hand Seamless Grain and Gunny Bags, for Shippers', Millers' and Farmers' use. Bags for Flour, Buckwheat, Feed, Hams, Salt, Seed, &c., &c.
☞ Orders filled with fidelity and despatch.
Bags loaned to shippers. my5 v-1y

CHICAGO BAG AGENCY.—276 South Water street.
SEAMLESS GRAIN BAGS of various sizes and qualities.
FLOUR SACKS—halves, quarters, eighths—printed to order of any desired pattern.
HAM SACKS—every size used.
GUNNY BAGS—Two and three bushels.
Commission Merchants, Millers, Grocers and Provision Dealers will find just the article wanted in our stock. Orders solicited. HAWKINS & CHAPMAN.

BAGS! BAGS!! BAGS!!!
FARWELL'S
STEAM BAG MANUFACTORY,
42, 44 & 46 Wabash avenue, Chicago.
BAGS AND SACKS of every description
furnished on short notice,
and printed with
NEW AND BEAUTIFUL BRANDS
SIMEON FARWELL.
au6-d&w1y-4771

Dentists' Cards.

FULLER & ALBAUGH,—
DENTISTS,
88.........WEST RANDOLPH-ST., CHICAGO.........88
Post Office Box 3829.
J. G. FULLER.........[oc5-a607-1y].........WM. ALBAUGH.

DRS. BAKER & BUSH
Dental Surgeons.
CHICAGO, ILL.
Office, Cor. Clark and Madison street.—Post Office Box 2944
my5-1y-158

W. H. KENNICOTT,
DENTIST,
Assisted by Dr. John White.
no18-1y 131 LAKE STREET.

E. A. BOGUE, Dentist.
Office, No. 141 Lake street, opposite J. H. Reed & Co.'s. de3-1y

W. W. ALLPORT
DENTIST.
Office and Residence, No. 33 Washington street.
oc8-b39-1y

Press & Tribune.

DAVID C. BRODERICK.

BY GEORGE W. PEARCE.

The blood-hounds are sated, the jackals have fed
And the Lion is sleeping the sleep of the dead;
His blood is still fresh on the sward where they trod,
And, incense-like, rises, appealing to God.

The dews of the morn will not wash it away—
'Twill redden and glow in the noon-tide of day,
And in the deep gloom of the storm-mantled night
It will rise like a pillar of fire on the sight.

Ho, brothers who stand by his patriot-grave,
And pour out your griefs for the valiant and brave,
Let his death be the watchword to startle with fear
The tyrants who stiffened his limbs on the bier.

Arouse from your lethargy, children of toil,
Ye sons of the anvil, the loom, and the soil;
Come forth as the winds in their struggling might,
And wrestle till death with the foemen of Right!

'Twas thus with your leader, the gifted and true:
His life was a sacrifice given for you;
Every pulse of his heart, every nerve of his frame,
Was to dignify Labor and give it to Fame!

He was peer to the proudest who govern the land,
But he stood by his class, as a hero will stand;
And when the hot taunt, like an arrow of fire,
Was hurled at the artizan craft of his sire,

How he sprang to the breach with halbert and glaive,
Defiantly meeting the lord of the slave!
He spoke for the workshop—the sweat on the brow
Of the freeman whose crest is the sword and the plough.

There are fountains of feeling we may not control,
They spring from the innermost depths of the soul,
And flow like a river escaped from its bed
To freshen the fame of the glorious dead.

And thus as we stand on the ramparts of Time,
By the post where a sentinel fell in his prime,
We open the caskets our bosoms enfold,
And pour out a treasure more precious than gold.

Oh! men who look out from the far Golden Gate,
Where the holocaust smokes in the embers of hate,
Have you drank of the flagons that nerved him to stand
For Truth as a rock on your ocean-beat strand?

Then rear to the martyr a shaft that shall rise,
As a beacon of freedom, far up to the skies,
And write on the granite in letters of flame
IMMORTAL! IMMORTAL! the patriot's name!

WEST CHESTER, Pa., Oct. 22, 1859.

Another Arctic Expedition.

Capt. Parker Snow—who was second in command of the ship Prince Albert, which engaged in the search for Sir John Franklin in 1850—has recently delivered a lecture in London, in which he expressed the belief that individuals of Franklin's party may still survive. He stated that it was his conviction in 1850, as recorded by him in the blue book published in that year, that the ships would be found where they were lately discovered, and subsequent developments only served to confirm him in the belief that some of the party were still living, probably in captivity among the Esquimaux. This opinion he supported by the fact, elicited through Capt. McClintock's interpreter, that, when the Esquimaux meet with strangers who can be of no use to them, they give them food, and desire them to go away; but, if the men are mechanics, and useful, as many of the Franklin party were, the natives retain them, and will not let them go. Capt. Snow thought further attempts should be made to discover the lost navigators; and in this view he is supported by many intelligent men. The New York *Herald*, of the 15th inst., republishes a large portion of Sargent's volume of "Arctic Adventure," and says that Dr. Hayes, who accompanied Dr. Dane in his last expedition through Smith's Sound, is willing to make another visit to those regions, with a view to explore the open sea discovered by Kane. The London *Medical Times* advocates another expedition, and says:

"We regret that government did not follow the advice of a well known member of the profession—Dr. King—who on several occasions proposed to go by the Great Fish River to the Western Land of North Somerset, to seek the missing navigators. Captain McClintock's discoveries show that Crozier and his companions traveled from the southern shore of King William's Island, which lies off the Western Land of North Somerset, where the Franklin ships were wrecked, to Point Ogle, on the continent of America, and thence to Montreal Island, in the estuary of the Great Fish River. Had Dr. King's offers been accepted, not only would our gallant countrymen have been rescued, but no necessity would have arisen for the expeditions of Ross, Richardson, Collinson, Austin, Penny, Belcher, or Kellett, at a government expense of two millions; nor for the private expeditions under Ross, Kennedy, and McClintock, or the American efforts of De Haven and Kane. We do not mention this in any spirit of vain regret, but to point out that a summer land search up the Great Fish River would be devoid of danger, would be inexpensive, and might be successful in rescuing some of the 105 survivors, all of whom can scarcely have perished in a country where there is plenty of game."

How the Indians are Paid.

From time to time the Government dispossess the Indians of Lake Superior of the land occupied by them, and moves them farther back, compensating for the land taken by annual payments in such articles as are suited to the wants of the savages. A number of tribes, amounting to about 3,300 people, members of the great Ojibwa or Chippewa Nation, are paid at Odanah La Pointe county Wisconsin. The mode of payment is somewhat peculiar, and the writer in the Bayfield *Press* devotes two columns to the proceedings at the recent payment. It appears that on the opening of the business, one chief after another, each with his attendant, appears before the agent. Having some knowledge of politeness, they take off their hats, or turbans, as the case may be, and are seated. The inferior chiefs present the number of their bands in small sticks of wood, each stick representing a person. The process of taking the census is short. The census being taken, the bundles are then made up, one for each single person, and one for each family. If any family consist of two parties, each party receives a bundle. The bundle consists of a blanket, or blankets, pieces of broadcloth, calico, muslin, a few made up cloths for the men, hoes, axes, powder horns traps, &c. Guns, powder, shot, lead pecussion caps, stoves, cooking utensils; &c., are distributed to a few in each tribe.

When the census is taken, bundles prepared and the Indians present, the payment commences. The agent, with the bags of gold and silver (about $7,000) before him, sits at an opening in a suitable place in the warehouse, out of which he hands the money to each one, as he comes up in answer to his name, which is announced by a crier, who is stationed outside the opening. When the person receives his money, he touches the top of the clerk's pencil, which is an acknowledgement of the reception of pay. The clerk keeps an account of the payment made to each one. After giving his receipt, he receives his bundle and leaves when another comes up. The chief, who is present and witnesses the payment of his band, then gives a receipt for the whole band, by touching the clerk's pen. This is the process of the payment. During their stay at the paying ground, they are supplied with pork and flour by the government. Those who are not present, are paid by the chiefs and others. During the payment, traders, who must have license, are present with their goods. Most of these traders take advantage of the "big Injun's" fondness for "fire water," and the poor, painted greasy redskin returns to his native woods with a "splitting headadhe," and "nary red" about his clothes except his own red hide.

Good Children.

The "Professor at the Breakfast Table," in his talk to the readers of the *Atlantic* for August, offers some pungent suggestions concerning good children and their memoirs:

In early years, while the child "feels its life in every limb," it lives in the body and for the body to a very great extent. It ought to be so. There have been many very interesting children who have shown a wonderful indifference to things of earth, and an extraordinary development of the spiritual nature. There is a perfect literature of their biographies, all alike in their essentials; the same "disinclination to the usual amusements of childhood;" the remarkable sensibility; the same docility; the same conscientiousness; in short, an almost uniform character, marked by beautiful traits, which we look at with painful admiration. It will be found that most of these children are the subjects of some constitutional unfitness for living, the most frequent of which I need not mention. They are like the beautiful, blushing, half-grown fruit that falls before its time, because its core is gnawed out. They have their meaning—they do not live in vain; but they are windfall. I am convinced that many healthy children are injured morally by being forced to read too much about these little meek sufferers and their spiritual exercises.

Here is a boy that loves to run, swim, kick football, turn somersets, make faces, whittle, fish, tear his clothes, coast, skate, fire crackers, blow squash "tooters," cut his name on fences, read about Robidson Crusoe and Sinbad the Sailor, eat the widest angled slices of pie and untold cakes and candies, crack nuts with his back teeth, and bite out the better part of another boy's apple with his front ones, turn up coppers, "stick" knives, call names, throw stones, knock off hats, set mouse-traps, chalk door-steps, "cut behind" anything on wheels or runners, whistle through his teeth, "holler" fire on slight evidence, run after soldiers, patronize an engine company, or, in his own words "blow for tub No. 14," or whatever it may be. Isn't that a pretty nice sort of a boy, though he has not got anything the matter with him that takes the taste of this world out? Now, when you put into such a hot-blooded, hare-fisted, round-cheeked little rogue's hand a sad-looking volume, or pamphlet, with the portrait of a thin, white-faced child, whose life is really as much a training for death as the last month of a condemned criminals existence, what does he find in common between his own overflowing and exalting sense of vitality, and the experience of the doomed offspring of invalid parents? It is not until he has worked his way through the period of honest, hearty animal existence, which every robust child should make the most of—not until he has learned the use of his faculties, which is his first duty—that a boy of courage and animal vigor is in a proper state to read these fearful records of premature decay. I have no doubt that disgust is implanted in the minds of many healthy children by early surfeits of pathological piety. I do verily believe that He who took children in His arms and blessed them, loved the healthiest and most playful of them just as well as those who were richest in the tuberculous virtues.

A BOSTON NOTION.—When the "Broad Church" controversy raged, a few weeks ago, a Boston paper occupied three or four columns in attempting to prove that the "suspense of faith" complained of by Dr. Bellows, was a legitimate result of the rise and progress of Republicanism.

A Tough Story.

Mr. Charles Dickey, of Dickeyville, writes us about a bear chase that took place in the town of Paris, Grant County, Wis., on the 30th ult. The bear was started by Thomas Longbothom, and followed by him and Wm. Eavet, one with a butcher knife and the other with a pitch fork; but the bear paid little attention to them, and circled around and was about to pick up a small hog of Mr. Longbotham's, which he could not stand. He halloed for his shot gun, and the bear being an 'old coon' was afraid of powder and took another course. The neighbors had rallied by this time, and among them was Mr. Philip Shaffer, who is an old hand with his gun and penknife. The bear smelt Shaffer and concluded to travel. Shaffer followed with the wind, and being a robust and fleet man, soon left all the rest behind. He caught up with the bear, made a jump and lighted a-straddle of his back! Having lost his gun, he bethought him of him of his penknife and with this he pricked the bear in his neck and flank to keep him straight to Silas Brook's grove, where the bear climbed a tree with Shaffer on his back. The bear coming to a fork of the tree crowded Mr. Shaffer off, who slid down like a turtle and ran back for his gun. Returning he killed him at the first fire. The above is rather a marvellous narration, but Mr. Dickey, who is postmaster at Dickeyville, assures us it is positively true in all its particulars.—*Galena Advertiser.*

—The Far West correspondent of the Boston *Journal* writes that the Choctaws have a permanent fund of more than $1,000,000 in the hands of our government, including $100,000 set apart for school purposes. The interest is paid annually, affording them a revenue of $60,000, which meets all their governmental and educational expenses, and obviates the necessity of taxes. There are ten "mission" boarding schools in the nation, at which, in addition to the common and higher English branches, the boys are systamatically exercised at farm labor, and the girls initiated into the manifold mysteries of housewifery. The Methodists have charge of most of these institutions, but several are conducted by the Presbyterians. Some six hundred children are receiving instruction in these schools.

Wholesale Houses.

1859 Fall Trade. 1859
We are in receipt of our usual Stock of
Ready-Made Clothing,
—AND—
GENTS' FURNISH'G GOODS,
TO WHICH
The Attention of the Trade is Invited.
Barrett, King & Co.
No. 27..............LAKE STREET..............No. 27
au26

SADDLERY.
TURNER & SIDWAY,
208 RANDOLPH STREET,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
SADDLES, BRIDLES,
HORSE COLLARS, TRUNKS,
WHIPS, HORSE BLANKETS,
GIG SADDLES, PAD HOUSINGS,
FRONTS, HAND REINS, &c., &c.
ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY PROMPTLY FILLED AT THE LOWEST RATES. se5-8m-a311

JOHN H. WEBER & CO.,
JOBBERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Hats, Caps, Furs and Umbrellas,
NO. 25 LAKE-ST., CHICAGO.
Have now on hand, and are receiving a full and more complete assortment of the above goods than were ever brought to this market. embracing every variety and style, all of which are adapted to the wants of the
Western Trade.
[au30-a249-6m]

Groceries, Provisions, &c,

TO GROCERS.—We are constantly Curing and Smoking
HAMS,
BACON,
SHOUDERS, &c.
Which we offer at the
Lowest Cash Price.
Our SUGAR CURED HAMS are acknowledged to be the best in the market. TOBEY & BOOTH, Packers and Provision Dealers,
no1-1w-a805 No. 11 South Clark-st.

D. B. WINTON
GROCER,
NO. 109......STATE STREET......NO. 109
Now in store and to arrive, a full fresh stock of
Assorted Groceries, Provisions,
FLOUR,
WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE,
Offering at very low figures for
CASH! CASH! CASH! CASH!
TEAS—Fine Young Hyson, Imperial, Gunpowder, Oolong, Fresh Breakfast.
COFFEES—Old Government Java, Mocha, Rio, Santos, Maracaibo, Laguary.
NEW YORK REFINED SUGARS AND SYRUPS,
FRESH CAN FRUITS, PICKLES & PRESERVES.
☞ Goods at wholesale at as low rates as any house in town. oc22 a731 3m

NEWELL SNOW,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 112 Dearborn st., Chicago.
Being in receipt of frequent consignments from Eastern markets, and availing myself of the best opportunities presented in this market, I am able to offer GREAT BARGAINS to cash buyers of Groceries in
Large or Small Quantities.
Dealers as well as those buying for their own use will find it for their advantage to examine my stock and prices.
ALL GOODS WARRANTED.
je8-6m-d509 NEWELL SNOW.

NEW GROCERY HOUSE.
Parsons, Pitkin & Hankey,
No. 16....South Water Street....No. 16
Third door east of Michigan Avenue,
Invite attention to their stock of STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES, which is complete in every department, and consists in part as follows:
50 Hhds. N. O. Sugars, common to choice.
75 " Cuba and Porto Rico Sugars.
250 Bbls. N. Y. Refined Sugars—standard qualities.
175 " N. Y. Syrups—assorted and VERY CHEAP.
200 " Re-boiled and N. Y. Sugar House MOLASSES.
3000 Kegs Nails—assorted and as low as any Hardware House in the city.
COFFEES—Rio, Laguira, O. G. Java, well selected and in good supply.
TEAS—A full assortment of the best brands in market.
Purchasers will find our goods "CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST," and the attention of Cash Buyers is particular requested to
No. 16 South Water Street.

SOYER'S SULTANA SAUCE,
For hot or cold dishes, and every culinary preparation requiring a relish; recommended by the London Lancet as "a great aid to digestion," and indispensable for the dinner table. Made from the original receipt of the late Alexis Soyer, only by Crosse & Blackwell, (Her Majesty's Purveyors,) London. For sale by all Grocers and Fruit Dealers. Agents for the United States:—G. G. YVELIN, 217 Fulton street, New York, BRAY & HAYES, 34 Cornhill, Boston. For sale in Chicago by HODGES & CO., Grocers, State street. oc27-a763-2m

OYSTERS! OYSTERS! OYSTERS!—Fresh Baltimore Can, Keg and Shell Oysters received daily and warranted fresh, and equal to any in market. Orders from the country promptly filled at shortest notice by J. W. DOANE & CO.,
oc19 No. 78 Dearborn street.

1,000 LBS. FIGS, new crop, in fancy boxes and drums, just arrived. J. W. DOANE & CO.

1500 BXS. LAYER & M. R. RAISINS, new crop.
500 half boxes do do
200 quarter boxes do do
At low figures by J. W. DOANE & CO.

2500 LBS. GUM DROPS, and a fresh and lage asortment of New York Confectionery. J. W. DOANE & CO., 78 Dearborn st.

100 BXS. MALAGA LEMONS; 50 boxes Palermo do., at the lowest figures. J. W. DOANE & CO., 78 Dearborn st.

100 CHESTS BLACK AND GREEN TEA, all prices. 75 half Chests Black and Green Tea. J. W. DOANE & CO., 78 Dearborn st.

1000 BAGS RIO AND JAVA COFFEE. For sale by J. W. DOANE & CO., 78 Dearborn st.

GUNNIES—4,000 on Consignment. J. SNOW, 10 Dearborn street.

BEANS—200 bbls. on consignment. J. SNOW, 10 Dearborn street.

APPLES—100 bbls. in prime order on consignment. J. SNOW, 10 Dearborn-st.

BUTTER—50 kegs Butter. WM. LITTLE & CO., 129 S Water street.

BROOMS—100 doz Brooms, for sale by WM. LITTLE, & CO., 129 S. Water street.

TUBS—50 doz Painted Tubs. WM. LITTLE & CO., 129 South Water street.

MOLASSES—50 bbls Molasses just received. oc8 WM. LITTLE & Co., 129 S. Water street.

300 HHDS. N. O. SUGAR. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

1200 BBLS. REFINED SUGAR. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

900 BAGS RIO COFFEE. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

150 BBLS. RE-BOILED MOLASSES. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

350 BBLS. SYRUP, assorted qualities. REYNOLDS, ELY & Co.

1400 HF. CHESTS TEA, choice qualities and low prices. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

20 TONS CRUDE SALTPETRE REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

Wholesale Houses.

THE LARGEST STOCK IN THE NORTHWEST
—OF—
SADDLERY HARDWARE!
Harness, Bridle, Patent & Enameled
LEATHER
Carriage Trimmings!
SPRINGS, AXLES,
HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, WHIPS, LASHES, &C
FOR SALE LOW, BY
Hayden, Kay & Co.,
238 - - RANDOLPH STREET - - 238
[se5-a372-3m]

1859. Fall Goods. 1859.
J. M. STINE & CO,
37 Lake-st., (up-stairs), and 41 & 43 Wabash-ave.
Beg leave to offer to the
CASH AND PROMPT SHORT TIME TRADE
At Low Prices
A large and well-selected stock of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
Both Foreign and Domestic;
NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS,
WOOLEN, YARNS AND HOSIERY, HOODS,
and a great variety of articles adapted to the
FALL TRADE.
The especial attention of Close Buyers to our varied and unsurpassed assortment of Seasonable and Desirable Goods is respectfully solicited. au27-a234-3m

1859 Autumn Trade. 1859
Low Prices Win!
PEAKE, MARSH & DeLONG,
30 . . . LAKE STREET . . . 30
Will offer at wholesale throughout the season to prompt paying customers a very large and complete stock of DRY GOODS, HOSIERY AND NOTIONS, At the Lowest Prices that close buying and small expenses will admit of. It has been our policy always to offer Good Goods at Low Prices, which we are able to do by conducting business on small expenses and selling to a carefully selected paying trade.
Good men will find it to their advantage to call on us. Our stock embraces large lines of the favorite brands of
Heavy Domestics,
As well as FINE DRESS and FANCY GOODS, and is kept fresh by constant additions and an active trade.
au16-a140-4m

HONORE, HALL & CO.,
51 . . . Lake Street 51
Wholesale Dealers in
HARDWARE, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
Builder's Hardware,
Railroad Furnishing,
Wheelbarrows, Picks, Shovels,
Anvils, Vices, Wrenches, &c.
Manufacturers of every description of Wire Cloth and Wire Work. se15-a457-3m

Hardware for Fall Trade of 1859.
JEWETT & BUTER,
16 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO,
Invite the country Trade to the following:
50 Tons Annealed Fence Wire—assorted numbers.
5 " Bright " " "
5000 Kegs Nails—assorted sizes and brands.
1500 Bdls Sheet Iron—assorted.
300 " " Juniata—assorted,
300 " " R. G.
15 Casks Sheet Zinc.
Tin Plate, Copper Bottoms, Rivets and Ears, Pig Tin Breasts and Covers, Tinner's Tools, &c. A complete assortment. au14 a364-1y

1859 BOOTS AND SHOES.—
Miller & Brown,
54 - - LA STREET. - - 54
We have received, and have now in store, a large and wel selected stock of
Boots, Shoes & Rubbers.
Which we are offering to the
FALL TRADE AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES
Country Merchants are invited to give us a call, as we shall offer great bargains to Prompt and Cash Paying Customers. Our assortment is as complete and will be sold for as low prices as by any
JOBBING HOUSE IN NEW YORK OR BOSTON.
Dealers will consult their own interest by examining our goods before purchasing elsewhere. We are agents for
Mitchell's Copper Tipped Boots and Shoes,
Of which we shall have a large stock constantly on hand.
MILLER & BROWN,
au30a252-3m 54 Lake street.

DRY GOODS.
Cooley, Farwell & Co.,
Wabash Avenue,
HAVE IN STORE A FRESH STOCK OF
Staple and Fancy Goods,
BOTH FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC,
Cheap for Cash and Prompt Pay.
[mh18]

1859. Fall Trade. 1859.
Davis, Sawyer & Co.,
Importers and Jobbers in
DRY GOODS,
Have now in store a fresh and extensive stock of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Comprising full lines of seasonable goods of Cotton and Woolen Fabrics, specially adapted to the Fall and Winter Trade, which will be sold at
NEW YORK AND BOSTON PRICES,
To cash and prompt paying customers.
DAVIS, SAWYER & CO.,
No. 42 . . . . Lake Street . . . . No. 42.
se1 a289 3m

BOCKEE, PHILLIPS & CO.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
No. 85 South Water street,
OFFER FOR SALE AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES
5000 Gals. Linseed Oil.
5000 " Winter Bleached Whale Oil.
50 Bbls 98 Alcohol
40 " Camphene—Fresh.
20 " Spts. Turpentine.
50 Tons White Lead, in Oil.
20 Bbls Tanners' Oil.
20 " Machinery Oil.
Together with a full assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Colors, Varnishes. au8

FIELD, BENEDICT & Co.
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
Goods for Men's Wear.
81 & 83 - SOUTH WATER ST, CHICAGO. - 81 & 83
Would invite the attention of Merchants and Manufacturers of Clothing of the Northwest to their stock now in store for the Fall Trade, feeling confident that it will be found superior to any ever before exhibited in the West, consisting in part of
Broadcloths, Moscow Beavers,
Black Doeskins, President "
Velvet Vestings, Castor "
Coating Cloths, Blue Pilots,
Kentucky Jeans, Devon Kerseys,
TWEEDS, BLACK AND FANCY CASSIMERES,
WOOL SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
Tailors' Trimmings of every kind and variety. ☞ An examination of our stock is solicited. oc29

M. D. Gilman & Co.,
153 *South Water St.* 153
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.
M. D. GILMAN....W. C. D. GRANNIS....M. A. FARWELL.
We have now in store, and are daily receiving, a full and complete stock of
GROCERIES,
Composed, in part, as follows, to which we invite the attention of the trade:
50 hhds Muscavado Sugar,
125 do Porto Rico do
70 do New Orleans do
300 bbls Chicago Refined Sugar,
350 do New York do do
75 bags Old Governm't Java Coffee,
125 do Laguira Coffee,
350 do Rio do
25 do Mocha do
100 bbls New Orleans Molasses,
100 do Cuba do
75 do Sugar House Syrup,
100 do Golden do
75 do Portland do
300 hlf chests Green and Black Tea
150 bx Sawyer's White Erasive Soap
100 do Jesse Oakley's do do
300 do A 1 Palm Soap,
130 do Star Candles,
49 do Sterine do
49 do Mould do
150 bbls Smoking Tobacco,
120 do Chewing do
215 butts do do
150 fancy caddies do
110 M Imported Cigars,
50 jars Macaboy Snuff,
275 boxes Oswego Starch,
25 bags Pepper,
25 do Spice, 25 boxes Cloves,
25 cases A 1 Nutmegs,
49 tcs Prime Rice, 200 mts Cassia
75 bxs Prime Codfish,
175 hf bbls A 1 White Fish,
199 boxes Scaled Herring,
175 do A1 do
194 bags Dried Apples,
25 bbls Zante Currants,
196 boxes Layer Raisins,
576 do M. R. do
98 hf bxs do do
200 coils Manilla and Jute Rope,
475 reams Wrapping Paper,
375 bales do Twine,
112 bbls Pure Cider Vinegar,
120 do Dairy Salt,
250 boxes Pipes,
For sale very low M. D. GILMAN & CO.
oc5-ly 153 South Water Street.

Wholesale Houses.

BOOTS AND SHOES
—AT—
New York and Boston Prices.
Davis, Sawyer & Co.,
IN CHAMBERS 42 LAKE STREET.
Over their Dry Goods Department, have a heavy stock of Boots and Shoes, direct from the most popular manufacturers, comprising goods of the most desirable styles and qualities, adapted to the Fall and Winter trade, all of which will be sold at prices that will
Defy Competition!
Either in this or Eastern markets, and the goods warranted to give satisfaction.
DAVIS, SAWYER & CO.,
No. 42 . . . Lake Street . . . . No. 42

SOMETHING NEW!!!
MITCHELL'S PATENT
Metallic Tipped Boot and Shoe.
An improvement has been applied to Boots and Shoes, by which a Great Saving in Expense is made. Every Boot and Shoe Dealer knows that Children will wear out at the toe the best constructed shoe in four to six weeks, and that it has hitherto defied the skill of manufacturers to obviate this difficulty.
THE "METALLIC TIP,"
meets and overcomes it. A small piece of copper is neatly fastened to the toe of the Boot or Shoe affording a complete protection to it, and rendering the efforts of the most inveterate stamper ineffectual to kick or wear it out.
We present this invention with the fullest knowledge of and experience in its Practical Utility. Having now for nearly two years been subjected to the severest tests, it has by its own intrinsic merits actually surmounted every objection that could possibly be brought against it, as the accompanying certificates, which are but a fair average of hundreds of others, will abundantly corroborate. We have no hesitation in saying that the Metallic-Tipped Shoe is destined to entirely supersede, for Children and Youth, the old style; and we consider it a moderate statement, that one pair of the Metallic Tips will outwear two to three pairs of the old style, making a saving of nearly two thirds in the expense of shoes.
MESSRS. WADSWORTH AND WELLS,
OF CHICAGO,
Have been appointed Agents for the sale of the Boots and Shoes, and are authorized to dispose of Town and County Rights.
Communications addressed to them or the undersigned will receive proper attention.
CHAS. McKINNEY & CO.,
48 and 50 Water st., Boston, Mass.
N. B.—This invention is a complete protection from the cutting of the Prairie Grasses, and is especially adapted to Miners' use, and all occupations which particularly expose the toe of the boot or shoe to being cut or worn.

1859. Fall Trade. 1859.
HATS, CAPS, FURS, &c,
Benedict & Farnam
HAVE REMOVED TO
58 . . LAKE STREET . . . 58.
Where they offer to good prompt paying customers a large and desirable stock of the above goods on favorable terms and at low prices.
R. BENEDICT.........[se1 a281 3m]..........E. T. FARNAM.

BOOTS AND SHOES
At Wholesale.
WHIPPLE, ALLEY & BILLINGS.
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Boots, Shoes and Rubbers,
189 SOUTH WATER-ST., CHICAGO.
Are now prepared for the Fall Trade, with an unusually large stock of goods suited to the Western Trade, which will be sold for cash, or prompt pay, at Boston and New York Jobbing Prices. The attention of Western Merchants is called to our stock of MEN'S KIP, CALF, AND THICK BOOTS, of our own manufacture and warranted. Ladies, Misses, and Children's Work, from our manufactory in Brighton, Maine.
In this class of goods we can furnish styles and qualities which cannot be found elsewhere in this market; and in prices we can give our customers the benefit of the profit and commission usually paid to jobbers at the East. We can also, in these goods, furnish ANY SIZES which may be desired, giving a great advantage to those who are "sorting up" their stock. We are agents for
Mitchell's Copper Tipped Boots and Shoes.
We respectfully solicit an examination of our stock.
se8 a343 3m WHIPPLE, ALLEY & BILLINGS.

GEO. E. CONGDON,
Wholesale Dealer in
Boots, Shoes & Rubbers,
32 LAKE STREET,
Cor. Wabash ave., (up-stairs,) over Tuttle, Hibbard & Co.,
CHICAGO, ILL.,
Would invite the attention of country dealers to his stock of Boots and Shoes for
FALL AND WINTER TRADE,
Comprising a full assortment of Men's Double and Half Double Sole French Calf, Kip and Stogy Boots and Brogans. Also, Ladies', Misses and Children's Heavy and Fine Work of Eastern manufacture.
I am also manufacturing expressly for the Western Trade, a Prime Custom Made
CALF, KIP AND THICK BOOT.
All of which I will sell VERY LOW for Cash, or to prompt paying men on short time. se14-a449-3m

COPPER TOE.—
Mitchell's Patent Metallic Tips
—FOR—
BOOTS AND SHOES.
WADSWORTH & WELLS,
Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS AND SHOES,
60 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO,
Are the exclusive owners of this Patent into and for the States of Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota, and will dispose of exclusive town or county rights to dealers for the sale or manufacture of Boots and Shoes with Metallic Tips applied, in said States. And are also the sole agents for the sale of Town and County Rights into and for the State of Illinois.
WADSWORTH & WELLS
Will keep, in connection with their other general stock
A Complete and Full Assortment
OF METALLIC TIPPED BOOTS AND SHOES.
And will also keep the Metallic Tips to supply the demands of manufacturers in these States, at prices regularly established by the Patentees, and from which no deviation is made in the United States.
All infringements of their rights in this Patent will be dealt with according to law. ap6 1y

BOOTS AND SHOES.
FOR THE FALL TRADE, 1859.
We have now in store a large and well selected stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES.
Comprising all varieties suited to Country and City Trade, to which we would call the attention of Western Merchants.
We are prepared to supply the trade with
Work of the Best Quality,
ON FAVRABLE TERMS AND AT LOW PRICES.
Dealers who have heretofore made their purchases in Eastern markets, or intend doing so, are invited to examine our stock and convince themselves, as we now assure them,
That we are able to compete fully with
New York or Boston Jobbers.
We are agents for the sale of Mitchell's Patent Metallic Tipped Boots and Shoes.
DOGGETT, BASSETT & HILLS,
No. 28. LAKE STREET. No. 28.
[au13 a123 3m]

BOOTS AND SHOES.
C. M. HENDERSON & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers,
No. 46 Lake Street,
HAVE ON HAND A LARGE AND DESIRABLE STOCK OF
Boots and Shoes,
And would invite the special attention of buyers to their
CUSTOM MADE KIP AND THICK BOOTS,
Which are of a very superior quality and warranted in every particular. ap11-1y-c786
We are Agents for the sale of
Mitchell's Patent Metalic Tipped Shoes,
Of which we have a full stock.
my5-ly-d183 C. M. HENDERSON & CO.

RAWSON, BARTLETT & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS AND
WHOLESALE DEALERS
—IN—
BOOTS AND SHOES,
No. 25....Lake street, Chicago, Ill....No. 25
We would respectfully call the attention of city and country Merchants to our extensive stock of Boots and Shoes which we have now in store, and are daily receiving from our Factory in West Boylston, Mass., which consists of a full assortment of our CELEBRATED CUSTOM-MADE PATNA KIP, A CALF, and GRAIN WATER PROOF BOOTS; together with a full stock of all styles of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS
Of the best quality and manufacture which we are prepared to sell for CASH and to Prompt Paying Trade at Boston and New York Jobbing Prices.
We are Agents for the sale of Mitchell's Patent Metallic Tip Boots and Shoes, of which we have a full stock.

1859. Fall Trade. 1859.
BOOT, SHOE AND RUBBER
Warehouse.
BUEL, HILL, GRANGER & CO.,
33 - - - Lake Street. - - - 33
Corner Wabash Avenue, Chicago, have now in store and are receiving every week large additions to their stock, the best kinds of custom made
BOOTS AND SHOES.
suitable for Men, Boys, Youths, Women, Misses, and Children's Wear which we offer at Wholesale only to cash and prompt paying trade at the lowest possible market prices. oc27-a694-3m

BOOTS AND SHOES.—
Low Rents, Low Prices.
PEARSON & DANA,
184 LAKE STREET,
Having re-leased the OLD STAND at about one third of the former Rent, are now offering
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
The best and cheapest Stock of Boots and Shoes ever offered in Chicago. Call and examine. my1-a218 6m

Corporation Notices.

CITY OF CHICAGO, City Collector's Office, October 11th, 1859. Notice is hereby given that the following warrants are in my hands for collection:

Warrant 316, South—For grading South street from the roadway of State street to the roadway of the Archer road.
Warrant 317, South—For extending Liberty street, 66 feet wide through the centre of the tract of land known as the "Herrington tract," in the centre of the blocks between Twelfth and North streets, from State street East to a line which will intersect a line run in a straight Southerly direction to the West line of Indiana Avenue.
Warrant 318, South—for extending Springer street, from its present Western terminus to Clark street, of the width and in a straight line with that part of Springer street already opened.
Warrant 319, South—For filling Ringgold Place from the West line of Douglas Avenue westward 20 ft.; also Douglas Avenue from the North line of Ringgold Place south one hundred and eighty-two feet.
Warrant 320, South—For the extension of Palo Alto and Monterey streets in a straight Easterly direction from Douglas Avenue to Lake Michigan, 66 feet wide each.
Warrant 321, South—For sidewalk on both sides of Finnel street from Archer Road to Wentworth Avenue.
Warrant 322, South—For sidewalk on North side of Old street, from State street to South Branch of River.
Warrant 323, South—For sidewalk on East side of Wabash Avenue from Hubbard Court to Peck Court.
Warrant 324, South—For sidewalk on West side of Clark street, from Harrison street to Polk street.
Warrant 325, South—For sidewalk on West side of State street, from Lake street to Madison street.
Warrant 326, South—For sidewalk on South side of Polk street, from State street to Edina Place.
Warrant 327, South—For sidewalk on West side of Wells street, from Washington street to Madison street.
Warrant 328, South—For sidewalk on South side of Jackson street, from Clark street to Griswold street.
Warrant 329, South—For sidewalk on West side of Calumet Avenue from Ringgold Place to Monterey street.
Warrant 330, South—For sidewalk on North side of Monterey street, from Calumet Avenue to Prairie Avenue.
Warrant 331, South—For sidewalk on South side of Commerce street, from State street to Archer Road.
Warrant 332, South—For sidewalk on West side of Butterfield street, from Old street to the Archer Road.
Warrant 333, South—For sidewalk West side of Clark street from North street to South street.
Warrant 334, South—For sidewalk on both sides of State street, from Twelfth street to Archer Road.
Warrant 335, South—For sidewalk on East side of Dearborn street, from Archer Road to Old street.
Warrant 336, South—For sidewalk on South side of Bridge street, from Grove street to Lasalle street.
Warrant 337, South—For sidewalk on East side of Edina Place, from Harrison street to Taylor street.
Warrant 338, South—For sidewalk on West side of Butterfield street, from Archer Road to South street.
Warrant 339, South—For sidewalk on West side of Purple street, from Archer Road to Grove street.
Warrant 340, South—For sidewalk on South side of Harmon Court, from State street to Wabash Avenue.
Warrant 341, South—For sidewalk on South side of Commerce street, from Archer Road to Stewart Avenue.
Warrant 342, South—For sidewalk on East side of Buffalo street, from Polk street to Taylor street.
Warrant 343, South—For sidewalk on West side of Franklin street, from Lake street to Randolph street.
Warrant 431, West—For grading DeKoven street, from the centre of Halsted street to the centre of Beach street.
Warrant 432, West—For graveling Canal street, from North line of Washington street to North line of Van Buren street.
Warrant 433, West—For sidewalk on North side of Washington Avenue, from Reuben street to Centre street.
Warrant 434, West—For sidewalk on South side of Fulton street from Peck street to Sheldon street.
Warrant 435, West—For sidewalk on South side of Mitchell street from Jefferson street to Union street.
Warrant 436, West—For sidewalk on West side of Morgan street, from Washington street to Lake street.
Warrant 437, West—For sidewalk on South side of Milwaukee Avenue, from Reuben street to Wood street.
Warrant 438, West—For sidewalk on South side of Washington Avenue, from Reuben street to Wood street.
Warrant 439, West—For sidewalk on East side of Elizabeth street, from Kinzie street to Owen street.
Warrant 440, West—For sidewalk on West side of Cornelia street, from Lake street to Owen street.
Warrant 441, West—For sidewalk on East side of Reuben street, from Madison street to Chicago Avenue.
Warrant 442, West—For sidewalk on west side of Robey street, from Lake street to Harrison street.
Warrant 443, West—For sidewalk on north side of Fulton street, from Morgan street to Elizabeth street.
Warrant 444, West—For sidewalk on east side of Wood street, from Lake street to Chicago avenue.
Warrant 445, West—For sidewalk on west side of Reuben street, from Lake street to Division street.
Warrant 446, West—For sidewalk on north side of Fulton street, from Reuben street to Centre street.
Warrant 447, West—For sidewalk on both sides of Kramer street, from Jefferson street to Union street.
Warrant 448, West—For sidewalk on both sides of Dousold street, from Jefferson street to Union street.
Warrant 449, West—For sidewalk on west side of Sholto street, from Eleventh street to Taylor street.
Warrant 450, West—For sidewalk on north side of Polk street, from Blue Island avenue to Rucker street.
Warrant 451, West—For sidewalk on both sides of Lake street, from Roby street to City Limits.
Warrant 452, West—For sidewalk on east side of Green street, from Jackson street to Adams street.
Warrant 453, West—For sidewalk on north side of Jackson street, from Halsted street to Peoria street.
Warrant 454, West—For sidewalk on east side of Peoria street, from Madison street to Jackson street.
Warrant 455, West—For sidewalk on west side of Halsted street, from Maxwell street to Wright street.
Warrant 456, West—For sidewalk on east side of Wood street, from Lake street to Madison street.
Warrant 457, West—For sidewalk on west side of Wood street, from Madison street to Washington street.
Warrant 458, West—For sidewalk on west side of Johnson street, from Twelfth street to Maxwell street.
Warrant 459, West—For sidewalk on west side of Peoria street, from Randolph street to Milwaukee avenue.
Warrant 460, West—For sidewalk on west side of Roby and Lisle street, from Madison street to Jackson street.
Warrant 461, West—For sidewalk on both sides of Adams street, from Canal street to Halsted street.
Warrant 462, West—For sidewalk on east side of the South-western Plank Road, from Van Buren street to Madison street.
Warrant 463, West—For sidewalk on west side of Paulina street, from Chicago avenue to Owen street.
Warrant 464, West—For sidewalk on south side of Williams street, from Blue Island avenue to Throop street.
Warrant 465, West—For sidewalk on north side of Twelfth street, from Morgan street to Halsted street.
Warrant 466, West—For sidewalk on north side of Catharine street, from Jefferson street to Union street.
Warrant 467, West—For sidewalk on north side of Meagher street, from Canal street to Stewart avenue.
Warrant 468, West—For sidewalk on north side of Bunker street, from Clinton street to Desplaines street.
Warrant 167, North—For widening Indiana street in front of block eight, in Butler, Wright & Webster's Addition to Chicago, so that the same shall correspond to and be of the same width as said Indiana street on each side of said Block; also, for widening the alley running east and west through the centre of said Block so that the same shall be of the uniform width of 18 feet.
Warrant 168, North—For graveling North Clark street, from north line of Chicago avenue to north line of North avenue.
Warrant 169, North—For grading, curbing and graveling Rush street, from north line of North Water street to south curb line of Chicago avenue.
Warrant 170, North—For graveling Michigan street, from the west line of St. Clair street to the north line of planked roadway of North Water street; also, the wings at St. Clair street, from the north line of Michigan street to the roadway of North Water street 30 feet wide.
Warrant 171, North—For sidewalk on south side of Clybourne avenue, from north avenue to Sheffield avenue.
Warrant 172, North—For sidewalk on west side of Mohawk street, from Clybourne avenue to North avenue.
Warrant 173, North—For sidewalk on north side of Chicago avenue from Clark street to the Chicago River.
Warrant 174, North—For sidewalk on both sides of Burling street, from North avenue to Willow street.
Warrant 175, North—For sidewalk on both sides of Pleasant street, from Vedder street to Division street.
Warrant 176, North—For sidewalk on east side of Franklin street, from North avenue to Green street.
Warrant 177, North—For sidewalk on east side of Orchard street, from Division street to Vedder street.
Warrant 178, North—For sidewalk on both sides of St. Michael street, from Wisconsin street to North avenue.
Warrant 179, North—For sidewalk on both sides of Haines street, from North avenue to Centre street.
Warrant 180, North—For sidewalk on east side of Franklin street, from Chicago avenue to Division street.
Warrant 181, North—For sidewalk on east side of Clark street, from Chicago avenue to City Cemetery.
Warrant 182, North—For sidewalk on south side of Oak street, from Clark street to Market street.
Warrant 183, North—For sidewalk on east side of Mohawk street, from Clybourne avenue to North avenue.
Warrant 184, North—For sidewalk on north side of Oak street, from Clark street to Market street.
Warrant 185, North—For sidewalk on east side of Larrabee street, from North avenue to Centre street.
Warrant 186, North—For sidewalk on west side of Grace street, from Division street to Vedder street.
Warrant 187, North—For sidewalk on west side of Sedgwick street, from North avenue to Centre street.
Warrant 188, North—For sidewalk on both sides of Mohawk street, from North avenue to Centre street.
Warrant 189, North—For sidewalk on east side of Hawthorne street, from Larrabee street to Division street.
Warrant 190, North—For sidewalk on south side of Willow street, from Larrabee street to Orchard street.
Warrant 6, North and West—For widening the North Branch of the Chicago River so as to afford a channel of fifty feet on the bottom and no less than seventy-five feet at low water mark.

All persons are requested forthwith to make payment of said Warrants at my office, or the same will be collected at the cost and expense of the persons liable to the payment of said Assessments.
A. F. C. MUELLER,
oc13-a073-30d City Collector.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.
City Clerk's Office, Chicago, October 26, 1859.
Public notice is hereby given to all persons interested that the Commissioner appointed by the Common Council of the city of Chicago, to assess the sum of One Hundred and Fifty Dollars upon the real estate in the West Division deemed benefitted by Planking and Sewering the Alley in Lot 6, Block 24, School Section Addition to Chicago, has completed his assessment and made return thereof to my office.
Any person wishing to appeal from said assessment must file their objections in writing, in my office on or before Monday, the 7th day of November, 1859, at 7 o'clock P. M., as the Common Council will, at that time, in the Council Room, hear all objections to said assessment, and revise and confirm or annul the same.
oc26 10t H. KREISMANN, City Clerk.

ASSESSMENT ROLL.
A description of the real estate in the West Division of the city of Chicago, deemed benefitted by Planking and Sewering the Alley through Lot 6 in block 24, School Section Addition to Chicago, with the valuation thereof, and the sums of money severally assessed thereon for benefits, by the Commissioner, to-wit:

SCHOOL SECTION ADDITION TO CHICAGO.

Name of Owner	S.Lot.	Lot.	Bl'k.	Val's.	Ass't.
Roswell Carter	1	5a6	24	$4,000	[illegible]
J E Throop	2	5a6	24	4,000	[illegible]
S Wayman	3	5a6	24	3,000	[illegible]
Mrs. Scott	6	5a6	24	1,000	20 00
oc26-10t				Total	$150 00

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, George A. Gibbs and Anna M. Gibbs, his wife, on the nineteenth day of May, A. D. 1854, executed and delivered to the undersigned, Mark Skinner, their certain Deed of Trust of that date for the premises hereinafter described to secure the payment of ten thousand dollars, according to the tenor and effect of two certain bills of exchange mentioned and described in said deed of trust, and which said deed of trust was filed for record in the Recorder's Office in and for the County of Cook, in the State of Illinois, on the 31st day of May, A. D. 1854, and was recorded in book No. 81 of deeds, on page 129, &c., as is stated in the certificate of the Recorder duly endorsed on the back of said deed of trust; and, whereas, default has been made by the said George A. Gibbs to protect and pay the said bills of exchange to Wadsworth & Sheldon, the payees named in said bills of exchange, or to the legal holders of said bills of exchange according to the terms of said deed of trust and of said bills of exchange, and the same still remain wholly due and unpaid; and, whereas, said deed of trust was revived, renewed and confirmed by a certain deed of conveyance made and executed by the said George A. Gibbs, together with Hiram A. Tucker and Ellen M. Tucker, his wife, to the said Mark Skinner, which said deed bears date the twenty fifth day of May, A. D. 1856, and was duly filed for record in the Recorder's Office in and for the County of Cook aforesaid, on the twenty-first day of June, A. D. 1856, and recorded in book of deeds No. 174, on page 313, as appears by the Recorder's certificate endorsed on the back of said deed. And, whereas, the legal holders of said bills of exchange have made application to me to sell the premises mentioned in said deed of trust, and said deed of conveyance reviving and renewing the same as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, I, the said Mark Skinner, do hereby give notice that in pursuance of power vested in me by the aforesaid deeds, I will, on the twelfth day of November, A. D. 1859, sell at public auction at the North door of the Court House in the city of Chicago, in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property and premises, situate, lying and being in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, and known and distinguished as being the West thirty (30) acres of the North half of the East half of the Northwest quarter of Section fifteen (15) in town thirty-nine (39) North, in range thirteen (13) east of the third principal meridian, together with all the hereditaments, tenements and appurtenances thereunto belonging, and all benefit and equity of redemption of the grantors named in said deeds of conveyance as aforesaid.
oc12td MARK SKINNER, Trustee.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND Administrators.—The following named persons have filed in the County Court of Cook County, claims against the estates of deceased persons, as follows, to wit:—Helena Lindner and John Lindner vs. James Carney, John Olson vs. Nels Olson, Lazarus Friedman vs. James O'Donoghue, Samuel M. Berry vs. Samuel P. Skinner, John T. Edwards and Edward M. Edwards vs. Chas. B. King, which claims are yet unadjusted. Now, unless the said claims are forthwith proven, or some good cause for continuance of the same be shown to the Court, the claims will be dismissed as provided by the act of the Legislature of Illinois, approved February 21, 1859. All parties interested in the adjustment of claims against the estates of deceased persons, are requested to take notice of the above, and be governed accordingly. By order of the Court,
C. B. FARWELL, Clerk.
Chicago, Ill., Oct. 25, 1859. oc31 a786 1w

STRASBURGH CELEBRATED
ZOUAVE OINTMENT,
NECTARINE OIL,
And Shampoo Lotion.
Manufactured and for sale by GREENEBAUM & CO., 188 West Randolph street, Chicago, Ill., is also for sale Wholesale and Retail by FENTON & CO., 34 Lake street cor. Dearborn, and F. & M. HOOKER, 56 West Randolph street, Chicago, and by all Druggists throughout the United States and Canadas. sel0-a580-d&wlm

RUBBER BELTING.—The New York Rubber Company manufacture Rubber Machine Belting, by a new process, of superior strength to any heretofore made, and at less than half the cost of Leather. The Company are also the exclusive manufacturers, "under Goodyear's Patent," of Rubber Toys, Dolls, Balls, Tempins, (large and small,) &c. &c. For sale at all the Toy and Fancy Stores in the Union. Catalogues and Price Lists (by the case only) forwarded, on application by letter to the New York Rubber Company, 45 Liberty street, New York. oc23-1md-a871

Legal Advertisements.

MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas, Alexander Morrell and Mariett Morrell, his wife, and Harvey A. Devenis and Julia W. [illegible], his wife, did, on the [illegible] day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty [illegible], make and deliver to [illegible] mortgage bearing date the day and year aforesaid, to secure the payment of [illegible] promissory note of even date with said mortgage [illegible] Illinois, in Book Nineteen of Mortgages, page [illegible] day of April, A. D. [illegible] the payment [illegible] Now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that in pursuance of [illegible] virtue of the power in said mortgage [illegible] on Wednesday, the twenty-eighth day of December, 1859, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the north door of the Court House in the city of Chicago, in the County of Cook and State of Illinois, sell at public auction [illegible] the following described [illegible] in the County of Cook and State of Illinois, known as lot [illegible] school section [illegible] thereunto belonging, and all the right and equity of redemption of said Alexander H. Morrell and Harvey A. Davenis and wives therein.
WILLIAM D. GOODRICH, Assignee of said Mortgage.
COWLES & ROSSMAN, Att'ys for the Assignee.
Chicago, October 27th, 1859.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—Notice is hereby given that whereas, Reuben Cleveland and Julia, his wife, and John K. Russell and Mary J., his wife, by their certain Deed of Trust, executed on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1858, and on record in Cook County Records, did convey to the undersigned, as Trustee, the premises and real estate hereinafter described to secure the payment of a sum of Two Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighteen Dollars and [illegible] cents, according to the terms of said Cleveland and Russell's Promissory Note, dated the 10th day of July, 1858, payable on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1859, to E. F. Ladd's order with 10 per cent interest, but by a [illegible] in said Trust Deed, extended unto the 20th day of the same month and year aforesaid.

Now, therefore, default having been made in the payment of said Note, [illegible] application having been made to me by the legal holder of said notes [illegible] for the sale of said premises, that I shall on Tuesday, the eighth day of November next ensuing, at ten o'clock A. M., by virtue of the power and authority conferred upon me by said Deed of Trust, offer for sale and sell, to the highest bidder for cash at the North Door of the Court House, in the city of Chicago, the premises described in said Deed of Trust as follows:—Part of out-lot forty-eight (48), in the canal trustee's Subdivision of section seven (7) in township thirty-nine (39), north range fourteen (14), east of the third principal meridian, in the city of Chicago, and bounded as follows: beginning at a point in the centre of Lake street [illegible] hundred and thirty-one feet west of the east line of said out-lot [illegible] thence [illegible] ninety-nine feet, thence north on a line parallel with the [illegible] line of said section seven to the centre of said out-lot forty-eight north and south, thence east on a line parallel with the centre of Lake street ninety-nine feet to the west line of a parcel of land owned by Charles [illegible] Wm. Briggs, thence south on said Briggs' west line to the place of beginning.

Dated Chicago, October the Seventh, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-Nine.
oc8-a880td C. J. STOLBRAND, Trustee.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, COOK COUNTY, SS.—Cook County Circuit Court, November Term, A. D. 1859. Lyman Elmore and Cornelius K. Martin, vs. Simeon B. Chittenden, Walter F. Hatch, Timothy F. Chapman and Charles Smith. In Attachment.

Public notice is hereby given to the said Simeon B. Chittenden, Walter F. Hatch, Timothy F. Chapman and Charles Smith, that a writ of attachment issued out of the office of the Clerk of the Cook County Circuit Court, dated the 27th day of September, A. D. 1859, at the suit of the said Lyman Elmore and Cornelius K. Martin, and against the said defendants, for the sum of two hundred dollars, directed to the Sheriff of Cook County, which said writ has been returned executed. Now, therefore, unless you, the said defendants, shall personally be and appear before the said Cook County Circuit Court, on or before the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in the city of Chicago, on the third Monday of November, A. D. 1859, give special bail and plead to the said plaintiff's action, judgment will be entered against you and in favor of the said Lyman Elmore and Cornelius K. Martin, and so much of the property attached as may be sufficient to satisfy the said judgment and costs will be sold to satisfy the same.
M. L. CHURCH, Clerk.
JOSEPH THOMAS, Plff's Att'y.

RECEIVER'S SALE.—United States of America, Northern District of Illinois, SS.—In Circuit Court of the United States for the Seventh Circuit and Northern District of Illinois.—Joseph H. [illegible], Joseph W. Nichols, John Shepardson, [illegible] Archibald Thompson and James A. Thompson, versus Charles H. Gaubert, True Woodbury and Warren R. Fowler.—In Chancery.

Public notice is hereby given that I, J. Tilden Moulton, Receiver of the estate and effects of the above named defendants, [illegible] in pursuance of a decretal order entered in the above entitled cause, on the 19th day of September, A. D. 1859 in said Court at the July Term, A. D. 1859, thereof, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash on the TENTH day of November, A. D. 1859, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the north door of the Court House, in the city of Chicago, County of Cook, and State of Illinois, all my right, title and interest as Receiver [illegible] said in and to the following described pieces or parcels of lands, to wit:—The north half (n ½) of the north-west quarter (n w ¼) of section thirteen (13), town seven (17), north of range two, west, (r 2 w), containing eighty acres more or less; [illegible] the north-east quarter (n e ¼) [illegible] of section nineteen (19), town seven (17), north of range [illegible] containing eighty acres more or less; the east half (e ½) of the southeast quarter (s e ¼) of section twenty-eight, town eight [illegible] north range one, west [illegible] more or less; all of said last described land being situated in Grant County, Wisconsin. Also, the west fractional half of the north-west quarter (w frac ½ n w ¼) of section nineteen (19) and the northwest fractional half of the southwest quarter (n w frac ½ s w ¼) of section nineteen (19), in township Number ninety-nine (99) north of range six, west, (r 6 w), containing one hundred and thirty-four and eighty two one hundredths acres; said last described land being situated in Allamakee County, in the state of Iowa. Also, the south-west quarter of the south-west quarter of section three (s w ¼ s w ¼ sec 3), and the south east quarter (s e ¼) of the southeast quarter (s e ¼) of section four (sec 4), and the north east quarter of the south east quarter of section nine (n e ¼ of s e ¼ section 9) in township No. ninety two (92) north of range seven (7) west (r 7 w) [illegible] of the 5th principal meridian (5th P. M.) excepting a lot of triangular form conveyed by deed of J. L. Dun to Carter & Co.—there being one hundred and twenty acres more or less in the above described premises. Said last described land being situated in Clayton county, in the State of Iowa. Also lot number five (5) in block number two (2) with the appurtenances thereon, in the village of Centreville, and the undivided one-half of lot number two (2) in block number four (4) in the village of Fayetteville with the appurtenances—all of said last described premises being situated in the County of Fayette and State of Iowa.

Also various notes, accounts, judgments and other evidences of indebtedness in favor of C. H. Gaubert & Co. and forming part of the assets of said firm, and which may be examined at the office of Dow & Fuller, Attorneys, No. 1 Methodist Church Block.

All the foregoing enumerated property being the remainder of the assets of Charles H. Gaubert and True Woodbury in the hands of the undersigned as Receiver aforesaid. The above sale to be peremptory to the highest bidder for cash.
J. TILDEN MOULTON, Receiver, &c.
Chicago Oct. 6th, 1859. oct8-a815-td

MORTGAGE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of a certain Bond secured to be paid by a certain mortgage made and executed by Daniel McIlroy to William F. McClenahan dated the first day of August, 1854, filed for record the third day of August, 1854, and recorded in the Recorder's Office in and for the county of Cook and State of Illinois, in book of mortgages eighteen, page 466, and being of the lands and premises hereinafter described, and in which mortgage said Bond is described as being in and for the penal sum of Ten Thousand Dollars, conditioned for the payment to the above named William F. McClenahan, his executors, administrators or assigns, of the sum of five thousand dollars, with interest at ten per cent per annum in current funds in the city of New York.

Now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and for the purpose therein expressed, I will sell at public auction, at the north door of the Court House in the city of Chicago, in the County and state aforesaid, to the highest bidder for cash, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, on Saturday the third day of December next, the lands described in said Mortgage, viz: The real estate situate, lying and being in the County of Cook and State of Illinois, being the west half of Southwest quarter of Section No. one (1) in township thirty-nine (39) North of range thirteen (13) east of the third principal meridian, containing eighty acres be the same more or less, and all benefit and equity of redemption of the said Daniel McIlroy, his heirs and assigns, in the same.
WILLIAM F. McCLENAHAN, Mortgagee.
JAMES CLAPP, Att'y. oc8-a593-60d

MASTER'S SALE—State of Illinois, Cook County, SS.—Circuit Court of Cook County—In Chancery. Rudolph Meyer vs. Ann Vail, Ellen F. Vail, Christian Wahl, Hiram F. Mather, et al.

Public notice is hereby given that I, L. C. Paine Freer, Master in Chancery of Cook County, will, in pursuance of a decree entered in said cause on the 10th day of September, 1859, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the north door of the Court House, in the city of Chicago, County of Cook aforesaid, on the tenth day of November, A. D. 1859, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, a part of the west half of the north west quarter of section thirty-two (32), in township thirty nine (39), north of range fourteen (14), east of the third principal meridian, lying east of the south branch of the Chicago River, and the west line fronting on said river, being that certain parcel of said ground set off in a certain partition suit to the said Michael Bonfield and the Freeer Tract of the Cook County Court of Common Pleas, A. D. 1852, wherein the said Michael Bonfield, James and Patrick O'Brien were parties, excepting from the said above described premises, the north three acres off of said parcel of said land, the said three acres lying directly south of an east and west line, running parallel with the north boundary of said section thirty-two, and distant ninety-seven feet south from said north boundary of said section thirty-two (32) said three acres, being heretofore sold by said Bonfield to R. M. Hough and others, as per deed dated May 12th, 1853, recorded in the office of the Recorder of Cook County, in book 39 of deeds, page 182, the parcel of land above advertised for sale, containing 5 37-100 acres more or less, as per plat on file in the proceedings in partition in said Cook County Court of Common Pleas aforesaid referred to, or such portion thereof shall be necessary to make the money due on said decree, interest and costs.
L. C. PAINE FREER,
Master in Chancery of Cook County.
Chicago, October 18th, 1859. oc18-a762-td

MORTGAGE SALE.—Default having been made in the performance of the conditions of a certain Indenture of Mortgage executed to the undersigned by John Condit Smith, bearing date the twentieth day of December, 1856, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds, of Champaign county, Illinois, in Book C, page 436. Notice is therefore hereby given, that under and in pursuance of the power contained in said mortgage, we shall, on Saturday, the 12th day of November, A. D. 1859, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the North door of the Court House in the city of Chicago, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following property described in said mortgage above named, to wit: Lots numbered two (2) and six (6) in block number twelve (12), and lots number six (6) and eighteen (18) in block number twenty (20), and lot number two (2) in block number nineteen (19); also, lots number two (2) and number ten (10) in block number six (6), together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining to all the above lots being in Galloway & Tracy's Addition to the town of Urbana, Champaign county and State of Illinois.
ALFRED M. WATERMAN, } Mortgagees.
THOMAS RYAN, }
JAMES CLAPP, Attorney. oc 8a746-t

STATE OF ILLINOIS—Cook County—Circuit Court of Cook County—In Chancery. Alfred M. Hoyt vs. William M. Warder, et al.—For Foreclosure.

Public notice is hereby given that I, L. C. Paine Freer, Master in Chancery for Cook County, State Illinois, will in pursuance of an order and decree entered in the above entitled cause, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the north door of the Court House, in the City of Chicago, County and State aforesaid, all of the following described tracts of land situate in the County of Cook aforesaid, to wit: The south west quarter of section twenty five (25), in township thirty eight (38), North Range fourteen (14), east of Third Principal Meridian. Also, the east half of the southeast quarter of Section thirty six (36), in township thirty-eight (38), North Range twelve (12). Also, the east half of the north east quarter of Section thirty-two (32), in Township and Range last aforesaid, or so much thereof as may be necessary to make the money due upon said decree, interest and costs. Said sale to be made on the 5th day of November, A. D. 1859, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day.
L. C. PAINE FREER,
Master in Chancery of Cook County.
Chicago, October 14th, 1859. oc15-a781-td

MASTER'S SALE.—State of Illinois, Cook County, S. S.—Superior Court of Chicago.—In Chancery. Alfred M. Waterman vs. Alonzo W. Gray and others. Bill to Foreclose Mortgage.

Public notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a decretal order entered in the above entitled cause on the third day of August, A. D. 1859, I, Ira Scott, Master in Chancery of the Superior Court of Chicago, will, on the fourth day of November, A. D. 1859, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the north door of the Court House, in the city of Chicago, in the County and State aforesaid, the following described real estate (or so much thereof as may be necessary to make the money due upon the said decree with interest and costs) to wit: The east half of the north east quarter and the north west quarter of section seventeen [17], in township thirty-seven [37] north of range thirteen [13] east; also thirty acres off the south side of the south west quarter of section twenty-two [22], township thirty seven [37] north, range thirteen [13] east, containing in all three hundred and twenty acres of land, be the same more or less; all of said lands lying east of the Third Principal Meridian, in the County of Cook, and State of Illinois.
IRA SCOTT,
Master in Chancery of the Superior Court of Chicago.
Chicago, October 8th, 1859. oc10-a851-td

STATE OF ILLINOIS, County of Cook, ss. Superior Court of Chicago, January Term, 1860. Joseph H. Eaton vs. James V. Z. Blaney, Charlotte B. Blaney, Alfred Smith, John Woodbridge, Jr., Elizabeth B. Woodbridge, Maria Butler, Christina V. A. Butler, Hannah T. Butler, Walter Butler, James V. A. Butler, Benjamin F. Butler, John H. Bird, Fanny E. Bird, and John C. Williams and Charles Hitchcock, Trustees.

Affidavit of the non-residence of Maria Butler, Christina V. A. Butler, Hannah T. Butler, Walter Butler and James V. A. Butler, five of the defendants above named, having been filed in the office of the Clerk of said Superior Court of Chicago, notice is hereby given to the said Maria Butler, Christina V. A. Butler, Hannah T. Butler, Walter Butler and James V. A. Butler, that the complainant filed his bill of complaint in said court on the chancery side thereof on the eleventh day of October, 1859, and that a summons thereupon issued out of said court against said defendants, returnable on the first Monday of January next, 1860, as is by law required.

Now, unless you the said Maria Butler, Christina V. A. Butler, Hannah T. Butler, Walter Butler and James V. A. Butler shall personally be and appear before said Superior Court of Chicago, of Cook county, on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at Chicago, in said county, on the first Monday of January, 1860, and plead, answer or demur to the said complainant's bill of complaint, the same and the matters and things therein charged and stated will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered against you according to the prayer of said bill.
W. KIMBALL, Clerk.
GALLUP & HITCHCOCK, Compl'ts Sol'rs. oc13-a856-4w

Legal Advertisements.

WHEREAS, ON THE FIRST day of May, A. D. 1859, the undersigned [illegible] and other personal property [illegible] by [illegible] as collateral security for the payment of the sum of seven thousand dollars [illegible] and with power to sell the same in case of default in payment of said indebtedness [illegible] Public notice is therefore hereby given, that on Thursday the [illegible] day of November, A. D. 1859, [illegible] in the city of Chicago, I shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described personal property, for the purpose of discharging the said indebtedness, or so much thereof as [illegible].
[illegible] O. H. HARLSTON.
Dated November 1, 1859.

THE MACHINES AND PROPERTY ABOVE REFERRED TO:
47 Combined Reapers and Mowers.
1 Single do
1 Power Corn Mill
3 do do do
2 Two Horse Corn Mill.
4 One do do
35 Wood Scrapers
1 Hoisting Machine.
6 [illegible] Machines.
Lot Extras for Danforth Reapers.
Proceeds of 4 Reapers and Mowers sold by Mr. [illegible], two at Polo and two at Sterling.
35 Sugar Mills [illegible]
1 Bay Mare, 9 years old.

CLAIMS AGAINST

W. W. & C. H. Gillman, for about	$1,200 00
York Easy and [illegible]	[illegible]
Samuel Baker	[illegible]
Al Fuller	[illegible]
John B. Calder	[illegible]
Jacob Tagg	[illegible]
N. A. Brown	[illegible]
Thos. & Alex. McCall	[illegible]
Robert Stewart (2)	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible] (2)	[illegible]
F. A. Barnard	[illegible]
D. B. McCulcher and others	[illegible]
W. H. Harper	[illegible]
Geo. Ames, note	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
O. D. Edwards	[illegible]
Henry Fish	[illegible]
Jerome B. Tuttle	[illegible]
[illegible] Warren	[illegible]
J. W. Potter	[illegible]
A. McKay	[illegible]
O. Robinson	[illegible]
Geo. Scholes	[illegible]

STATE OF ILLINOIS, County of Cook, S.S.—Superior Court of Chicago, November Term, 1859. Dickson Watson vs. James A. Crawford, John N. Dixon, Perry A. Wilbur, John M. Crawford, Alexander Crawford, George W. Crawford, Samuel Hale and John Ayer.—In Chancery.

Affidavit of the non-residence of James A. Crawford, Perry A. Wilbur, John M. Crawford, Alexander Crawford and George W. Crawford, five of the defendants above named, having been filed in the office of the Clerk of said Superior Court of Chicago, Notice is hereby given to the said James A. Crawford, Perry A. Wilbur, John M. Crawford, Alexander Crawford and George W. Crawford, that the complainant has filed his bill of complaint in said Court, on the chancery side thereof, on the eighth day of October, 1859, and that a summons thereupon issued out of said Court against said defendants, returnable on the first Monday of November next, 1859, as is by law required.

Now, unless you, the said James A. Crawford, Perry A. Wilbur, John M. Crawford, Alexander Crawford and George W. Crawford, shall personally be and appear before said Superior Court of Chicago of Cook County, on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at Chicago, in said County, on the first Monday of November, 1859, and plead, answer or demur to the said complainant's bill of complaint, the same and the matters and things therein charged and stated will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered against you according to the prayer of said bill.
WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.
ROGERS & TAYLOR, Compl'ts Sol'rs.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, on the 24th day of February, 1858, Frederick Wilhelm Walbaum and wife, to secure the payment of a Promissory Note, dated October 1st, 1857, executed by J. G. Lauermann, being for the sum of Eleven Hundred and Fifty Dollars, payable to the order of [illegible] executed with a power of sale in case default in the payment of said note, and thereby conveying to the undersigned Lot No. eight (8), in Block No. three (3), in [illegible] Subdivision of John A. [illegible] Addition to Chicago, in the County of Cook, State of Illinois. And, whereas, default has been made in the payment of a portion of said note. And, whereas, said Deed of Trust was duly recorded in the office of the Recorder of said Cook County, February [illegible], 1858, in Book [illegible]

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the powers in said Deed contained, and on the application of the legal holder of said note, I, Samuel Straus, the Trustee in said Deed named, will, on the 11th day of November, A. D. 1859, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the north door of the Court House, in the city of Chicago, County of Cook aforesaid, the above described parcel of land to make the money due on said note and costs.
SAMUEL STRAUS, Trustee.
Chicago, Oct. 31st, 1859.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Notice is hereby given that whereas John Jenks and Paulina Jenks, his wife, by their certain Deed of Trust, executed by them on the nineteenth day of July, A. D. 1858, and recorded in the Recorder's office of Cook County, Illinois, in Book 156 of Deeds, at Page 555, did convey to me, the undersigned, as Trustee, the premises and real estate hereinafter described to secure the payment of a certain Promissory Note for Twenty-one Hundred Dollars, particularly mentioned in said Trust Deed, with interest according to the tenor and effect; and whereas default has been made in the payment of said Promissory Note and interest as according to its tenor, effect, or otherwise, on application of Edmund Aiken, the payee of said Note mentioned in said Trust Deed, and in consideration of the provisions of said Trust Deed and by virtue of the power and authority conferred upon me as such Trustee, sell at public auction at the north door of the Court House, in the City of Chicago, in the County of Cook, on Thursday, the 17th day of November, A. D. 1859, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, all the premises described in said Trust Deed as follows:—Subdivision Number Six (6) in [illegible] and the north three-fourths of lot four (4) of block twelve (12) in fractional section fifteen addition to Chicago, and now particularly described as follows:—Beginning on the south line of Congress street and the east line of the centre Public alley, running thence south along the alley one hundred feet (100) to the alley, thence east fifty-one (51) feet to a line parallel with the east line to Congress street, thence west to the place of beginning, subject to Deed of Trust executed by the said John Jenks and wife to S. B. Perry on the said 19th day of July A. D. 1858, to secure the payment of a note of Six Thousand Dollars and Interest thereon therein mentioned.
CHARLES F. HOSMER, Trustee.
Dated the 31st day of October, A. D. 1859.

MASTER'S SALE—State of Illinois, Cook County, SS.—Superior Court of Chicago, In Chancery. Ernst Wieman vs. William H. Gallup and James Maycroft. Bill to foreclose mortgage.

Public notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a decretal order entered in the above entitled cause, on the twenty-first day of September, A. D. 1859, I, Ira Scott, Master in Chancery of the Superior Court of Chicago, will, on the seventeenth day of November, A. D. 1859, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the north door of the Court House, in the city of Chicago, in the County and State aforesaid, the following described real estate, or so much thereof as may be necessary to make the money due upon the said decree, with interest and costs, to-wit: That certain farm, lot, piece or parcel of land, known as north half of the north-west fractional quarter of section twenty-two (22) in fractional township forty (40) north of range twelve (12) east of the third principal meridian, situate in the town of [illegible], County of Cook and State of Illinois, containing sixty two acres and twenty-four hundredths of an acre, be the same more or less.
IRA SCOTT,
Master in Chancery of the Superior Court of Chicago.
Chicago, October 24th, 1859.

MASTER'S SALE—State of Illinois, Cook County, ss.—Superior Court of Chicago. Frederick Ketz vs. Oren T. Snow, et. al.—Petition for Mechanic's Lein.

Public notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a decretal order entered in the above entitled cause, on the twenty fourth day of September, A. D. 1859, I, Ira Scott, Master in Chancery of the Superior Court of Chicago, will on the fourteenth (14) day of November, A. D. 1859, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the North door of the Court House in the city of Chicago, in said county and state, all the right, title and interest of the said defendant, Oren T. Snow, in and to lot thirteen (13) in block thirty-two (32), Wolcott's Addition to Chicago, in said county and state, also the frame school building and wood-shed standing upon said lot thirteen, together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging and appertaining.
IRA SCOTT,
Master in Chancery of the Superior Court of Chicago.
Chicago, October 20, 1859.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, County of Cook, SS.—Superior Court of Chicago, November Term, 1859. David T. Carpenter vs. Leon Straus, John G. Shortall and John E. Boyd.—In Chancery.

Affidavit of the non-residence of John E. Boyd, one of the defendants above named having been filed in the office of the Clerk of said Superior Court of Chicago. Notice is hereby given to the said John E. Boyd that David T. Carpenter, the above named complainant filed his bill of complaint in the said court on the chancery side thereof, on the eighteenth day of August, 1859, and that a summons thereupon issued out of said court against said defendants, returnable on the first Monday of November next, 1859, as is by law required.

Now, unless you, the said John E. Boyd, shall personally be and appear before said Superior Court of Chicago of Cook County, on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at Chicago, said county, on the first Monday of November, 1859, and plead, answer or demur to the said complainants' bill of complaint, the same and the matters and things therein charged and stated will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered against you according to the prayer of said bill.
WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.
W. R. SMITH, Compl't's Sol'r.

Transportation.

STEAM TO IRELAND, ENGLAND, and Scotland for $30.
THE ATLANTIC
ROYAL MAIL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S
New York and Galway Line.
The staunch and powerful iron Steamer
JASON, Captain Nicholson,
Will sail from New York, on Thursday, Nov. 10th, touching at St. John's, N. F., to receive the Royal Mails.
Fares or Passage—First Class $90; Second Class $75; Third Class $30, including free tickets to the principal cities on the main lines of railway in Great Britain and Ireland. Third class must provide plate, knife, fork, water can and bedding.
First Cabin passage to St. Johns..........$35
For passage tickets, either to or from any part of Great Britain, or further information, apply at the office of the AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.,
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1859 1859
INCORPORATED 1856.
Capital . . . . $800,000.
JNO ALLEN, Jr., President. B. A. Root, Secretary.
SAM. MORGAN, Vice Prest. E. L. FURSMAN, Treas.

Having completed its arrangements for the ensuing season—this company will be prepared on the opening of navigation, with increased facilities, and on as favorable terms, to transport merchandise, railroad iron, and other property to and from New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Albany, Troy, and intermediate places, and ports on Lakes Erie, Michigan and Huron, by the Hudson River and Erie Canal at low rates.

The work of the Erie Canal Enlargement is now advanced so near to completion the company feel warranted in guaranteeing to its customers such increased promptness and dispatch between New York and Buffalo, as to command satisfaction.

A Line of first class Screw Steamers will run regularly between Chicago and Buffalo for freight and passengers during the ensuing season; and the undersigned is prepared to contract for the up and down freight by Steam and Canal, or Steam on Lake and Rail to and from Buffalo, at the lowest ruling rates.

This company run an Express over the New York Central Railroad and Steam on Lake, thereby insuring to their customers the choice of routes to and from New York and the West.

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Augustus Colson, [illegible]
James H. Wilgus, 9 Astor House Building, New York.
S. G. Chase, 113 Pier, Albany.
[illegible] 121 River street, Troy.
J. M. Wilder, Comly Agent, 46 State street, Boston.
Lorenzo Hunter, 2 Sweenie street, Tonawanda.
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J. L. Hurd & Co., Hurd's Dock, Detroit.
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BY TELEGRAPH.

FIRES!

Another Terrible Conflagration in New Orleans.

New Orleans, Nov. 3.—Seven squares, from Washington to 9th street, 4th district, were burnt this evening. They were thickly built, mostly small buildings. Another square is now on fire. The Firemen are powerless for want of water.

Loss of the Pembroke Cotton Mills.

Concord, Nov. 3.—The Pembroke Cotton Mills at Suncook village, were destroyed by fire this a. m., together with a dwelling and picker and counting rooms on the opposite side of the River. The loss is $130,000, of which about $90,000 is insured. The mills were owned by principally by Weed & Minot, Thos. Howe, W. Roberts and M. Pope, all of Boston. Nearly 250 operators are thrown out of employment by this calamity.

Fire in Lexington, Ky.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 3.—The bagging factory of P. Scott was totally destroyed by fire this evening. Loss about $1,500 or $2,000. Insured. The building was of frame and very old. Origin of fire not known.

Fire in Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 3.—The Brick building attached to St. Paul's Cathedral, occupied by Bishop O'Connor, was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss about $2,000—fully insured.

Maryland Congressional Election.

Baltimore, Nov. 3.—The returns from the State are very meagre. Those received seem rather to favor the Democrats. The vote of the city is not in yet. The Reformers have a small majority in the 12th Ward.

The Coroner held an inquest to-day on the body of Sonny White, the rowdy, who was shot yesterday in the 12th Ward. A verdict was rendered, attributing the killing to accident, the wound having been inflicted by a stray shot. No evidence was elicited showing that Duffy, who was arrested for the act, had anything to do with it.

An inquest is now in progress on the body of Mr. A. B. Kyle, who died last evening from injuries he received.

In the 6th Congressional District, Anne Arundel county gives George W. Hughes, Dem., for Congress 119 majority, a Democratic gain of 19 votes. In the 5th District, Frederick county gives H. W. Hoffman, American, for Congress, about 300 majority, a loss of 432 votes. Washington county, gives Hoffman about 50 majority.

Baltimore, Nov. 3.—Returns from Cecil and Howard counties show a Democratic gain of 6 members of the Leigislature, 4 Representatives and two Senators.

Returns indicate that the Democrats will have a majority in the House—Senate in doubt. City returns not complete. The Americans will have 17,000 majority, which, of course, secures their State Ticket by a heavy majority. So far there appears to be no change in Congressional delegation.

Inquest on Mr. Kyle not yet concluded.

The Central Reform Committee have held a meeting and unanimously expressed the deepest indignation and distress in view of the murder of their respected and excellent fellow citizen, Adam Barlie Kyle, Jr., at the polls in the fifteenth ward, and resolved to attend the funeral to-morrow morning, inviting all lovers of law and order, who regard with sorrow and shame this crowning act of the unparalleled enormities of the recent election, to unite in the funeral procession.

Seizure of a Slaver in New York.

New York, Nov. 3.—Information received at the Marshal's office, says that the brig S. P. Hope, lying at pier No. 4, East River, had been engaged on a slave voyage, from which she had just returned. The Marshal and two of his deputies proceeded to the vessel and took possession of her.

It is stated that she was fitted out at Charleston, S. C., and went to Havana, thence to Cienfuegos and the coast of Africa, where she took in a cargo of negroes, and landed them on the south side of Cuba. After landing the blacks, the mate took the vessel into Campeachy, where he obtained fraudulent papers and sailed for New York, where he was dispossessed by a power of attorney, sent on from Charleston by the owners, where she was first fitted out.

She was a schooner, but the mate had her altered to a brigantine and brought her as such to this port. Her name is in very small letters, and she has been totally divested of her internal fittings as a slaver.

Capt. Payne of the S. P. Hope, took passage on board a bark for New York, but died on the voyage. His remains were kept and buried at Statan Island.

Deputy Marshal Miller is now in possession of the slaver.

The mate is anxiously looked for, and it is probable the brigantine will be sold for the benefit of the U. S. Government.

Important Mail Arrangements.

Washington, Nov. 3.—The Postmaster General has concluded an arrangement with the Canadian Post Office Department, by which the mails are to be transported for the sea postage, weekly, between Detroit and Liverpool, via Portland, in the Winter, and via the River St. Lawrence in the Summer—the service to commence by the trip of the first steamer outward from Portland, on the 26th.

It is intended to have the mails of such of them as may be thereby expedited for and from the Southern, Northwestern and probably some of the South Western States, sent in mails between Chicago and Detroit on one side, and Liverpool and London, on the other, and for this purpose the assent of the British Post Office Department has been has been requested to constitute Chicago and Detroit Exchange offices for the United States and British mails, on the side of Great Britain. Cork may also be constituted an Exchange office. The schedule time between Portland and Chicago is to be 48 hours, and when the services commence there will be an unbroken line of railway the entire distance. This will be a very direct line from the far West to Europe.

Tom Corwin Makes a Speech.

New York, Nov. 3.—Hon. Thos. Corwin, member of Congress elect of Ohio, delivered a long address to an audience of about 2,000 persons at Musical Hall, Brooklyn, embodying his views of the doctrines of the Republican party. He argued that the "irrepressible conflict" between Free and Slave Labor originated with the South Carolina nullification; counselled submission to all law, including the Fugitive Slave law, and defended Webster, Clay and Fillmore from the charge of being favorable to Slavery, because they recognised and acted on their duty as sworn officers of the Goverment. He is opposed to the doctrine of "squatter sovereignty" and repudiates the extravagant sentiments promulgated by Wendell Phillips with reference to old Brown and Harper's Ferry. "Popular sovereignty," in exercising its powers in Kansas, had resulted in four years of civil war, out of which came that spectre of insanity and treason, John Brown.

From Washington.

Washington, Nov. 3.—A letter has been received here, stating that Gen. Trias, for many many years Governor of Chihuahua, is shortly expected at El Paso to consult with Judge Hart with reference to the construction of a railroad through Chihuahua, under a grant to Messrs. Hart, Otero and others, by the Legislature of that State last year.

Capt. Wm. F. Smith, of the Topographical Engineers, has been appointed Secretary to the Light House Board, vice Capt. Franklin.

Commander Hartstein and Lieutenant Jones, have been ordered on special duty in fitting for sea the steamer Pawnee at Philadelphia.

Lieut. Davenport has been detached from ordnance duty at the Washington Navy Yard and ordered to the National Observatory.

From the Plains.

St. Louis, Nov. 3.—The Westport correspondent of the *Republican* says that four mails are now due at Independence, and serious apprehensions are felt for the safety, both of the outgoing and incoming parties. The same correspondent states on the authority of the mail carrier between Council Grove and Fort Riley, that nineteen returning Pike's Peak emigrants were murdered on the Plains by Indians since the killing of the Kiowas chief at the former place, about two months ago.

Georgia Legislature.

Milledgville, Ga., Nov. 3.—The Legislature met here yesterday, and both branches were organized, by the election of LeGrand Guerry as President of the Senate, and Isaiah Irvin as Speaker of the House. The Governor communicated a lengthy message, solely confined to State business, no reference being made to national politics.

The America at Halifax.

Sackville, N. B., Nov. 3.—The steamship America arrived at Halifax this evening, with Liverpool dates to the 22d ult—three days later than previously received.

Her advices cannot reach here until to-morrow morning by the horse express.

Steamers for Europe.

New York, Nov. 3.—The Ocean Queen for Southampton and Havre on Saturday, will take about $800,000 in specie. Most of this is probably to cover previous transactions. The winter schedule of fares for westward bound passengers was to-day adopted by the four trunk lines.

A Railroad Smash-up.

Albany, Nov. 3.—A freight train consisting of 41 cars, on the New York Central Railroad, ran off the track at midnight, near this city. The locomotive and eight of the cars were smashed. There were no lives lost.

The New Kansas Constitution.

Leavenworth, Nov. 3—Gov. Medary has issued a Proclamation declaring the Wyandotte Constitution adopted; also designating the 24th inst as a day of Thanksgiving.

Suicide.

Washington, Nov. 3.—Lewis Jones, a young clerk in a law office, committed suicide by blowing his brains out with a pistol.

☞ A vote was taken in Louisville, on Saturday, on the question whether the city should, or should not contract a loan of $60,000 for the erection of a House of Refuge. The general opinion favored the loan, and there was little opposition to the measure at the polls. In the First Ward there were 83 votes for and 2 against the loan. In the Fourth Ward there were 64 affirmative ballots, and in the Fifth there was no opposition, and 46 votes for the measure.

Shooting Affair in St. Louis.—About 7 o'clock on Monday evening, a young man named D. P. Shields was shot, in Green street, St. Louis, by William Edwards. The latter is a leading lawyer of Keokuk, Iowa. The difficulty grew out of an improper intimacy between Shields and the wife of Edwards, of which the latter is said to have conclusive proof, in the shape of letters that passed between the guilty pair. Edwards separated from his wife and declared vengeance against Shields.

Horrible Indian Massacre.

The Salt Lake papers of the 5th ult., contain the particulars of the massacre of a party of emigrants, by the Indians on the Plains, on the night of the 3d of September, 25 miles west of Fort Hall. The party consisted of six men, three women and ten children, part from Michigan and part from Buchanan County, Iowa. The massacre must have been a most horrible one. The emigrants were surrounded just as they were about encamping, and shot down before they had time to prepare for defence. Some who escaped fell in soon after with a company of dragoons, under command of Lieut. Livingston, who sent a detachment to the scene of the massacre. The following is the description of what they found:

After informing the command of our distress, Lieut. Livingston sent a detachment of nine men with one of our company to pilot them to the place of the massacre. On their arrival they found the dead bodies of five persons on the ground out of the eight that were missing. The dead were horribly mangled and scalped. One little girl, five years old, had both her legs cut off at the knees, her ears were cut off, and her eyes dug out from the sockets; and to all appearance the girl, after having her legs cut off, had been compelled to walk on the stumps for the sold purpose of gratifying the hellish propensity of savage barbarity. Their animals were taken and their wagons plundered according to the usual mode of Indian spoliation.

The names of the murdered are—Edward Miltimore, Sen., James Miltimore, Jr., William Miltimore, Mary Ellen Miltimore and Myron Cline.

Missing—Mrs. Miltimore and child, (three months old,) and Albert Miltimore.

Escaped—Milton J. Harrington, wife and child, A. Hill, wife and child, Geo. Alonzo, Nelson Miltimore, Frank Hubbard, Nathan Titus and Wm. Marsh.

Another account says:

The ill-fated train was composed of seventeen persons from Buchanan Co., Iowa. We can only give their surnames: A Mr. Miltimore and family, (wife and eight children,) a Mr. Hill, wife, and Messrs. Cline and Marsh, passengers; Mr. Harrington, wife and employee. In the evening of the attack, the main body of the train had advanced ahead of Mr. Miltimore and family, and settled down on a camping place for the night. The savages took advantage of this separation of the company, and first attacked Mr. Miltimore's detachment, killing him, his wife, six children, and Mr. Cline. Mr. Miltimore's two oldest sons were absent from the family, at the onset, hunting ducks. Had it not been for this circumstance, there probably would not have been a single member of the family left to tell the mournful story of the remainder's fate. Upon hearing the firing and whooping in the direction of their father's teams, the sons hurried to render succor. Arriving near the scene, and seeing from the number of Indians that an attempt of resistance on their part would result in the loss of their own lives, without rescuing those of their friends, they beat a hasty and covert retreat for the parties ahead.

After the Indians had completed their work of murder and plunder with the Miltimore party, they pressed ahead and attacked the remainder of the train. Here they met a warm reception, and were kept at bay by the incensed and determined emigrants, until welcome darkness closed upon the scene, when the assailed finding further resistance futile, made their escape, leaving the Indians possessors of their stock and goods. They traveled on foot two days without anything to eat, and finally reached a military post. Mr. Herrington discovered an Indian pursuing them during their retreat and shot at him. He thinks he killed the red skin. The survivors are now at Camp Floyd, in a destitute condition.

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RAWLINSON'S HISTORY OF HERODOTUS. Volume 1st	2 50
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Few work of reference have been more desired than this. It comprises not only sentences and phrases which, in various languages have become, from their aptitude and application, of universal usage, but words, especially foreign, which have peculiar or technical character. The French, Latin and Greek Languages furnish the majority of these quotations, though Italian, German, Spanish and Portugese are represented.

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Financial and Commercial.

MONETARY

Thursday Evening, Nov. 3, 1859.

Currency is not quite so scarce as it was yesterday; and yet it was impossible for some of the banks to make advances on all the cargoes that offered. Demands are still very large, and will doubtless continue so till navigation closes. The fact that shipments are so active is a matter of congratulation, and we trust the activity will continue till the West has paid all its debts and the balance of trade is turned largely in our favor. Discounts are rarely afforded except on Eastern drafts, with bill of lading attached.

The demand for Exchange is heavy, and to-morrow (the 4th) it will be unusually so. After that there will be a comparative lull for the next three weeks. We have no facts, however, to warrant the expectation of a decline in rates. They are steady to-day at 1¼, though the scarcity of currency made the banks unwilling to pay over 1 per cent. The difference between buying and selling prices is generally but ¼ per cent. In the street, holders could scarcely realize above ¼ of one per cent.

Gold is still scarce, but the demand has fallen off. The range of prices is 1½@2 per cent.; the higher figure for small lots.

The transactions outside of bank are very few, and rates are nominal at 1@2 per cent. per month.

Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company.—Note.—The Road of this Company commences 30 miles west of Chicago, at its junction with the Galena Road, and extends 138 miles, to Galesburg, where it connects with the Quincy and Chicago Railroad for Quincy, and with the Peoria & Oquawka Railroad for Burlington and Oquawka. In addition to earnings upon its own road, the Company receive 73 per cent. of the earnings upon 30 miles between Chicago and the Junction, and in computing the earnings per mile, 22 miles should be added, making the length of the Road 160 miles.

The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railway Line, is composed of the above described Road, extending from Chicago to Galesburg, 168 miles, and that portion of the Peoria & Oquawka Raod between Galesburg and Burlington, 42 miles—and the Quincy & Chicago (late Northern Cross) Road, between Galesburg and Quincy, 100 miles, making the whole length of the Line 310 miles.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY RAILROAD COMPANY.

EARNINGS IN OCTOBER, 1859.

Freight	103,255.29
Passengers	31,734.21
Mail and Miscellaneous	1,653.12
Total	$138,643.59
Operating expenses estimated	$55,000.00
Net Earnings	$83,643.59
Gross per mile	$864.52

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY RAILROAD LINE.

EARNINGS IN OCTOBER, 1859.

Between Chicago & Burlington, 210 miles.	
Freight	$117,594.90
Passengers	37,334.37
Mails and Miscellaneous	2,013.87
Total	$156,843.14
Between Galesburg and Quincy, 100 miles.	
Freight	$17,357.51
Passengers	12,359.30
Mails and Miscellaneous	858.48
Total	$30,575.29
Total for 310 miles	$187,418.43
Earnings in October, 1858	$159,271.95
Increase in October, 1859	$28,146.48
Gross earnings per mile	604.58

☞ Earnings of the Galena & Chicago Union Railroad Company for the Month of October:

	1858.	1857.		
Freight	$87,674 13	$155,361 41	$67,687 28	Increase.
Passengers	49,382 62	39,063 50	10,269 12	Decrease.
Mails, &c.	4,646 13	4,500 00	146 13	do
	$141,602 88	$198,824 91	$57,172 03	Increase.

COMMERCIAL.

Thursday Evening, Nov. 3, 1859.

The receipts and shipments during the past 24 hours, were as follows:

RECEIPTS YESTERDAY.

	Flour brls.	Wh't bus.	Corn bus.	Oats bus.	Bar'y bus.	Hogs No.	Ca'le No.
Lake							
Canal	....	2411	924	2466	353	....	....
G. & C. U. RR.	1890	22811	1327	2222	631	197	98
Rock Island R R.	565	10660	3500	300	3600	82	274
Ill. Central R R.	649	9800	19250	1200	2400	500	35
B. & Quincy R R.	836	11024	6124	3162	213	300	230
Northwest'n R R.	260	5381	....	344	356	....	68
Chi. A. & St. L.	1300	2000	4000	....	320	....	92
Total	5340	69631	35235	9884	11483	1075	792

SHIPMENTS BY LAKE YESTERDAY.

	Flour brls.	Wh't bus.	Corn bus.	Oats bus.	Bar'y bus.	Hogs No.	Ca'le No.
To Buffalo	....	17000	....	19000	....	....	....
To Oswego	....	33179	....	....	....	....	....
To Ogdensburg	920	....	10000	....	....	....	....
To Port Colborne	....	13000	....	....	....	....	....
Total	920	63179	10000	19000	30700	....	....

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS BY LAKE TO-DAY.

RECEIPTS.		SHIPMENTS.	
Lumber, ft	803,000	Flour, bbls	2,210
Shingles, No.	2,088,000	Wheat, bu	12,000
Ties, No.	11,000	Corn, bu	11,800
Staves, No.	125,000	Oats, bags	100
Fish, pkgs	158	Barley, bu	16,326
Sugar, bbls	25	Broom Corn, bales	283
Sugar, hhds	165	Pork bbls	5
Coffee, bags	121	Beef, tcs	75
Wood, cds	684	Do, bbls	142
Salt, bu	4947	Tallow, bbls	40
Iron, tons	17	G. Hides, no.	251
Mdse, pkgs	885	Feed, bags	39
Flour, brls	300	Lead, pigs	1,120
Hops, bales	150	Hay, tons	15

The scarcity of currency tends to restrict buyers and depress the markets generally. The market for Spring wheat to-day declined 2@2½c, and closed weak. Only about 55,000 bushels changed hands, at $1.03 for No. 1 Red; 85@90c for No. 2 Red; 85c for No. 1 Spring; 81@83c for No. 2 Spring; and 77@77½c for Rejected Spring—the market closing quiet at the inside figures, all parties anxiously waiting the arrival of the *America* now past due. Flour was also dull and we quote the market 5@10c lower. About 1,000 barrels changed hands, at $4.35@4.65 for good to choice Spring Extras, and $3.00@3.50 for Spring Superfine. Old Corn was dull and lower—sales of No. 1 being made made at 70c delivered, and of No. 2 at 65c in store. New Corn more active and 1c lower on shelled, and 2@3c lower on Ear, with sales of about 12,000 bushels at 49@51c for No. 1; 47c for Rejected in store; and 42@45c for Ear on track. Oats quiet and 1c lower, with a limited demand—mostly by lumbermen—and sales of No, 1 at 31@31½c in store, and 32c for Canal afloat. Rye 1c lower—transactions being made at 60@61c for No. 1 in store. The Barley market was weak and 2@2½c lower. About 10,000 bushels changed hands at 60c for No. 1 and 52c for No. 2 in store. Timothy Seed firmer, with a good demand at $2.08@2.10. Highwines dull and nominal at 23c. Alcohol 50@52c. Dressed Hogs begin to arrive more plenty and the market is lower—good heavy hogs selling $4.12½@4.87½. Hides unchanged.

Freights are still firm; but shippers are holding off. A vessel was taken for new corn to Oswego at 11c.

Boston, Nov. 1.—Receipts, 3,351 brls Flour; 18,944 bus Wheat; 18,944 bus Corn; 1,000 bus Oats.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 31.—Flour—The market is unsettled and figures vary much; sales from store of 700 brls at $4.70@5.00 for Superfine, $5.10@5.25 for Extra, and $5.62@5.87 for Extra Family.

Grain—Sales of 100 bus Corn at 64c; 320 bus Oats from first hands at 40c; 260 bus do from store at 42c.

Albany—Nov. 1.—Grain—The offerings of wheat on 'change this morning were large and lower rates were demanded by our millers; the sales were 3000 bu red state at $1.22, and 8700 bu white Canadian at $1.34@1.35. Rye in the street 90c; sales 200 bu ordinary canal at 81c, and 5000 do, on orders, p. t. Corn in the street $1.02@1.03; no sales of canal, and none offering afloat. Oats in the street 42@43c; the sales at the Board to-day were large, covering 40,000 bush State, Canadas and Chicago at 42½@43c, closing at the inside figure. The receipts of Barley at tide water during the 4th week of October, will be about the estimates of some receivers, viz: 250,000 bush. The returns at hand give 227,900 bush, with Waterford to hear from. Placing the receipts of the 4th week at 250,000, we have 1,044,000 bush new crop against 2,026,000 bush new crop to the same date in 1858. The sales to-day show no material change, and include 3,000 bush Winter Barley 81c; 8,500 bu Canada East at 82@83c; 3,500 bu Penn Yan at 82c; 6,000 bu Canada West, via. Toronto at 85c, which is not up to the market; 8,000 do State, Canada and Winter taken in one lot, on p. t.; also 4,600 bu Lake Shore at 83c, yesterday. The large parcels of Wisconsin on the market yesterday and to-day will probably be shipped to New York.

New York, Nov. 1.—Receipts, 35,223 brls flour; 32,148 bu wheat; 15,076 bu corn; 15,650 bu oats; 1,800 bu rye.

Cleveland, Nov. 1.—Flour—Sales in a small way at $5@5.25 for good extras. Wheat—Market very dull to-day and no sales reported.—Nominal sales at $1.14@1.16 for red, and $1.28@1.25 for white. Oats—Sale 1 car at 37½c. Corn—Steady at 80c, with few sales. New on ear 50c ⅌ 70 lbs. Rye—Steady at 73@75c. Barley—New is firm at 70c; Old, steady at 60c.

Cincinnati—Nov. 2.—Receipts, 3353 bbls flour; 5,543 bu corn; 12,560 bu wheat; 2,498 bu oats; 2,498 bu barley. The *Gazette* of this morning says:

There is a continued good demand for mess pork, and prices are higher, closing at $13.90@14.00. The sales since our last report reach 2,500 brls, of which 1,400 brls sold at $13.75, and the remainder at $14. Canada buyers are still the best customers. Lard is in good demand at 10½c—and some small lots sold at 10¼c. There is a slightly improved feeling in bacon, but there is still a difference of ¼ between buyers and sellers. Fresh smoked city packed sides and shoulders are held at 7¼@9¾c, with buyers at 7¼@9½. There was very little done in flour, and there was no change in price or feeling. Holders are not pressing, and buyers are offish. Whisky was firmer at 22½c, with an improved demand. Wheat inactive, without change in prices. Corn firm at 40@43c. We hear from the interior that farmers, owing to the low prices, are offering their crops less freely. No change in other grains.

St. Louis, Nov. 2.—There is a fair demand for flour and prices are firmer, but not higher, the ruling rate for desirable brands of superfine being $4.75. There was a sale of 3,000 brls on private terms. All qualities of wheat declined 2@3c ⅌ bu. The demand for corn is limited and confined to the local trade. New sold at 55@60c, including sacks. Oats declined 1c ⅌ bu. There is a limited demand for mess pork at $14.50. Lard firm and held for an advance. No change in whisky. The receipts to-day include 20,000 bu wheat and 4,000 bu corn. It is estimated that 200,000 head of hogs, will reach St. Louis winter. Money is more plenty and somewhat easier. The prevailing rate for Eastern Exchange is 1 ⅌ prem.

Milwauke, Nov. 2—The *Sentinel* of this morning says:

Receipts of wheat yesterday, including flour, footed up something better than seventy-five thousand bushels, namely, 660 brls flour, and 67,217 bu wheat. Shipments were eighty-seven thousand, namely: 1,565 brls flour, and 78,950 bu wheat. The advance in freights, together with the continued dullness at the East, had very depressing effect upon the market, and prices suffered a decline of 1@2c.

Detroit, Nov. 2.—The receipts were: 5,321 brls flour; 5,477 bu wheat; 206 bu oats; 320 bu barley. The *Tribune* of yesterday morning says:

The receipts of wheat are inadequate to meet the pressing wants of buyers, and sales are for that reason made at full rates. The slight decline in most or all the principal markets of the country, together with the advance in freights, has its influence, and sales to any considerable amount could not be effected without some abatement. To-day a lot of 2,000 bu No 1 red sold at 1.10, regarded as an extreme figure. There is, however, an active inquiry at 1.09. There was no white offering.

Toronto, Nov. 2.—Wheat—There was a large supply of fall wheat in the market yesterday, amounting to about 9,500 bus. Prices ranged from 5s 6d to 6s 1d, the average for inferior and common being 5s 7½d and for prime 6s on the street. About 1,000 bus of Spring wheat were brought in by farmers, and 700 bus by the cars. The average price of prime on the street was 4s 11d; common sold at from 4s 9d to 4s 10d. Barley—1,000 bus was about the amount of barley supplied; the ruling figures were 3s 6d to 3s 9d. Peas—Were nominal at 2s 9d to 2s 10d ⅌ bus. Oats—About 700 bus which sold freely at 1s 40½d to 1s 11½d.

Toledo, Nov. 2.—Receipts, 9,964 bu Wheat; 813 brls Flour; 1,435 bu Corn. The *Blade* reports as follows: The following are the quotable rates for various brands—Fine Flour, $4.00; Superfine $4.50@4.75; Extra $5; Double Extra and Fancy, $5.25@5.50. Buckwheat, new, $4. Rye Flour $4. Wheat—Sales 2,000 bu White at $1.18; 6,500 bu do on private terms; 1,400 bu do at $1.18; 1,000 bu do private terms; 1,500 bu Red private terms. Corn—No sales; nominal 80c for old, 55@60c for new. Oats—36c. Barley—Spring 65c; Winter 70c. Dressed Hogs—200 lbs and over, 5c.

Oswego—Nov. 1, 6 p. m.—Flour steady, with sales at $4.75 for State. Wheat firm but quiet; sales 4,500 bus Milwaukee Club at $1.03. Corn—Market bare and nothing doing. Barley quiet. Rye lower; sales 2,000 bush Canadian at 75c. Oats firm but quiet. Peas dull. Canal freights firm at 35c on flour, and 10c on wheat to New York. Lake Imports to-day—100 brls flour, 42,500 bu wheat. Canal Exports—300 barrels flour, 30,000 bus wheat, 4,500 bus rye, 6,400 bus barley.

Export of Breadstuffs at New York.—The N. Y. *Herald* of yesterday says:

Of breadstuffs, there were exported last week 38,844 bushels of wheat, and 23,132 barrels flour of which all the wheat and 3,356 barrels of flour were sent to Great Britain. Present prices, as we have observed before, leave no margin for profit on shipments of breadstuffs to Europe; and with the large consumptive demand here, and the probable deficiency of the crop in certain localities, it is not clear that the price here can decline this year low enough to render such shipments a fair mercantile adventure. It will be remarked that during the past week we shipped nearly 20,000 barrels of flour to the British colonies, the West Indies and South America. This market would be considerably enlarged were Cuba and Porto Rico thrown open to our grain. The existing Spanish law deprives us of a natural market in these islands, and obliges the Spanish colonists to pay an exorbitant price for their food. Mr. Preston ought to have no difficulty in convincing the present Spanish government that such unnatural laws as these can never do good, and must work a perennial mischief to all the parties whom they affect.

Corn in Indiana.—The Attica (Ind.) *Ledger* says that farmers in that county report the corn to be drying out very fast, and many of them will be able to commence husking in a week. The weather has been very favorable for drying corn.

Rochester, Nov. 1.—The *Union and Advertiser* says:

There has been for some time past a good degree of activity in our market for produce, and take it altogether Rochester has been a pretty lively market this fall. As navigation draws towards a close there is a rush to make the first shipments of articles which go by canal chiefly, or by rail under competition. Our mills are still grinding, but some have pretty much run out of stock and will not resume until there is a change in prices to give them a margin for grinding. Under a sort of fictitious export demand prices have advanced slightly on flour, and wheat has advanced in undue proportion. Things may find a wholesome level soon. These remarks apply chiefly to other than white wheat. This article is rather scarcee and some contend that the crop is far less than was reported after harvest. We do not get much Canadian now, as there is a temporary advance on the other side, which prevents our millers from going into the market. The sales here have been limited for a week, and the arrivals few. The vessels trading to this port have been weather bound by the gales for several days, but have now left. When they return they may bring wheat to be sold. Prime white Canadian will bring $1 30 readily, and perhaps two or three cents more. Flour is held firmly and sales are made at about 25c better rates than those of last week. The very best extras sell at $6.,5 in lots. Good at $6.00.

Cincinnati Lumber Market—Nov. 1.—With a fair fall trade, prices are fully maintained at most of the yards, though at some of them rates have been cut under:

Clear Pine, ⅌ M feet	$40.00
First common ⅌ M feet	25.00
Second do do	17.50
Third do do	12.50
Second do do Flooring	25.00
First do do do	35.00
Yellow Pine, do	30.30
Hemlock, Joist and Scantling	$12.50@17.50
Popular " "	14.00
Pine Framing and Joist	$17.50@17.50
Popular Laths ⅌ M	2.00
Pine do do	1.25
Second common Pine weather boarding	2.50
First do do do do	$18.00@20.00

SHINGLES—PER M.

No. 1, sawed, 18 in....$4.25 | 18 in. shaved shingles..$4.75
@$4.50 No. 1; shaved 16 in.... 4.25

The Provision Trade.

The stocks of Pork and Beef at New York on the 1st inst. compare as follows:

PORK:

November 1, 1859	bbls, 24,332
October 1, 1859	40,013
November 1, 1858	18,871

BEEF:

November 1, 1859	12,904
October 1, 1859	18,812
November 1, 1858	5,009

The stock of Pork, it will be seen has diminished about 15,000 barrels during the past month. It is still, however, about double the amount reported on Nov., 1858; But as the hogs will be from four to six week's later this season than last, before new barreled Pork is sent forward, the stock will be pretty well reduced.

With regard to the pork trade the Cincinnati *Price Current* of yesterday says:

The weather is now quite cool and favorable for packing, but it is too early yet almost to depend upon the continuance of the present temperature. Monday, the following sales were reported on the books of the Merchant's Exchange.

600 head to be delivered from 15th to 22th inst. $5 75
600 " " " 5th inst., av. 210 lbs.... 6 00
300 " " " 10th to 20th, av. 190@200, 5 60
200 " on the spot, av. 300 lbs gross, $4 75 gross.

Last season several contracts were entered into at $6 35 to $6.75, to be delivered during the present month, and but few, if any, of these, have as yet been settled, so that we may expect purchases will be made to fill them, and at prices too, which will constitute no correct indication of the price packers are willing to pay.

New Mess Pork is offered for December delivery at $14, and 600 bbls sold at $13.50@13.75. and new Bacon at 8½ for sides; but few are willing to accept the offers. A lot of green Hams, to be delivered the last two weeks of November, was on the market in the fore part of the week, and 7½ was the highest offer obtained for them.

Packing will commence this week with two or three houses, if the cool weather continues, but it is not likely the season will fully open for a week or ten days hence. There has been an active demand for mess pork during the past week, and the sales reach 3,400 bbls, all at $13.75, the decline noticed last week having brought large orders from the East, as well as from Canada. Lard has been wanted at 10@10½c, and 700 bbls sold at the latter rate, for prime, but at the close none could be purchased below 10½c. The stock of this article is quite reduced, and is in the hands of one or two parties. Manufacturers have bought pretty freely.

The Cincinnati *Gazette* of this morning also says:

The attendance on 'Change begins to afford evidence of the near approach of the pork season Among the visitors to-day, were many faces that are rarely seen on that floor, except between November and February. There were hog drovers and hog runners, feeders from the interior, and operators from the seaboard, with here and there a dealer from the opposite side of the water. The latter tell us, as usual, that there will be no market in Great Britain for products that will justify over $4 for hogs, but their words fall upon the ears of traders as a mere idle tale. Nobody expects hogs to sell at $4—while packers generally would be willing to go through the season at an average of $5. They are only afraid that the price will rule higher, in which event, the prevailing impression is, but little will be accomplished toward regaining the losses of the last year. At present, hogs, for delivery within the current month, are not obtainable below $5.75.

The Detroit *Tribune* of yesterday, in an article on the Pork Trade, says.

Our Michigan farmers did their own packing to a considerable extent last season, but if the true state of the case were known, we think it would be found that nothing was saved by it as a general thing. When hogs are wanted for packing the market is in favor of the seller. He is not begging for a market, while active competition will always enable him to obtain full rates. Not so with his pork when it seeks the market in packages; ten to one he is unable to sell at all without paying a commission. Even should he stumble upon a buyer, the latter inasmuch as he knows nothing of the quality or condition of the article beyond the representations of the owner, will not be disposed to touch it except upon terms disadvantageous to the honest packer. We believe, therefore, that home packing is inconsistent with the true interest of the producer.

At St. Louis the season also begins to open. The Missouri *Democrat* of yesterday says:—

St. Louis packers are making such preparations as lead us to believe they will this season slaughter more than ever before, or over 100,000 head. This they could do in less than twenty days's time, as the capacity of the slaughter houses is about 5,000 head a day. Those intending to pack this season are Messrs. Ames & Ashcroft, Whittaker, Bayhas, Steitz and Bell. Mr. Roe has taken the house formerly occupied by George Hagens, and made improvements therein, to enable him to slaughter and pack largely. But of course the amount of packing done will depend entirely upon prices and the state of the money market.

The above named gentlemen have facilities and money to do at least as much as any equal number of men anywhere, and St. Louis certainly is the best shipping point at all seasons there is in the country.

At Alton, we are informed by Greenwood & Co., packing has not commenced yet. Last year some 32,000 were slaughtered there, against 8,000 the previous season. There are three packing houses at that point, one capable of slaughtering 1,500 hogs a day. Prices there will likely open about as here—$4.50 per 100 lbs net, or possibly $5.00. It is probable the number of hogs will not be so large in the country as last year, but they will be fatter, as corn is more abundant.

Daily Review of Chicago Market.

Thursday Evening, Nov. 3, 1859.

FREIGHTS—Inactive. Vessel agents and shippers 1@2c apart. Nominal rates 8c for Wheat to Buffalo and 12c to Oswego. Schr Eli Bates takes new Corn to Oswego at 11c.

FLOUR—Receipts, 5,340 brls; shipments 928 brls. The market is dull and 5@10c lower. Sales were:—80 brls "Autocrat" choice Spring Extra at $4.65 delivered; 100 brls "Princeton" do at $4.50 delivered; 80 brls "Commercial" do and 100 brls good Spring Extra at $4.45 delivered; 100 brls do at $4.40 delivered; 100 brls "Lockport Hydraulic" do at $4.35 afloat; 200 brls "Seventh St," (Dubuque) do and "Joliet" do all at $4.35 delivered; 200 brls fair Spring Extra on private terms; 85 brls "Peoria Lake" Spring Superfine at $3.50 delivered; 20 brls low grade Superfine at $3.00 delivered.

WHEAT—Receipts 69,631 bu; shipments, 63,179 bu. Winter—Dull and lower. Sales were: 700 bu No. 1 Red at $1.05 on track; 700 bu do at $1.03 in store; 200 bu No. 2 Red at 90c in store; 300 bu do at 86c in store; 300 bu do at 85c in store. Spring—Declined 1@1½c. Sales were: 10,000 bu No. 1 Spring in lots at 85c in store; 4,000 bu do on private terms; 8,000 bu No. 2 Spring (to fill out cargoes at particular warehouses) at 83c in store; 4,500 do on private terms; 15,000 bu do in lots at 82½c in store; 10,000 bu do at 82c in store; 1800 bu do at 81c in store; 1200 bu Rejected at 77½c in store; 1500 bu do at 77c in store.

CORN—Receipts, 35,235 bu; shipments 10,000 bu. Old—Very dull. Sales were: 500 bu No. 1 at 70c delivered; 700 bu No. 2 at 65c in store. New—Declined 1c on Shelled. Sales were: 300 bu No. 1 at 51c in store; 10,000 bu do in lots at 50c in store; 1200 bu do at 49c in store; 700 bu Rejected at 47c in store; 1200 bu choice by sample at 58c ⅌ 60 lbs on track; 700 bu; do at 56c ⅌ 60 lbs on track; 1200 bu do at 55c ⅌ 60 lbs on track. Ear Corn in good supply and declined 2@3c. Sales were: 5 car loads at 45c ⅌ 75 lbs on track; 18 car loads do at 43c on track; 4 car loads do at 42c on track.

OATS—Receipts, 9,884 bu; shipped, 19,000 bu. Market ½@1c lower. Sales were:—4,500 bu No. 1 at 31c in store; 500 bu do at 31½c in store; 3,000 bu Canal at 32c afloat.

RYE—Receipts, 820 bu. Market 1c lower. Sales were:—700 bu No. 1 at 60c in store; 300 bu do at 61c in store; 300 bu do at 62c in store.

BARLEY—Receipts, 11,483 bu; shipments, none. Market 2c lower. Sales were:—8,000 bu No. 1 at 60c in store; 300 bu do by sample at 61c; 1,200 bu No. 2 at 52c in store; 1,700 bu do at 52c in store.

SEEDS—Receipts, 7,445 lbs. Timothy in good demand and firm. Sales were:—350 bags in lots at $2.10; 45 bu at $2.08; 500 bu prime on p. t.

MILL STUFFS—8 tons Bran at $9.00 on track; 1 ton Fine Middlings at $24 on track

PROVISIONS—Mess Beef nominal at $6.50@7.50; Extra Mess, $8.50@10.00. Mess Pork nominal at $14.50.

LARD—Nominal at 11@11½c.

TALLOW—In good demand at 10@10½ for prime city 40 bbls good city sold at 10c (steam rendered.)

HIDES—Receipts 67,322 lbs. Market quiet and unchanged Sales to-day were at the following quotations: Green, 5½@6c; Green Salted, 6½@7c; Dry Flint 13@14c.

DRESSED HOGS—Receipts, 585. Market rather dull and lower. Sales were—23 hogs, averaging 250 lbs at $4.87½; 4 hogs averaging 200 lbs at $4.25; 4 hogs averaging 200 lbs at $4.12½. Light hogs dull at $3.50@4.00.

POTATOES—Receipts, 801 bu. Market quiet and steady at 35@40c.

EGGS—In good demand at 12½@13c ⅌ doz.

POULTRY—Live Chickens dull at $1.00@1.25 per dozen. Turkeys, very dull 5@5½c per lb.

BUTTER—Firkin 11@13c; Dairy, 14@16c.

LIVE STOCK—The market has been quite active to-day for good Cattle; poor dull. Nothing doing in Hogs or Sheep. The sales at Sherman's to-day were:

15	cattle,	averaging	1030 lbs at	$2.25
12	..	..	1258	2.50
32	..	..	1073	2.25
19	..	..	1098	3.00
29	..	..	1134	2.63
8	..	..	1162	2.40
7	..	..	962	2.25
17	..	..	1035	2.30
18	..	..	957	2.10
17	..	..	1335	2.50
13	..	..	1233	2.50
34	..	..	1117	2.25
19	..	..	1159	2.40
17	..	..	950	2.25
14	..	..	1036	2.30
12	..	..	963	2.25
15	..	..	1104	2.50
8	..	..	915	2.50
62	..	..	1165	2.87
59	Hogs	..	211	4.00

New York Market.

Per Telegraph.] New York, Nov. 3, 1859.

Flour.—Flour 5c better on State and low grades of Western, which are scarce. Sales 19,000 bbls at $4.80 for Super State, $4.90@5.10 for extra do, $4.80@4.95 for super and western, $5.05@5.35 for common to medium extra do, $5.40@5.60 for inferior to good shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio, closing pretty firm Market for Canadian steady, with sales of 300 bbls at $5.50@6.30 for common to choice extra. Rye flour in fair request at $3.60@4.30.

Grain.—Wheat without striking change. Sales 44 000 bush at $1.12½@1.13 for Mil. Club. $1.33@1.37 for white Canadian, $1.40@1.42½ for white Mich. and Ind., $1.47½@1,50 for white Ky. Rye firm Sales 9 500 bush at 85c. Barldy firm and scarce. Sales 7,000 bush at 75c for good Jefferson county. Corn dull and unchanged. Sales 8,300 bush at 99c@$1 for Jersey and Round Yellow; mixed western nominal at 98@99c. Oats active at 44@45½c for state and western.

Whisky—Firmer and active. Sales 2,500 bbls at 26½c.

Provisions—Pork market dull and firm, witth sales of 1650 bbls at $15.35@15.37 for mess; $10.56 for prime. Beef without material change. Sales 425 bbls at $4@4.15 for country prime; $5@5.25 do mess; $6@10 for repacked do, and $11.50 for extra mess. Beef hams dull, with sales at $14.50@15.50. Prime mess beef nominal at $17@19 Cut meats scarce and nominal; shoulders 9½@9¾c for hams. Bacon active. Sales 100 boxes middles, deliverable to first January, at 9½c for long clear 9c for short ribbed; and 8½c for Cumberland. Lard dull and heavy, with sales of 200 bbls at 10½@10¾c. Butter less active but unchanged at 12@18c for Ohio, and 15@21c for state. Cheese in fair request at 8@11c. Dressed hogs firm at 7.

Stocks—At 2d board—C & R I 63½, C & T 21½, Galena & Chicago 73½, Chic & Pitts 8, Panama 122½, M S guar 17½, M S 6½, M C 40½, I C 64½, Reading 39, Harlem prefd 36½, Hudson 37½, Erie 8, N Y C 81, Det and Hudson 97, Pacific Mail 71½, M S 2d bonds 38, Chic & R I bonds 94, I C bonds 85, Harlem first 91, Mo 6's 85.

Buffalo Market.

By Telegraph.] Buffalo, Nov. 3.

Flour—In moderate demand and market firm. Sales 1,200 brls at $4.60@4.70 for Super; $4.90@5.40 for Extra; $5.50@6 for Double Extra and family brands.

Grain—Wheat dull. Sales 8,000 bu Milwaukee Club at 96@97c; 3,000 bu No. 1 Chicago Spring at 96½c; 2,000 bu choice Green Bay Club at $1.03; 2,000 bu White Canada at $1.22. Other grains quiet and no sales.

Whisky—Dull and nominal at 26@26½c.

Canal Freights—15c for corn, 15½c for wheat, 56c for flour to New York.

Lake Imports—13,000 brls flour, 19,000 bu wheat, 4,000 bu corn, 14,000 bu barley.

Canal Exports—500 brls flour, 47,000 bu wheat, 1,000 bu corn.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

Thursday Evening, Nov. 3.

Passed Detroit—Nov. 2—Up—Propeller Northern Light, Wisconsin; barks Grace Greenwood; brigs S. C. Walbridge, Lowell, Mariana; schooners Fidelity, David Tod, W. B. Chisholm, Torrent, E. K. Gilbert, B. C. Butts, E. C. Roberts.

Down—Propellers Pocahontas, Mineral Rock, Montgomery; brig John H. Harmon; schooners Comet; Star of the North, N. P. Goodell, W. F. Allen, Jr., Circassian.

Weather pleasant, wtth strong west wind.

List of Vessels Passing through the Welland Canal—Furnished to the Board of Lake Underwriters.—The following vessels passed the Port Colborne Lock from 4 o'clock p. m. on the 31st of October till 4 o'clock p. m. on the 1st of November, 1859:

Bound West—October 31st, prop. Buckeye, brig Ocean Eagle; November 1st, schr Exchange.

Bound East—October 31st, propeller Granite State, schooner Emma; November 1st, propeller Akron, schooner Gov. Hunt.

Port Colborne, Nov. 1.

The schooners Miami and Mary Booth are in this port for harbor. J. McGillivray.

Arrived at Buffalo from Chicago—Nov. 1—Props. Mayflower and Wenona.

Cleared from Buffalo for Chicago—Nov. 1—Props. Potomac, Plymouth, and schr. Curlew.

Arrived at Oswego from Chicago—Oct. 31—Schr. J. Conrave, Wm. Sanderson.

Brig Ashore.—Capt. Langley, of the Prop. Mayflower, reports a Brig ashore at Port Washington.

PORT OF CHICAGO.

ARRIVED..............Nov. 3d.

Stmr Huron, Morgan, Grand Haven, 125 m staves, 111 half brls fish, 4 horses.
Prop Buffalo, Coakey, Buffalo, 75 hhds sugar, 25 brls sugar, 121 bags coffee, 134 pkgs mdse.
Prop Ontonagon, Wilkins, Collingwood, 197 brls herrings, 25 cases furniture.
Prop Montezuma, Napier, St. Joseph, 1,000 R R ties, 20 m lumber, 100 brls flour, 42 brls fish.
Prop Neptune, Hinkley, Buffalo, 150 bales hops, 75 tons iron, 30 hhds sugar, 750 pkgs mdse.
Brig Montezuma, Moore, Oconto; 180 m lumber.
Schr Fanny and Flory, Long, Port Ulio; 60 cords wood 260 barrels.
Schr Gold Hunter, Willis, Montreal; 4947 bus salt 112 tons pig iron.
Schr Mariner, Baker, Sheboygan; 94 cords wood.
Schr Meridian, Woolnough, Grand Haven; 16 m lumber.
Schr Two Charleys, Bell, Manitowoc; 958 m shingles.
Schr S Bates, Brown, Muskegan; 97 m lumber, 220,000 shingles.
Schr Arabella, Evers, St. Joseph, 55 m lumber.
Schr Charlotte, Fulton, Hutchinson Pier; 100 cds wood.
Schr. Chas Hibbard, Ingersol, Port Washington; 120 cords wood.
Schr Clipper City, Louden, Port Washington; 105 cords of wood.
Schr Wyoming, Furlong, Grand River; 1100 m shingles.
Schr Whirlwind, Bergh, Centerville; 90 cds wood.
Schr Monson, McGraw, Muskegon; 120 m lumber.
Schr E F Gray, Jackaway, St. Joseph; 200 brls flour 70 cds wood.
Schr Josephine Dresden, Simms, South Haven; 45 cords wood 18 cords stave bots.
Schr Magic, McNamara, Grand River; 85 m lumber 80 m shingles.
Schr Geo. F. Foster, Smith, Muskegon; 86 m lumber.
Schr Stella, Smith, Two Rivers; 72 m lumber 52 m shingles 10 doz pails.

CLEARED.

Stmr Huron, Morgan, Grand Haven; 3 brls pork 2 cattle.
Prop Hunter, Dickson, Collingwood; 1712 brls flour 233 bales broom corn 251 green hides 400 bags corn 75 tcs beef 142 brls beef 40 brls tallow 39 bags feed 303 brls onions 115 pkgs mdse.
Prop Montezuma, Napier, St. Joseph; light.
Prop Buffalo, Coakey, Buffalo; 500 brls flour 1120 pkgs lead 387 bags barley.
Brig Montezuma, Moore, Oconto; light.
Brig Algomah, Grant, Oconto; light.
Schr Eclipse, Brown, Ogdensburgh, 11,000 bus corn.
Schr Two Charleys, Bell, Manitowoc; light.
Schr Syracuse, Richardson, Oswego; 17,000 bus wheat.
Schr Clipper City, Louden, Port Washington; light.
Schr Wyoming, Furlong, Port Washington; light.
Schr Whirlwind, Bergh, Centerville; light.
Schr Monson, McGraw, Muskegon; light.
Schr G F Foster, Smith, Muskegon; light.
Schr E G Gray, Jackaway, St. Joseph; 100 bus oats.
Schr John Thursby, Finch, Buffalo; 15,532 bus Barley 5 tons hay.

Miscellaneous.

LUMBERMAN'S EXCHANGE. The Rooms of the Association, in Lind's Block, will be open each morning from eight to nine o'clock, as a Lumberman's Exchange, at which time and place all resident and non-resident Manufacturers, City and Country Dealers, Vessel Captains, and others interested in the trade are invited to attend. ROBERT H. FOSS, President. ELIPHALET WOOD, Secretary. my13-6md&3w-d368

CHICAGO MILL-FURNISHING DEPOT.

T. W. Baxter & Co., MANUFACTURERS OF FRENCH BURR MILLSTONES, Of All Quarries, and G. W. Brown's Patent Portable Flouring and Grist Mills, And Dealers in DUTCH ANKER BOLTING CLOTHS, Smut Mills and Separators, Seperators for Warehouses, Beltings of all kinds, Hoisting Screws and Balls, Bran Dusters, Pecks, Proof Staffs, &c., &c. Fairbanks' Scales, AND MILL FURNISHING GENERALLY.

Plans, Specifications and Estimates furnished when desired, and the construction of Steam and Water Mill contracted for entire.

STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS, &C.

The subscribers having obtained the agency for the sale of Steam Engines and Boilers, from the manufactory of GOULDING, BAGLEY & SEWELL, OF WATERTOWN, N. Y., would invite the attention of purchasers to their superior merits of style, workmanship and power; also, their very low prices. The following is a list of prices of Engine and Boiler, together with Heater, Water and Steam Pipes, Cocks, Valves, Arch Castings and Grates, complete and ready for use, delivered in Chicago:

5 horse power	$500	20 horse power	$1,250
8 " "	575	25 " "	1,500
10 " "	725	30 " "	1,675
12 " "	800	35 " "	2,000
16 " "	1100	40 " "	2,200

and in like proportion for larger sizes as required. Every Engine is furnished with Judson's Patent Governor Valve for Flour Mill. We confidently recommend them as superior to any other style of Engine, and they will Save from 25 to 50 per cent. in Fuel over the usual class of boilers in use in the West. We shall keep an assortment of different sizes at our establishment, where they may be examined and the necessary information obtained regarding them. Competent men will, if desired, be furnished to set up and start Engines in any part of the country. We also supply WATER WHEELS, SHAFTING, GEARING, &c., At very low prices.

T. W. BAXTER & CO., Mill Furnishing Depot, West Water street, between Randolph and Madison, Chicago. ☞ Post Office address Box 274. oc5 '59 1y

Crockery and Glass Ware.

BURLEY & TYRRELL, 48 Lake Street, Offer for sale the largest assortment of Crockery, CHINA AND GLASS-WARE, Fine and Common TABLE CUTLERY TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

CROCKERY, CHINA, Glassware, AND HOUSE-KEEPING GOODS Are to be found at the NEW STORE, 175......LAKE STREET......175. THIS IS THE OLD STAND, Three Doors West of W. M. Ross & Co's Dry Goods Emporium. Our Stock is New, Bought Cheap, and we will sell at Lower Prices than Ever Before Offered. All are invited to call before purchasing elsewhere. PACKARD & BULL, 175 Lake street. se7 a341 3m

Lumber, Wood & Coal.

LUMBER. THROOP & LEARNED, DEALERS IN St. Clair and Muskegon Lumber, Lath, Shingles, &c. Bills furnished to order. Particular attention is invited to our stock of 1st, 2d and 3d clear, wide ST. CLAIR LUMBER, Clear and Common Floorings, Fencing, Boards, Siding, Long Joists, Timber, &c., &c. Yard near the west end of Van Buren street bridge, adjoining the depot grounds of the Alton and St. Louis, and Pittsburgh and Ft. Wayne Railroads. se19 a384-2m

LUMBER FOR SALE. GEO. ALLING & CO., Office and Yard on Lumber street, above Twelfth, (W. Side.) Dealers in Saginaw Pine. We have constantly on hand, for sale cheap, the following Dry and well assorted Lumber, equal to any in this market: Dressed and Undressed Common Flooring, " " Clear " " Siding " 1st, 2nd and 3rd Clear, Common Boards, Joists and Scantling, Shingles, Lath, &c. Also—Hickory, Oak, Ash, Maple and Whitewood. au25-a185-3m

PERU COAL AT $3.50 PER TON, at HIGGINS LIGHTHALL'S Coal Yard, corner Market and Madison streets, premises of American Transportation Co. Fifty miners wanted immediately to go to Peru. Apply as above. oc17 a697 1m

COAL—COAL—COAL—COAL. We are retailing Erie, Briar Hill, Chippewa, Scranton, Pittston, Lackawanna, Lehigh, and all other Coals at LOWEST market prices. Also, our own Northern Illinois Coal, equal to Erie or Briar Hill, at $3.50 per ton. Coal Yard 126 South Market street. Orders left at Custom House, 13 Lasalle street, will be promptly attended to. oc19-a715-3m LAW & STROTHER.

COAL, COAL, COAL. The subscriber has for sale Delivered to any part of the City, At the lowest prices, all kinds of Hard and Soft Coal for family purposes. THOS. HALE, oc27 a766-10t North Wells Street Bridge.

Oysters.

Elliott & Deming, (Late Rowe & Co.) Planters and Dealers in OYSTERS. Oysters in Kegs and Cans packed and shipped to all parts of the country at the Lowest Wholesale Prices. Orders addressed to Elliott & Deming, Fair Haven, Conn., or Detroit, Mich., will be promptly attended to. E. A. ELLIOTT, Detroit, Mich. J. L. DEMING, Fair Haven Conn. oc8-x3m

OYSTERS—OYSTERS.—I shall be on hand at an early day, as usual, with the best of Can, Keg, and Shell Oysters. Wholesale and Retail. Order promptly attended to. au19 a168 3m S. T. HINCKLEY. 392 State st.

RAGS, RAGS, RAGS.—The highest market price in Cash Paid for Rags —AT THE— RAG WAREHOUSE, 245 SOUTH WATER STREET, CHICAGO. (Between Franklin and Market Sts.) W. D. MILLER. Cash paid for Old Rope, Canvas, Bagging, Waste Papers, Binders Shavings, Pamphlets, Spoiled Sheets, Metals, &c. se26 a526-3m

TOILET GOODS, COMBS BRUSHES, PERFUMERY, and everything found in a first-class Drug Store, for sale by STEBBINS & CRAMPTON, 136 Clark street, cor. Madison.

ALCOHOL.—PURE ALCOHOL, (96 per ct.) On hand and for sale by UNDERWOOD & CO., oc4-a502-3m 152 South Water street.

CHICAGO MARBLE COMPANY Organized July 1, 1859. Office and Manufactory, corner of State and Washington Streets. DIRECTORS: O. SHERMAN | H. WILSON | G. W. PRICKETT, Have formed a Joint Stock Company, under the general law of the State, with a paid in capital of $60,000, for the purpose of manufacturing Marble in all its branches.

MOSS! MOSS!! DUNHAM'S PREPARED MOSS. Put up expressly for Upholsterers, Carriage Makers and Saddlers' purposes in large and small bales, for sale in quantities to suit at low prices. Orders from the city and country solicited. R. B. DUNHAM & CO., Commission Merchants, 24 Commercial st., and 13 Levee, St. Louis. mh11-1y-c493

GEO. T. ABBEY, 186 Lake st. Importer Manufacturer and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Guns, Gun Material, Rifles, Revolvers, Bowie Knives, Fishing Tackle, Powder, Shot, Caps, Lead and Sporting Apparatus generally. Telescopic Rifle Sights made to order. Repairing done the best manner and warranted. ☞ Sole agent for Hazard's Powder my26 y

FOR THE GOLD MINES.—SHARP'S AND COLT'S RIFLES, COLT'S PISTOLS, BOWIE KNIVES; also, a large assortment of Target and other Rifles, Shot Guns, and other apparatus for a general outfit for the Mines, at 98 Lake st. a82 c73 ly D. EATON & CO.

BUCK GLOVES & MITTENS—The best goods and most of them to be found in the market are at BOWEN'S old established CHEAP ONE PRICE GLOVE STORE, 30........CLARK STREET........30 Up stairs. They must be sold off this season, and the price is so low as to secure their sale to those who will come and see, or send their orders. ☞ Lumbermen's Moccasins and Fur Gloves very cheap. oc13 a689 3m

Commission Merchants.

MACDOUGALL & BUDDEN, PRODUCE BROKERS, MONTREAL. HANBURY L. MACDOUGALL.......HENRY A. BUDDEN. References:—Patrick Anderson, Esq., Chicago; Daniel Torrance, Esq., New York; Messrs. Gillespie, Moffat & Co., Montreal. oc27 1mx

BRAINARD & HUTCHINSON, (Successors to Stevens, Brainard & Co.) GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 229 South Water street, Chicago, Ill., will give their exclusive attention to the purchase and sale of Flour, Grain, and all kinds of Produce on Commission. Liberal cash advances made on Bills of Lading and property in store. ☞ Post Office Box 2950. ac27-1y

A. N. KING, (Late of Clough & King,) DEALER IN HIDES, WOOL, PELTS AND SEEDS. 163 Kinzie Street, Chicago, One door East of the Old Stand. oc20 a720 6m

DUPUY & MITCHELL. PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Office No. 1 Steel's Block, South Water street, Corner of Lasalle street, Chicago. ☞ Warehouse, No. 13 South Water street. oc20-1y

MARSH & SYKES, PROPRIETORS OF MARSH'S CALORIC GRAIN DRYER. 326 & 328 North Water street, Chicago. SYLVESTER MARSH. [oc1x1m] J. W. SYKES.

HIDE AND PRODUCE COMMISSION HOUSE, of HASELTINE & CO., No. 163 Kinzie Street,............CHICAGO, ILLINOIS. We have special permission to refer you to the following houses: Messrs. E. I. Tinkham & Co., Smith, Pollard & Co., Cooley, Farwell & Co., Whitaker Brothers. se8-a299-3m

E. W. DENSMORE, HAVING REMOVED to his new location, will continue in the FLOUR, GRAIN, MEAL AND FEED BUSINESS As heretofore, and is also prepared to do a General Commission business, and make cash advances on consignments of property in store. 209 SOUTH WATER STREET, mh16 1y-c471 Corner of Wells.

LELAND & MIXER, Packers & Commission Merchants, AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN BEEF, PORK, LARD, HAMS, ETC., ETC. Particular attention paid to Curing Hams for family use. Packing House and Store, 231 South Water street, P. O. BOX 4276. CHICAGO. WINDSOR LELAND..............C. H. S. MIXER.

PITKIN & CO., GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS For the purchase and sale of Grain, Flour, Pork, Beef, Hides, Lard, BUTTER, FRUITS, SEEDS, ETC. No. 123 South Water Street, Chicago, Ill. REFERENCES: J. H. Dunham President of the Merchants Savings Loan and Trust Company, Chicago, Ill.; Benj. Hinckley, Boston. se6-a357-3m JAMES L. GATES. ALFRED H. PITKIN.

CHAMBERLAIN & SEYMOUR, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, For the purchase and sale of GRAIN, FLOUR, PRODUCE AND MERCHANDISE, Pardee's Building, CORNER OF WELLS & SOUTH WATER STREETS CHICAGO........ILLINOIS. F. V. CHAMBERLAIN..............H. W. SEYMOUR. ☞ Liberal advances made on consignments. REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:—Geo. Smith & Co., Bankers, Chicago; Marine Bank, Chicago; Sturgis, Buckingham & Co. Chicago; Munger & Armour, Chicago; Sylvester Lind, Chicago; James Peck, Chicago; E. Patridge, Banker, Seneca Falls, N. Y.; F. B. Dane & Co., New York; John G. Deshler, Buffalo; Alvord & Dane, Oswego; Chamberlain & Co., Cincinnati; Cowing & Co., Seneca Falls, N. Y. se10 a388-2m

E. G. WOLCOTT & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 6 Dole's Building, Cor. Clark and South Water streets, Chicago, Ill. Liberal advances made on Consignments for sale in Chicago, Buffalo, or Oswego. je9 a370 6m

FAY & CO., PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 14 South Clark Street, CHICAGO, ILL. ☞ Post Office Box 1516. se8-a359-3m

CHAS. BUNKER, JR., COMMISSION MERCHANT No. 2 Aiken's Building. LIBERAL ADVANCES made on shipments of Flour and Grain to Tucker & Starbuck, New York. se6-a331-6m

WATSON V. COE, COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 216½ South Water street, Chicago. ☞ Liberal advances made on Consignments. REFER TO T. M. Avery & Co., Sturges, Buckingham & Co.; G. S. Hubbard & Co., Merchants' Savings Loan & T. Co., H. A. Tucker & Co. se6 1y

J. J. RICHARDS, PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 3 Pomeroy's Building, Chicago. Liberal Advances Made on Consignments. REFERENCES—J. H. Dunham, J. Young Scammon, Geo. W. Dole, Rumsey, Bro. & Co., Chicago; Royal Moore, Naples, Ill.; Woodruff & Co., New York; Hening & Woodruff, St. Louis; J. Bunn, Banker, Springfield, Ill.; C. S. Dole, Chicago. ap2 '58

SAWYER, WALLACE & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, New York. UNDERWOOD & CO., CHICAGO, mh22 58 1y Agents for the Northwest.

ALLEN VANE & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, For the sale of Flour, Grain, Beef, Pork, Hams, Lard, Butter, Cheese, Seeds, Dried Fruits, &c. 129 South Water st., Chicago. Agents for Hamburgh and Western Reserve Cheese. ALLEN VANE. [au15 a136-y] R. STONE.

ALBERT MORSE & CO., [LATE OF ECKLEY, MORSE & CO.,] PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 234 South Water street, Chicago, Ill. Business confined strictly to Commissions. [ly30 1y d903

MILES & WRIGHT, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 5 Dole's Building, corner South Water and Clark sts, Chicago. REFER TO Sturges, Buckingham & Co., Chicago, George Armour & Co. Chicago; Marine Bank, Chicago; J. Mitchell & Co., Bankers, Freeport, Ill. jy11-1y-d768

NEELY, LAWRENCE & CO., [SUCCESSORS TO ALBERT E. NEELY & CO.,] PRODUCE, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS. ALBERT E. NEELY.....R. LAWRENCE.....W. T. WINDIATE, E. F. LAWRENCE. Personal attention given to sales of Grain, Flour, Provisions and Country Produce Generally. ☞ Business exclusively Commission. Also, dealers in Salt, Water-lime Quick-Lime Plastering Hair, &c. jy7 236, 238 and 240 South Water-st., Chicago, Ill.

T. F. CRAIG & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Give their exclusive attention to the purchase and sale of Flour, Grain, Live Stock, Provisions, and all kinds of Country Produce. NO. 186 KINZIE STREET, CHICAGO. je20 6m-d620

D. KREIGH & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Corner of South Water and Franklin streets, Chicago, Ill. D. KREIGH. [my10 1t0] E. D. TAYLOR.

TUCKER & RANDOLPH, GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 3 Loomis' Building, cor. South Water and Clark-sts., Make advances on Grain, Flour and Provisions for sale in Chicago or Eastern markets. je14-6m-d551

SHACKFORD, HOW & CO., PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS. No. 212 South Water street, Chicago, Ill. Give exclusive attention to the legitimate business of COMMISSION MERCHANTS; buying and selling for other parties ONLY. Will make liberal advances on property in store or for Shipment East. SAML. SHACKFORD. GEO. M. HOW. A. S. CHADBOURNE. [aud8-a180-6m]

BROWN & BARBER, PRODUCE, COMMISSION and SHIPPING Merchants. And Dealers in Malt, Barley and Eastern Hops. Office—No. 7 South Clark st., (up stairs,) Chicago, Ill. HIRAM BROWN. [mal-y] FRANCIS E. BARBER.

MURRY NELSON, Produce, Commission and Shipping Merchant, No. 214 South Water street. (Agent for the Fulton Starch Works, Oswego Co., N. Y.) Liberal cash advances on Flour and Grain for shipment to Oswego or New York, or in store; giving the shipper the privilege of selling in either market for one commission. ap18

EDWARD HEMPSTEAD, WHOLESALE GROCER, 71 - - South Water Street, - - 71 CHICAGO, ILL. ☞ Agent for the sale of Dupont's Powder. ap2-c675-1y

UNDERWOOD & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 152 South Water Street, mh22 '58 CHICAGO.

WE ARE PREPARED TO MAKE Cash Advances on Grain. For shipment East, giving the owner the privilege of selling in Buffalo or New York for the same commission. UNDERWOOD & CO., je22 x77 152 South Water street.

CULVER & COMPANY, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 216 South Water Street. B. F. CULVER. (ja4 b914) C. E. CULVER.

WILLIAMS & HOUGHTELING COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 210½ South Water street, second door West of Wells street bridge, give their exclusive attention to the sale and purchase of all kinds of Produce, Stock, &c., on Commission. Cash advances made on Bills of Lading and property in store. Refer to George Smith & Co., Marine Bank and George Steele & Co. ja10 b841 R. A. WILLIAMS. W. D. HOUGHTELING.

LEES & WALLER, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 79 BEAVER STREET, NEW YORK CITY. WALKER & CO., No. 17 WELLS STREET, (OVER GEO. SMITH'S BANK), CHICAGO. Cash advances made on Produce in store, or shipped to our house in New York. JAS. B. WALLER, Chicago. JAS. LEES and EDW. WALLER, New York. ap18 ly

RUMSEY, BROTHER & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Give their exclusive attention to the purchase and sale of Flour, Grain, and other Produce, on commission. No. 146 S. Water cor. Clark st., Chicago. no28 a368

CLEGHORN, LECKIE & CO., PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 13...South Lasalle St...No. 13, CHICAGO, ILL. Give exclusive attention to the purchase and sale of flour grain and other produce on commission. Liberal advances made on consignment. References:—Geo. Steele, Esq., Chicago; J. E Wilkins, Esq., H. B. M.'s Consul, Chicago; Messrs. I. H. Burch & Co., Chicago; Messrs. Sturges, Buckingham & Co., Chicago. J. DALTON CLEGHORN. A. CAMPBELL LECKIE. au18 a157-3m G. HENRY SELLARS.

NOTICE.—The undersigned, on the 1st of January, 1859, withdrew from Cook, Brother & Co., where I was Chemical Dyer and Partner, and have opened a FANCY STEAM DYE ESTABLISHMENT, No. 195...South Clark Street...No. 195 [Between Monroe and Adams.] Where I am prepared to Dye and clean Silk, Satin and Woolen Dresses and Shawls; gentlemen's Coats, Vests and Pants, in every style desired. Carpets cleaned. Lace Curtains cleaned and bleached at reduced prices. All goods warranted to look well or no pay. fe9 c139 1y SIDNEY KALISCH.

Railroads.

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN AND LAKE SHORE RAILROAD. Season Arrangement, 1859, takes effect on and after April 3d. Great Through Route to New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Springfield, Worcester, Portland, Quebec; Detroit, Suspension Bridge, Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Dunkirk, Albany, Rutland, Montreal, Toledo, Cleveland, Pittsburgh, Harrisburgh, Wheeling, Syracuse, Troy, Burlington, and all the points in Pennsylvania, New York, and the New England States.

6:00 am. Mail and Accommodation, via old Michigan Line, daily, Sundays excepted, reaching Toledo at 4:25 pm, connecting at Adrian with the train reaching Detroit at 7:15 pm, connecting with trains on Great Western R. R. Line.
8:00 am. New York Express (daily except Sunday,) via Goshen Air Line, reach Toledo at 4:35 pm, and Detroit direct at 7:15 in time to connect with trains on Great Western Railroad Eastward, and all points interior in Canada.
8:00 pm. New York and Boston Express, (daily, Saturdays excepted), via old Michigan road, reaches Toledo at 5:00 am, and Detroit 11:20, connecting with 7:30 pm train on Great Western R. R.

Connection made at Clyde and Monroeville for all points interior in Southern and Middle Ohio. Direct connections made at Cleveland with trains for Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, and Baltimore, making as quick time as any other route. WOODRUFF'S PATENT SLEEPING CARS accompany all night trains on this route to New York and Boston. All trains for summer are newly fitted with Ventilators and Dusters. G. M. GRAY, General Western Agent. JOHN D. CAMPBELL, Gen. Supt. ja18

MICHIGAN CENTRAL AND GREAT WESTERN (CANADA) RAILWAY. Summer Arrangement. Trains leave the Great Central Depot, foot of Lake street, Chicago:
4:30 am—Detroit Accommodation (Sundays excepted) arrive at Detroit 5:35 pm.
10:45 am—Cincinnati Express—(except Sundays)—arrive at Indianapolis 4:40 pm; Cincinnati at 9:40 pm.
8:00 am—Lightning Express—(except Sundays)—arrive at Detroit 6:30 pm; Suspension Bridge, or Buffalo, 4:00 am; Albany 3:30 pm, New York 9,00 pm. Boston 12 at night.
8:00 pm—New York and Boston Express—(Saturdays excepted)—arrive at Detroit 7:15 am. Suspension Bridge or Buffalo 4.50 pm, Albany 4:40 am, New York 9:30 am, Boston 2:10 pm.
8:00 pm—Cincinnati and Louisville Express—(except Saturday)—arrive at Indianapolis at 4:40 am, Cincinnati at 9:40 am, Louisville 4:00 pm.

Only one train on Sunday at 8:00 pm. The 8:00 am and 8:00 pm trains connect at Paris with Buffalo & Lake Huron Railway for Buffalo and all points East; at Toronto with the Grand Trunk Railway to Kingston, Ogdensburgh, Montreal, Quebec, and all points in Canada East, Northern Vermont, New Hampshire and Maine. Baggage checked through. Through Tickets for sale at the principal Railroad offices in the North and West, and at the Company's office, 56 Dearborn street, Chicago, at the depot, foot of Lake street. R. N. RICE, Superintendent. H. J. SPAULDING, General Passenger Agent. ja23

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD. Now completed and cars run from Chicago to Pittsburgh without change, connecting with the great PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD To New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington City, and all the interior towns of Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York, Maryland, &c. Merchants, by taking this route, will have the benefit of all the Eastern market at no additional cost. Baggage checked through. Trains leave the depot, corner of Canal and Van Buren streets, West Side, as follows:
7:20 A. M.—Morning Express, daily (Sundays excepted.)
7:20 P. M.—Night Express, daily (Saturdays excepted.)
Connecting at Crestline with Cleveland and Lake Shore Railroad to Dunkirk, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, New York and Boston, and all interior towns of New England, via New York Central and New York and Erie Railroads. Also, south to Columbus, Zanesville, Newark, Mount Vernon, Steubenville, Wheeling, and interior towns of Ohio and Virginia. The above trains connect at Forest with trains on Mad River Road to Springfield, Urbana, Dayton and Cincinnati. Also with trains at Lima for Dayton and Cincinnati direct. FARE AS LOW AS ANY OTHER ROUTE. Passengers bound East will find this route both pleasant and agreeable, passing through many of the largest and finest cities in the United States. Passengers arriving at Chicago, on any of the roads, will find attentive check agents at the depots, to receive checks and convey baggage free of charge to the Pittsburgh and Chicago cars. Sleeping cars accompany each train. Tickets for sale at all the principal Ticket Offices in the West, and at the Company's Office, corner of Randolph and Dearborn streets, opposite the Revere House, or at the Depot West Side, corner of Canal and Van Buren streets, Chicago. Be particular to ask for tickets by Fort Wayne. DAN'L W. BOSS, Gen'l Agent, Chicago. JAS. W. MUSSON, Freight Agent, Chicago. J. J. HOUSTON, Gen'l Freight Ag't, Chicago. my6

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD. The Capacity of this Road is now equal to any in the Country. THREE THROUGH PASSENGER TRAINS BETWEEN PITTSBURGH AND PHILADELPHIA. Connecting Direct in the Union Depot at Pittsburgh with Through Trains from all Western Cities for Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Baltimore and Washington City; thus furnishing facilities for the transportation of passengers unsurpassed for speed and comfort by any other route. Express and Fast Lines run through to Philadelphia without change of Cars or Conductors. Smoking Cars are attached to each Train; Woodruff's Sleeping Cars to Express and Fast Trains. The Express runs daily, Mail and Fast Line Sundays excepted. Three daily trains connect direct for New York. Express and Fast Line connect for Baltimore and Washington. Trains connect at Pittsburgh with the 2 A.M. Express. Arrive in Philadelphia or Baltimore at 5 P.M. and in New York at 10:20 P.M. Trains connect at Pittsburgh with the 5 P.M. Fast Line. Arrive in Philadelphia or Baltimore at 8 A.M. and in New York at 2:30 P.M. Mail Train leave Pittsburgh at 3 A.M., arriving at Philadelphia 11 P.M., New York 4:30 A.M. Six daily trains between Philadelphia and New York; two daily trains between New York and Boston. Through tickets (all Rail) are good on either of the above trains. Boat Tickets to Boston are good via Norwich, Fall River or Stonington Lines. Tickets Eastward may be obtained at any of the important Railroad Offices in the West; also, on board any of the regular line of steamers on the Mississippi or Ohio rivers; and tickets Westward at the offices of the Company in Boston, New York, Baltimore or Philadelphia. FARE ALWAYS AS LOW AS BY ANY OTHER ROUTE. ☞ Ask for Tickets by Pittsburgh. The completion of the Western connections of the Pennsylvania Railroad to Chicago makes this the DIRECT LINE BETWEEN THE EAST AND THE GREAT NORTHWEST. The connecting of tracks by the Railroad Bridge at Pittsburgh, avoiding all drayage or ferriage of freight, together with the saving of time, are advantages readily appreciated by shippers of freight and the travelling public. Parties shipping Eastward will find it to their advantage to ship by this route. For freight contracts or shipping directions, apply to or address either of the following Agents of the Company: D. A. Stewart, Pittsburgh; Doyle & Co., Steubenville, O.; H. S. Pierce & Co., Zanesville, O.; J. J. Johnson, Ripley, O.; R. McNeeley, Maysville, Ky.; Ormsby & Cropper, Portsmouth, O.; Paddock & Co., Jeffersonville, Ind.; H. W. Brown & Co., Cincinnati, O.; Athern & Hibbert, Cincinnati, O.; R. C. Meldrum, Madison, Ind.; Wm. Bingham, Louisville, Ky.; P. G. O'Riley & Co., Evansville, Ind.; N. W. Graham & Co., Cairo, Ill.; R. F. Sass, St. Louis, Mo.; John H. Harris, Nashville, Tenn.; Harris & Hunt, Memphis, Tenn.; Clarke & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. H. H. Koontz, Alton, Ill.; Murphy & Wade, Dubuque, Iowa; or to Freight Agents of Railroads at different points in the West. The greatest facilities offered for the protection and speedy transportation of live stock, and good accommodations, with usual privileges for persons travelling in charge thereof. FREIGHTS WESTWARD. By this Route Freights of all descriptions can be forwarded from Philadelphia, New York, Boston or Baltimore, to any point on the railroads of Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa or Missouri, by rail direct. The Pennsylvania Railroad also connects at Pittsburgh with steamers by which goods can be forwarded to any port on the Ohio, Muskingum, Kentucky, Tennessee, Cumberland, Illinois, Mississippi, Wisconsin, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas and Red Rivers; and at Cleveland, Sandusky and Chicago with steamers to all ports on the North-Western Lakes. Merchants and Shippers entrusting the transportation of their freight to this Company, can rely with confidence on its speedy transit. The Rates of Freight to any point in the West by the Pennsylvania Railroad are at all times as favorable as are charged by other Railroad Companies. ☞ Be particular to mark packages "via Penn. R. R." Merchants in the West ordering goods from the East, will do well to direct them to be shipped by this route. Parties attending to their own shipments from the East will find it to their interest to call on the Agents of this Company at the following places before shipping; or letters addressed to either of them upon the subject of Freight, will meet with prompt attention. E. J. Sneeder, Philadelphia. Magraw & Koons, 80 North street, Baltimore. Leech & Co., No. 2 Astor House, or No. 1 South William street, New York. Leech & Co., No. 54 Kilby street, Boston. H. H. HOUSTON, Gen'l Freight Agent, Philadelphia. L. H. HOUPT, Gen'l Tick t Agent, Philadelphia. THOS. A. SCOTT, General Supt., Altona, Pa. ja12

ST. LOUIS, ALTON AND CHICAGO RAILROAD. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. On and after SUNDAY, May 22, 1859, two Express Trains daily for ST. LOUIS, CAIRO, MEMPHIS, VICKSBURG, AND NEW ORLANS, Northern Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska, By way of the St. Louis, Alton and Chicago Air-Line Railroad, leave New Depot, corner of West Van Buren and Canal streets, going South, as follows: Trains leaves St. Louis Depot, cor. West Van Buren and Canal streets.
9:00 a. m.—Day Express (Sundays excepted.)
8.30 p. m.—Night Express, daily (Saturdays excepted.)
ARRIVES.
Night Express, 7:08 a. m.
Mail and Express, 10:45 p. m.
CONNECTIONS.
At Chicago with all the Great Eastern and Northern Lines. At Joliet with the Rock Island R. R. west, and the "cut off" east. At Peoria Junction with the Peoria and Oquawka R. R. to Peoria, Galesburgh, Burlington, and intermediate stations. At Bloomington with the Illinois Central Railroad North and South. At Springfield with the Great Western (Ill.) Railroad east to Decatur, and west to Jacksonville and Naples. At St. Louis with the Pacific Railroad, Missouri River Packets, North Missouri Railroad, Keokuk, Packets and Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad to all points on Missouri River, Pike's Peak and the gold regions, North Missouri, Kansas and Nebrask, and with St. Louis, Cairo and New Orleans new line of steamers to Cairo, Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans. Through Tickets can be had at the Company's Office, No. 48 Dearborn street, opposite Tremont House, Chicago, at the Depot, corner West Van Buren and Canal streets, and at the principal railroad ticket offices in the Eastern, Middle and Western States. ☞ Rates of Fare and Freights same as by any other route. Joliet and Wilmington Accommodation. Stopping at intermediate stations—leave Wilmington at 7:15, and Joliet at 8:00 a.m.; arrive at Chicago at 9:30 a. m. Leave Chicago at 4:30 p. m.; arrive at Joliet at 6:10 and Wilmington at 6:50 p. m. R. E. GOODELL Gen. Supt. N. H. MOORE, Gen. Agent and Ass't Supt. my24

CHICAGO, IOWA AND NEBRASKA RAILROAD. On and after MONDAY, June 18th, 1859, until further notice, trains will run as follows:

TRAINS WESWARD.		TRAINS EASTWARD.	
MAIL TRAIN.		MAIL TRAIN.	
Leave Chicago	9.00 am	Leave Cedar Rapids	5.15 am
Leave Clinton	4.05 pm	Arrive at Clinton	9.20 am
Arrive at Cedar Rapids	8 15 pm	Arrive at Chicago	5.45 pm
NIGHT TRAIN.		NIGHT TRAIN.	
Leave Chicago	9.00 pm	Leave Cedar Rapids	12 00 m
Leave Clinton	9,00 am	Arrive at Clinton	5.30 pm
Arrive at Cedar Rapids	2.40 pm	Arrive at Chicago	3.00 am

Connecting with all Through Trains for Chicago and the East. At Dewitt, with stages for Davenport and Maquoketa. At Yankee Run, with stages for Toronto. At Union Grove with stages for Tipton. At Lisbon with stages for Anamosa. Also—At Cedar Rapids with stages for Marion, Vinton, Waterloo, Cedar Falls, Waverly, Clarksville, Bradford, St. Charles, Mitchel Fort Dodge and Sioux City, Toledo, Marietta, Eldora, Nevada, Boonsboro, Homer, Jefferson, Marengo, Newton Desmoines, and Council Bluffs. With steamer Blackhawk on Cedar River for Vinton and Waterloo. The shortest, cheapest and most expeditious route between Chicago and Central Iowa, it being only 136 miles from Chicago to the Mississippi River, and thence directly into the interior of Iowa. Tickets for sale at the Wells street Depot, Chicago, Ills. ☞ An agent will be at the depot in Fulton, to receive all baggage for Clinton or the road, which will be conveyed across the river free of charge. M. SMITH, Eng. and Supt. J. M. HAM, Genl. Frt. and Ticket Agent. jy 25 y

CHICAGO & NORTHWEST'N RAILWAY. This road, now completed from Chicago to OSHKOSH, forms a new and direct route to Janesville, Watertown, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Beloit, Freeport, Galena, Madison, Warren, Prairie du Chien, Dunleith, Dubuque, Lansing, La Crosse, St. Paul, &c., and all points in Northern and Central Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, &c., giving passengers a choice of route from Chicago, via Dunleith, Prairie du Chien, or La Crosse. WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS. The only direct route to WATERTOWN, FOND DU LAC and OSHKOSH. Trains leave the Depot, corner of West Water and Kinzie streets, West Side, as follows: 9.10 a.m. Day Express | 8:30 p.m. Night Express. Through tickets can be purchased at all the Railroad Ticket Offices on Dearborn street, and at the Passenger Depot, corner West Water and Kinzie streets. oc18-ly GEO. L. DUNLAP, Superintendent.

GALENA & CHICAGO UNION RAILROAD. On and after MONDAY, July 4th, 1859, trains will leave Chicago as follows, Sundays excepted: From Wells street Depot 9.00 a.m. and 8 30 p. m., and from Central 9.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m., for Galena, Dunleith, Janesville, St. Paul and intermediate places. 9.00 a.m. and 9.00 p.m. for Dixon, Fulton, Cedar Rapids, etc; 4.00 p.m. for Dekalb, Elgin, McHenry, Geneva, Lake, etc. No change of cars between Chicago and Dunleith. Sleeping cars on night trains. The pleasantest route to the Northwest. E. B. TALCOTT, General Supt. H. H. PORTER Gen. Passenger Agent. jy7-ly

CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE RAILROAD. Trains for Milwaukee leave daily, Sundays excepted: At 9.00 a. m., stopping at all stations. At 8.15 p. m., stopping at principal stations. Connecting at Milwaukee with Lacrosse and Milwaukee Railroad, forming the only all railroad line to Lacrosse and the shortest and quickest route to St. Paul and the Northwest. Waukegan Accommodation train leaves at 5.30 P. M. jy1 H. L. STEWART, JR., Supt.

Railroads.

GALENA & CHICAGO UNION RAILROAD. WINTER ARRANGEMENT. From and after the 14th inst., the Passenger Trains of this Company will be withdrawn from the Illinois Central Depot until further notice. By order of the Directors. ED. B. TALCOTT, Gen. Superintendent. Chicago, Nov. 1, 1859. no1 a907-1d

ILLINOIS CENT. RAILROAD. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. On and after SUNDAY, June 12th, 1859, trains will leave the Great Central Depot, foot of Lake street, for Alton, St. Louis, Leavenworth, Kansas City, St. Joseph, Cairo, Memphis, Vicksburgh, New Orleans, Peoria, Galesburgh, Decatur, Springfield, Terre Haute, Vincennes, Evansville, as follows: Day Express at 11.30 a.m., Sundays excepted, arriving at St. Louis at 2.45 a.m. Cairo at 5.30 a.m. Memphis at 4.30 p. m. Night Express at 11.00 p. m., Saturdays excepted, arriving at Peoria at 7.30 a.m.; Galesburgh at 10.15 a.m.; St. Louis at 1.30 p.m.; Cairo at 6.00 p. m. Kankakee Accommodation 4.00 p.m., Sundays excepted arriving at Kankakee at 10.30 p. m. On Saturdays a Passenger Car will be run on this train to URBANA. Trains arrive in Chicago at 9,15 a.m. and 9,05 p. m. Elegant Sleeping Cars are run on all night trains. Baggage checked through to Cairo, St. Louis, and St. Joseph. THROUGH TICKETS For sale at the Company's Office in the Great Central Depot, also at the office of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company, corner of Dearborn and Randolph streets, and at the Michigan Central Railroad office, on Dearborn street, between Lake and Randolph streets and at railroad offices North and East.

HYDE PARK AND WOODLAWN TRAINS.

Leave Chicago at	6.30 p.m.	Leave Woodlawn at	7.10 p.m
" "	9.00 a.m.	" "	9.40 p.m
" "	12.00 noon.	" "	1.00 p.m
" "	3.00 p.m.	" "	4.15 p m
" "	6.00 p.m.	" "	6.40 p m

Fare 10 cents each way. Commutation tickets at reduced rates, good for three months, can be obtained by applying at the office of the General Passenger Agent in the Great Central Depot. W. R. ARTHUR, Superintendent. W. S. JOHNSON, Gen. Passenger Agent. je16-y

RACINE AND MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD. On and after Monday, Sept. 19th, 1859, trains will run as follows: LEAVE RACINE. At 9:45 A. M. and 8:45 P. M., connecting at Clinton with trains on the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad for Madison and Prairie du Chien—at Freeport with trains on the Illinois Central R. R. for the West and South—arriving at Dunleith 6:45 P. M. and 6 A. M. LEAVE FREEPORT. At 10:05 A.M. and 8:20 P.M., on arrival of trains from Dunleith—connecting at Clinton with trains on the Chicago and Northwestern Railway—arriving at Chicago at 4 P M and 4 A. M. Trains leave Chicago by the Chicago and North Western Railway at 9:10 A. M—connecting at Clinton with trains East and West, and at 8:10 P.M., connecting with trains for Freeport and Dunleith. ☞ Passengers will be ticketed over this route through to all principal points. Freight forwarded to all points on the Mississippi River at rates as low as by any other route, and with the quickest despatch. ROBERT HARRIS, Sup't. G. A. THOMSON, Gen'l Manager. se27 yly

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY RAILROAD. On and after MONDAY, August 8, 1859, Passenger trains will run from Chicago as follows:
8.30 A. M., Sundays excepted, for Burlington and Quincy.
7.48 P. M., Saturdays excepted, " " "
4.15 P. M., Sundays excepted, for Aurora.
SAMUEL POWELL, General Ticket Agent. C. C. HAMMOND, General Sup-rintendent. au8

CHICAGO & ROCK ISLAND, PEORIA & BUREAU VALLEY, AND MISSISSIPPI & MISSOURI RAILROADS. On and after SUNDAY, April 17th, 1859, Passenger Trains will leave Chicago as follows:
9,00 a.m. Sundays excepted, for Joliet, Ottawa, Peoria, Rock Island and Davenport.
9.00 p.m., Saturdays excepted, for Joliet, Lasalle, Peoria, Rock Island, Davenport, Iowa City, Muscatine and Washington.
5.10 p.m., Sundays excepted, for Joliet.
JOHN F. TRACY, Superintendent. W. L. St. JOHN, General Ticket Agent. jy27

CHICAGO, CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH, Short Railroad Line. FARE REDUCED. ONLY 18½ HOURS FROM CHICAGO TO PITTSBURGH. And in direct connection with the Pennsylvania RR. 33 hours to Philadelphia, 36 hours to New York. On and after April 11, 1859, trains will leave Chicago from the Depot of the Michigan Southern Railroad, as follows:
6 & 8 a.m.—Arrives at Toledo, 4.35 a.m. Cleveland 9.20 pm. Pittsburgh, 2 45 p. m., Philadelphia, 4.00 p. m., New York, 9.00 p. m.
8.00 p. m.—Arrives at Toledo, 5.00 a. m., Cleveland, 9 55 a. m., Pittsburgh, 4.00 p. m., Philadelphia, 7.00 a.m., New York, 12.00.
This continuous rail line is 41 miles shorter than the New York Central route, enabling trains to make the above schedule of time and connections promptly and with comfort and safety to passengers. All night trains between Chicago and Philadelphia, are provided with splendid sleeping cars. Baggage checked through from Chicago to Pittsburgh, Harrisburgh, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, and no charge for handling. Ask for tickets by Cleveland and Pittsburgh. The fare by this line will be as low as by any other route. Through tickets can be procured at the office of the Michigan Southern Railroad, under the Revere House and at the Depot corner of Sherman and Van Buren streets, Chicago; also at all the principal ticket offices in the West. W. C. LELAND, Gen'l Agent, Cleveland. GEO. M. GRAY, Gen'l Pas. Agent, Chicago. my21-c361c

1859 GREAT 1860 Central Short Line Route —VIA— PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO, AND PENNSYLVANIA RAILROADS. TO ALL EASTERN CITIES. CLARKE & CO., THROUGH FREIGHT AGENTS, Are prepared to contract freights through, by authority of the Companies named above, at their office, 72 Dearborn Street, and at depot of P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., Chicago; or at Depot, Liberty street, Pittsburgh. The offices of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in the East are located at No. 2 Astor House, New York; No. South William street, New York; No. 54 Kilby street, Boston; No. 80 North street, Baltimore, and at the General Depot, Philadelphia. oc22 a732 3m

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY, OF CANADA. NEW ROUTE BETWEEN ENGLAND AND THE WESTERN STATES. On and after the 7th of November, the Agent in Liverpool of the Grand Trunk Railway Co. will contract freight from LIVERPOOL TO CHICAGO, at the following very low rates:
DRY GOODS, per ton measurement....£4 8
HARDWARE, in cases and casks, per 2,000 lbs ... 3 10
TIN, ZINC, STEEL and CHAIN, " " ... 3 0
CROCKERY, IRON in bars, sheets and plates, per 2,000 lbs ... 2 17
The above includes ALL CHARGES, except Marine Insurance from Liverpool to Portland. Shippers are particularly requested to forward Bills of Lading and Invoices of value by mail, pre-paid, direct to the Agent of the Grand Trunk Railway, Portland, Maine, in order that the Customs regulations may be complied with without any delay. The Steamers will sail between Liverpool and Portland NOT LESS than once a fortnight. Produce conveyed to Liverpool on very reasonable terms. Apply, for further information, to JAMES WARRACK, Gen'l Western Agent, Chicago, Ill. M. PENNINGTON, Gen'l Freight Ag't, Montreal, C. E. oc24 a716 3m

NOTICE TO PROVISION DEALERS. J. G. LAW & CO., Of Chicago, Ill., take this method of informing the trade that they have just completed the extensive improvement to their Slaughtering and Packing House, Formerly owned by Moore, Severns & Co., of this city, and are now ready to receive orders for any amount that may be desired, either of Beef or Pork. The capacities of this house are of such a character that they will be able to slaughter and pack of each kind per day, 300 head of cattle and 800 head of hogs. All work warranted to give satisfaction. Being determined to adhere strictly to the Commission business in packing, they hope to receive a liberal share of patronage. John Starkie their legally authorized agent for the transaction of any and all business connected with the concern, and any arrangement made with him will be duly honored. SAM'L FAVORITE, Dayton, Indiana. J. G. LAW, Chicago, Illinois. se28 a549 3m

DEERE'S MOLINE PLOWS.—The subscribers having enlarged their facilities for manufacturing, and are now prepared to fill all orders to supply the increasing demand, (which heretofore we have not been enabled to do), and have and intend to keep an assortment of all the styles of PLOWS AND BREAKERS hitherto manufactured by them, as well as other kinds of Agricultural Implements, such as the various kinds of Corn and Potatoe Tillers, Cultivators, Husoro's Ox Yokes (of three different sizes,) Shovel Plows and Horse Rakes, &c., and we intend to keep up with the scientific improvements of the age. Our work is manufactured of the very best material by the best workmen, and is warranted in every particular. DEERE & CO. Moline, Ill., October 1st, 1859. oc31-a72-1y

HARRINGTON HOUSE, FORMERLY United States Hotel, Corner State and Third sts., LACROSSE......WISCONSIN. A first class House—Fare $1.50 per day. This house was recently purchased by the present proprietors, REFITTED and FURNISHED THROUGHOUT, is the largest and most convenient to the RAILROAD DEPOT. A splendid Omnibus belonging to the House will carry guests to and from the cars and boats free of charge. R. HARRINGTON & SONS, au13-3m-a118 Lacrosse, Wis

DRAPER'S PATENT SELF-CLEANING WATER FILTER. This is the thing to attach to the Hydrant, to take the impurities out of the water, for Drinking, Cooking and Washing. It needs only to be tried to show its great value. FOR SALE AT R. D. M'FARLANE'S Gas-Fitting Establishment, No. 84 Lasalle street; And by the subscriber, Agent for Proprietors. au24-a214-1y IRA BOWER.

CHICAGO TYPE FOUNDRY AND Printers' Warehouse, 90..........WASHINGTON STREET..........90 CHICAGO. The subscriber is prepared to furnish Type in large or small quantities, made from a superior quality of metal, for either cash or approved paper. He is also supplied with a large stock of Presses, Ink, Wood Type, and everything necessary for a complete printing office. A new specimen book is now ready for delivery, and will be sent to parties wishing to order on application. mh18c605 L. DODGE, Treasurer.

SEXTONS AND UNDERTAKERS. NO. 86 LA SALLE STREET, Have on hand, at all times, every style and finish of Wood, Lead and Zinc Coffins; also, Shrouds. And are prepared with Hearses and Carriages, and everything requisite for Funerals; and may be found on hand and ready to give prompt attention to their business at all hours. They also have a Chapel and Vault in the Cemetery. ap13 WRIGHT & McCLURE.

FAIRBANK'S PATENT SCALES, BY Fairbanks & Greenleaf 35 Lake st., Chicago. 1y-b46

ROSEHILL CEMETERY.—The Managers of the Rosehill Cemetery would announce that on and after this date they offer to the public the selection of Cemetery Lots. The Cemetery can be reached by the Lake View Plank Road, the Green Bay Road, or the Prairie Road running northwest from the intersection of North Clark and Wells street through Bowmanville, or by the Chicago and Milwaukee Railroad to Chittenden Station. For further particulars inquire at the office of the Company, 36 Clark street. fe7-1y-d488

REMOVAL—Mrs. Bates' Agency Office for Female Help. No. 171 Washington street, one door east of Wells st. Mrs. B. desires to acquaint her friends and the public generally that she has removed to the above location, where she will continue to supply the ladies with Female Help to every station. ☞ Country help can be supplied at short notice. P. O. Box 3956. au24-1y-d391

RIVER AND HARBOR WORK. We are prepared to do all kinds of DREDGING and HARBOR WORK at unprecedentedly low prices. Those wishing to improve their water lots will find it for their interest to give us a call. Office, 212 Washington st. PARSONS & BAY. Chicago July 1st 1859. au6-3m-a73

WEST LAKE STREET MILLS. We have refitted our Mill with new Bolt, and are prepared to execute orders for superior articles at low rates for cash. Goods warranted and delivered in city free of charge. STEVENS & NORRIS, 141 and 143 W. Lake st., Chicago, Illinois. oc20

WELCH'S EASTERN Carriage Repository, 52 and 54 Franklin street, (between Lake and Randolph,) Chicago, Ill. Keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of new and second-hand Carriages of all styles. Carriages stored, or sold on commission. [ly29-1y-d597] F. W. WELCH.

PRESS AND TR
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DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AN
EDITORS AND PUBLI
John L. Scripps, Ch
William Bross, Jo
Alfred Cowles.
OFFICE NO. 51 CLARI

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"CAPT." COO

The N. Y. *Herald's* Richmond
is informed that "it is the intenti
"the Harper's Ferry rebel, i
"States District Court for that
"course has been determined up
"to compel the attendance of
"ley, Wilson, Howe and the ot
"who are suspected of compl
"late insurrection. If, in the p
"trial, their guilt as aiders or
"be established, the probability
"will be assigned positions in th
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"led to the majority of them
"forward as witnesses." Of co
bosh—if for no other reason, be
of the first principles of law t
cannot be compelled to give
demning or implicating himself
the federal authorities would
their heads all day against the
Harper's Ferry arsenal than b
Greeley and Wilson" on the
there is no doubt a little smoke
obscure the doings of Gov. Willar
in behalf of his brother-in-law,
days ago we were told that Wil
arrangements for a *confession* fro
of course that culprit would be
on penalty of trial, conviction
He might afford to sign
should be presented to hi
terms, and thus secure to
face Governor of Indiana an
ocratic Governor of Virginia all
ital which they have failed to ext
trial of Brown. Cook's antecede
alternately of the "Kickapoo
the "Lawrence Stubbs" in K
seem to furnish the best groun
operation of this kind. His loo
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those can testify to, who saw hi
in the fall of 1856, warrant "Mo
Disclosures," in the largest kind
his confession shall emerge from G
pocket.

Would it not be amusing if th
connected with the Harper's Fer
escaping conviction, should be the
Democratic Governor? His chan
from a Circuit Court of Virginia
Court of the United States is sim
ing for escape under the color, o
tinge, of law; for no offence ha
mitted against the United States
not even one of the party which t
the armory. He ran away before
into close quarters with the autho

A PERFECTLY INDEP
TICKET.

On Wednesday evening a dozen
a score, of Democrats held a c
billiard saloon on Randolph stree
nated a *perfectly independent* ticke
and town officers, including the
of South, West and North Divisio
wards of the city. Prior to the
the ticket the plan of "nominating
ticket was discussed and voted in
It would result in the loss of
everything contended for, and add
to the prestige of defeat under
Democracy groans in this city.
dependent" dodge promised be
The nominations are nearly all
Democrats—a few bones being th
sons of mixed politics who are
time to declare for the side on wh
is buttered. The candidates a
"perfectly independent"—the De
or more inflexibly and conscienti
pendent" than the others!

The Rev. Geo. W. Ba
[Correspondence of the Press and T
OTTAWA,

The editor of the Chicago *Times* in co
letter of Geo. W. Bassett, as is him a Rep
that he has recently figured in Republican C
That is all false. Geo. W. Bassett has been
of the *Ultra* Abolitionists for the last 15
was at the head of the list of their elector
one Presidential election, and is always ha
old Brown himself.
Yours,

Remarks.—While deprecating t
employed by our correspondent,
that it is no evidence of sanity fo
Abolitionist to resort to the Chi
gasconading in behalf of its bold
sistency—when he wants to blo
against the Republican party. H
not of the dangerous sort, which
to print, and there are doubtles
papers issued here (daily or w
would make room for his effusi
him the necessity of flattering
defends the Dred Scott decision.

Going North or Sou

The Democratic objection to O
that he was running niggers *No*
South. It was simply the *directio*
was traveling the colored persons
ocracy take exceptions to. Ha
ning darkies out of Canada in
stead of *vice versa*, the chivalry wo
lug him to Congress rather than o

Illinois State Homœopathic
ciation.—Agreeably to announ
Society held its Fifth Annual M
sonville, Ill, on Wednesday and
The meeting is reported to have
than usually interesting nature;
ance, though not very large, w
respectable and intelligent sort
reports of the Scientific Commi
high order of merit, and certainly
increased zeal and practical eff
the working members.

The reports presented were as
Dr. Bradley, of Quincy, on Intermitte
Dr. Shirley, of Jacksonville, on Ther
the Mind.
Dr. S. P. Guilbert, of Dubuque, on Inf
Dr. E. A. Guilbert, of Dubuque, on Ch
Dr. George Lewis, of Lacon, on Clinica
Dr. Ludlam, of Chicago, Puerperal Fe
Dr. C. A. Jeger, of Elgin, Provings
Punctatum.

On Wednesday evening, the
body, visited the Insane Asylu
kindness was shown its member
Superintendent, Dr. Rhoads.

On Thursday they likewise vi
tutions for the Deaf and Dum
Treatment of the Insane.

Ten additional members we
Society during its session. Dr
of Carroll Co., was chosen Presi
suing year.

The Special Committees on Sci
to report at the next meeting, a
Dr. L. Pratt, of Carroll Co., on Chole
Dr. W. K. Palmer, of Carroll Co.,
stage.
Dr. C. A. Jeger, of Elgin, on Clinica
Dr. Jno. Moore, of New Rutland, on
Dr. W. Guilleh, of Chicago, on Va
the Causes of their Decay.
Dr. H. Bradley, of Quincy, on Mate
Dr. U. R. Fractier, of Warsaw, on P
Dr. L. C. Belding, of Carroll Co.—a
years experience—Allopathic and Hom
Dr. McCann Dunn, of Bloomington,
cal Theories.
Dr. R. Ludlam, of Chicago, on Infa
Dr. G. Y. Shirley, of Jacksonvill
Dr. M. M. L. Reed, of Jacksonvi
Crises, Stage and Type.

On Thursday evening, the
was pronounced in the M. E.
Ludlam, of this city. The s
dress was "Professional Earne
and its Benefits." The retiri
L. Pratt, read a brief but exc
upon "Moral Character as a
the Physician."

After these public services
and creditable banquet wa
Dunlap House, when the So
meet a year hence in Dixo
members separated again f
homes and spheres of labor.